

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended **June 30, 2026**

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

From the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number **001-38819**

**SUPER LEAGUE ENTERPRISE, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware**  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or  
organization)

**47-1990734**  
(IRS Employer Identification No.)

**2450 Colorado Ave., Suite 100E**  
**Santa Monica, California 90404**  
(Address of principal executive offices)

**Company: (213) 421-1920; Investor Relations: 203-741-8811**  
(Issuer's telephone number)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically on its corporate web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Sec.232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐  
Non-accelerated filer ☒

Accelerated filer ☐  
Smaller reporting company ☒  
Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

| Title of each class                       | Trading Symbol(s) | Name of each exchange on which registered |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share | SLE               | NASDAQ Capital Market                     |

As of August 11, 2026, there were 1,695,120 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$0.001 par value, issued and outstanding.

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

|                                                                                                               | <u>Page</u>        |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <br><a href="#">PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION</a>                                                             |                    |
| <a href="#">Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements</a>                                           | <a href="#">1</a>  |
| <a href="#">Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</a> | <a href="#">35</a> |
| <a href="#">Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</a>                            | <a href="#">54</a> |
| <a href="#">Item 4. Controls and Procedures</a>                                                               | <a href="#">55</a> |
| <br><a href="#">PART II. OTHER INFORMATION</a>                                                                |                    |
| <a href="#">Item 1. Legal Proceedings</a>                                                                     | <a href="#">55</a> |
| <a href="#">Item 1A. Risk Factors</a>                                                                         | <a href="#">55</a> |
| <a href="#">Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</a>                           | <a href="#">57</a> |
| <a href="#">Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities</a>                                                       | <a href="#">57</a> |
| <a href="#">Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures</a>                                                               | <a href="#">57</a> |
| <a href="#">Item 5. Other Information</a>                                                                     | <a href="#">57</a> |
| <a href="#">Item 6. Exhibits</a>                                                                              | <a href="#">58</a> |
| <a href="#">SIGNATURES</a>                                                                                    | <a href="#">59</a> |

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**PART I**  
**FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**ITEM 1. CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**SUPER LEAGUE ENTERPRISE, INC.**  
**CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS**

(In U.S. dollars, rounded to the nearest thousands, except share and per share data)

|                                                                                                                                                                                         | <b>June 30,<br/>2026<br/>(Unaudited)</b> | <b>December 31,<br/>2025</b> |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>                                                                                                                                                                           |                                          |                              |
| Current Assets                                                                                                                                                                          |                                          |                              |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                                                                                                                                               | \$ 1,127,000                             | \$ 14,390,000                |
| Marketable securities, available-for-sale                                                                                                                                               | 5,527,000                                | -                            |
| Accounts receivable, net                                                                                                                                                                | 1,573,000                                | 2,346,000                    |
| Contract assets                                                                                                                                                                         | 1,229,000                                | 107,000                      |
| Prepaid expense and other current assets                                                                                                                                                | 1,071,000                                | 1,369,000                    |
| Total current assets                                                                                                                                                                    | 10,527,000                               | 18,212,000                   |
| Investments - noncurrent                                                                                                                                                                | 402,000                                  | -                            |
| Property and equipment, net                                                                                                                                                             | 4,000                                    | 8,000                        |
| Intangible assets, net                                                                                                                                                                  | 3,174,000                                | 1,785,000                    |
| Goodwill                                                                                                                                                                                | 4,651,000                                | 1,864,000                    |
| Total assets                                                                                                                                                                            | <u>\$ 18,758,000</u>                     | <u>\$ 21,869,000</u>         |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>                                                                                                                                             |                                          |                              |
| Current Liabilities                                                                                                                                                                     |                                          |                              |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses                                                                                                                                                   | \$ 4,190,000                             | \$ 3,614,000                 |
| Accrued contingent consideration                                                                                                                                                        | 973,000                                  | -                            |
| Contract liabilities                                                                                                                                                                    | 539,000                                  | 566,000                      |
| Total current liabilities                                                                                                                                                               | 5,702,000                                | 4,180,000                    |
| Deferred taxes                                                                                                                                                                          | 147,000                                  | 147,000                      |
| Warrant liability                                                                                                                                                                       | 4,000                                    | 8,000                        |
| Total liabilities                                                                                                                                                                       | <u>5,853,000</u>                         | <u>4,335,000</u>             |
| Commitments and Contingencies (Note 7)                                                                                                                                                  |                                          |                              |
| <b>Stockholders' Equity</b>                                                                                                                                                             |                                          |                              |
| Preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share; 10,000,000 shares authorized; zero and 98,636 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively       | -                                        | -                            |
| Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share; 750,000,000 shares authorized; 1,668,082 and 1,129,901 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively | 2,000                                    | 1,000                        |
| Additional paid-in capital                                                                                                                                                              | 312,214,000                              | 307,495,000                  |
| Accumulated deficit                                                                                                                                                                     | (299,231,000)                            | (289,962,000)                |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)                                                                                                                                           | (80,000)                                 | -                            |
| Total stockholders' equity                                                                                                                                                              | <u>12,905,000</u>                        | <u>17,534,000</u>            |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity                                                                                                                                              | <u>\$ 18,758,000</u>                     | <u>\$ 21,869,000</u>         |

See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

**SUPER LEAGUE ENTERPRISE, INC.**  
**CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**  
(Rounded to the nearest thousands, except share and per share data)  
(Unaudited)

|                                                                                      | <b>Three Months<br/>Ended June 30,</b> |                       | <b>Six Months<br/>Ended June 30,</b> |                       |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
|                                                                                      | <b>2026</b>                            | <b>2025</b>           | <b>2026</b>                          | <b>2025</b>           |
| <b>REVENUE</b>                                                                       | \$ 3,009,000                           | \$ 3,001,000          | \$ 6,012,000                         | \$ 5,719,000          |
| <b>COST OF REVENUE</b>                                                               | <u>1,765,000</u>                       | <u>1,692,000</u>      | <u>3,691,000</u>                     | <u>3,214,000</u>      |
| <b>GROSS PROFIT</b>                                                                  | 1,244,000                              | 1,309,000             | 2,321,000                            | 2,505,000             |
| <b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>                                                            |                                        |                       |                                      |                       |
| Selling, marketing and advertising                                                   | 1,737,000                              | 2,107,000             | 3,728,000                            | 4,499,000             |
| Engineering, technology and development                                              | 1,214,000                              | 694,000               | 1,882,000                            | 1,623,000             |
| General and administrative                                                           | 1,939,000                              | 1,653,000             | 4,516,000                            | 3,173,000             |
| Contingent consideration                                                             | -                                      | -                     | -                                    | (14,000)              |
| <b>Total operating expenses</b>                                                      | <u>4,890,000</u>                       | <u>4,454,000</u>      | <u>10,126,000</u>                    | <u>9,281,000</u>      |
| <b>NET OPERATING LOSS</b>                                                            | <u>(3,646,000)</u>                     | <u>(3,145,000)</u>    | <u>(7,805,000)</u>                   | <u>(6,776,000)</u>    |
| <b>OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)</b>                                                        |                                        |                       |                                      |                       |
| Interest income                                                                      | 49,000                                 | -                     | 139,000                              | -                     |
| Gain on sale of intangible assets                                                    | -                                      | 100,000               | -                                    | 343,000               |
| Change in fair value of warrant liability                                            | -                                      | 144,000               | 4,000                                | 861,000               |
| Write off of deferred financing costs                                                | (825,000)                              | -                     | (825,000)                            | -                     |
| Interest expense, including change in fair value of debt accounted for at fair value | -                                      | 181,000               | -                                    | (1,221,000)           |
| Other income (expense), net                                                          | 32,000                                 | (63,000)              | 46,000                               | (220,000)             |
| <b>Total other income (expense)</b>                                                  | <u>(744,000)</u>                       | <u>362,000</u>        | <u>(636,000)</u>                     | <u>(237,000)</u>      |
| <b>Loss before benefit from income taxes</b>                                         | (4,390,000)                            | (2,783,000)           | (8,441,000)                          | (7,013,000)           |
| Provision for income taxes                                                           | -                                      | -                     | -                                    | -                     |
| <b>NET LOSS</b>                                                                      | <u>\$ (4,390,000)</u>                  | <u>\$ (2,783,000)</u> | <u>\$ (8,441,000)</u>                | <u>\$ (7,013,000)</u> |
| <b>Net loss attributable to common stockholders - basic and diluted</b>              |                                        |                       |                                      |                       |
| Basic and diluted net loss per common share                                          | <u>\$ (2.70)</u>                       | <u>\$ (54.24)</u>     | <u>\$ (3.53)</u>                     | <u>\$ (160.74)</u>    |
| Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, basic and diluted              | <u>1,842,300</u>                       | <u>53,157</u>         | <u>2,622,281</u>                     | <u>44,257</u>         |
| <b>OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS</b>                                                      |                                        |                       |                                      |                       |
| Unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities                                     | (31,000)                               | -                     | (80,000)                             | -                     |
| <b>Total other comprehensive loss</b>                                                | <u>(31,000)</u>                        | <u>-</u>              | <u>(80,000)</u>                      | <u>-</u>              |
| <b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS</b>                                                      | <u>\$ (4,421,000)</u>                  | <u>\$ (2,783,000)</u> | <u>\$ (8,521,000)</u>                | <u>\$ (7,013,000)</u> |

See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

**SUPER LEAGUE ENTERPRISE, INC.**  
**CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)**  
(Rounded to the nearest thousands, except share and per share data)  
(Unaudited)

|                                                                          | <b>Three Months<br/>Ended June 30,</b> |                | <b>Six Months<br/>Ended June 30,</b> |                |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|
|                                                                          | <b>2026</b>                            | <b>2025</b>    | <b>2026</b>                          | <b>2025</b>    |
| <b>Preferred stock (Shares):</b>                                         |                                        |                |                                      |                |
| Balance, beginning of period                                             | 1,223                                  | 16,669         | 98,636                               | 17,499         |
| Conversion of Series A preferred stock to common stock                   | -                                      | -              | -                                    | -              |
| Conversion of Series AA preferred stock to common stock                  | (50)                                   | (60)           | (50)                                 | (840)          |
| Conversion of Series AAA preferred stock to common stock                 | (20)                                   | (100)          | (20)                                 | (150)          |
| Conversion of Series AAA Junior preferred stock to common stock          | -                                      | (83)           | (97,413)                             | (83)           |
| Conversion of Series C preferred stock to common stock                   | (1,153)                                | -              | (1,153)                              | -              |
| <b>Balance, end of period</b>                                            | <b>-</b>                               | <b>16,426</b>  | <b>-</b>                             | <b>16,426</b>  |
| <b>Preferred stock (Amount, at Par Value):</b>                           |                                        |                |                                      |                |
| Balance, beginning of period                                             | \$ -                                   | \$ -           | \$ -                                 | \$ -           |
| Conversion of Series A preferred stock to common stock                   | -                                      | -              | -                                    | -              |
| Conversion of Series AA preferred stock to common stock                  | -                                      | -              | -                                    | -              |
| Conversion of Series AAA preferred stock to common stock                 | -                                      | -              | -                                    | -              |
| Conversion of Series AAA Junior preferred stock to common stock          | -                                      | -              | -                                    | -              |
| Conversion of Series C preferred stock to common stock                   | -                                      | -              | -                                    | -              |
| <b>Balance, end of period</b>                                            | <b>\$ -</b>                            | <b>\$ -</b>    | <b>\$ -</b>                          | <b>\$ -</b>    |
| <b>Common stock (Shares):</b>                                            |                                        |                |                                      |                |
| Balance, beginning of period                                             | 1,466,623                              | 37,145         | 1,129,901                            | 33,801         |
| Exercise of October 2025 PIPE prefunded warrants                         | 139,167                                | -              | 329,011                              | -              |
| Issuances of common stock, net of issuance costs                         | -                                      | 33,133         | -                                    | 33,129         |
| Common stock issued in connection with ELOC, including commitment shares | -                                      | -              | -                                    | 1,494          |
| Commitment Shares – ELOC                                                 | -                                      | -              | -                                    | 625            |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with Melon Acquisition            | -                                      | 75             | -                                    | 75             |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with Super Biz Acquisition        | -                                      | -              | -                                    | 547            |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with Misfits Transaction          | 26,768                                 | -              | 26,768                               | -              |
| Preferred stock dividends paid – common stock                            | -                                      | 658            | 34,575                               | 663            |
| Conversion of Series A preferred stock                                   | -                                      | -              | -                                    | 147            |
| Conversion of Series AA preferred stock                                  | 596                                    | 67             | 596                                  | 67             |
| Conversion of Series AAA preferred stock                                 | 238                                    | 125            | 238                                  | 187            |
| Conversion of Series AAA Junior preferred stock                          | -                                      | 139            | 1,655                                | 139            |
| Issuance of fractional shares – January 2026 Reverse Split               | -                                      | -              | 59,032                               | -              |
| Stock-based compensation                                                 | 34,690                                 | 2,362          | 81,980                               | 2,827          |
| Issuance of common stock – Hide or OOF!                                  | -                                      | -              | 4,326                                | -              |
| Other                                                                    | -                                      | 25             | -                                    | 28             |
| <b>Balance, end of period</b>                                            | <b>1,668,082</b>                       | <b>73,729</b>  | <b>1,668,082</b>                     | <b>73,729</b>  |
| <b>Common stock (Amount):</b>                                            |                                        |                |                                      |                |
| Balance, beginning of period                                             | \$ 2,000                               | \$ -           | \$ 1,000                             | \$ -           |
| Exercise of October 2025 PIPE prefunded warrants                         | -                                      | -              | 1,000                                | -              |
| Issuances of common stock, net of issuance costs                         | -                                      | -              | -                                    | -              |
| Reverse stock split                                                      | -                                      | -              | -                                    | -              |
| Common stock issued in connection with ELOC, including commitment shares | -                                      | -              | -                                    | -              |
| Conversion of Series A, AA and AAA preferred stock                       | -                                      | -              | -                                    | -              |
| Preferred stock dividends paid – common stock                            | -                                      | -              | -                                    | -              |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with Melon Acquisition            | -                                      | -              | -                                    | -              |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with Super Biz Acquisition        | -                                      | -              | -                                    | -              |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with Misfits Transaction          | -                                      | -              | -                                    | -              |
| Stock-based compensation                                                 | -                                      | -              | -                                    | -              |
| Issuance of common stock in settlement of legal matter                   | -                                      | -              | -                                    | -              |
| <b>Balance, end of period</b>                                            | <b>\$ 2,000</b>                        | <b>\$ -</b>    | <b>\$ 2,000</b>                      | <b>\$ -</b>    |
| <b>Additional paid-in-capital:</b>                                       |                                        |                |                                      |                |
| Balance, beginning of period                                             | \$ 308,856,000                         | \$ 270,805,000 | \$ 307,495,000                       | \$ 270,205,000 |
| Issuances of common stock, net of issuance costs                         | -                                      | 1,561,000      | (5,000)                              | 1,561,000      |
| Common stock issued in connection with ELOC                              | -                                      | -              | -                                    | 232,000        |
| Commitment Shares – ELOC                                                 | -                                      | -              | -                                    | 138,000        |
| Redemption of Series C preferred stock                                   | (1,349,000)                            | -              | (1,349,000)                          | -              |
| Preferred stock dividends paid – common stock                            | -                                      | 100,000        | 253,000                              | 101,000        |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with Melon Acquisition            | -                                      | 8,000          | -                                    | 8,000          |
| Deemed dividend - Down round                                             | 1,002,000                              | -              | 1,002,000                            | -              |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with Misfits Transaction          | 105,000                                | -              | 105,000                              | -              |
| Issuance of prefunded warrants in connection with Misfits Transaction    | 2,003,000                              | -              | 2,003,000                            | -              |
| Warrants issued in connection with Misfits Transaction                   | 642,000                                | -              | 642,000                              | -              |
| Stock-based compensation                                                 | 955,000                                | 327,000        | 2,031,000                            | 556,000        |

|                                                  |                         |                         |                         |                         |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Prepaid consultant costs and other               | -                       | 231,000                 | -                       | 231,000                 |
| Issuance of common stock – Hide or OOF!          | -                       | -                       | 37,000                  | -                       |
| <b>Balance, end of period</b>                    | <u>\$ 312,214,000</u>   | <u>\$ 273,032,000</u>   | <u>\$ 312,214,000</u>   | <u>\$ 273,032,000</u>   |
| <b>Accumulated Deficit:</b>                      |                         |                         |                         |                         |
| Balance, beginning of period                     | \$ (294,266,000)        | \$ (274,266,000)        | \$ (289,962,000)        | \$ (270,035,000)        |
| Preferred stock dividends paid – common stock    | -                       | (100,000)               | (253,000)               | (101,000)               |
| Deemed dividend – Series C redemption            | 427,000                 | -                       | 427,000                 | -                       |
| Deemed dividend – Down round                     | (1,002,000)             | -                       | (1,002,000)             | -                       |
| Net Loss                                         | (4,390,000)             | (2,783,000)             | (8,441,000)             | (7,013,000)             |
| <b>Balance, end of period</b>                    | <u>\$ (299,231,000)</u> | <u>\$ (277,149,000)</u> | <u>\$ (299,231,000)</u> | <u>\$ (277,149,000)</u> |
| <b>Other comprehensive loss:</b>                 |                         |                         |                         |                         |
| Balance, beginning of period                     | \$ (49,000)             | \$ -                    | \$ -                    | \$ -                    |
| Unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities | (31,000)                | -                       | (80,000)                | -                       |
| <b>Balance, end of period</b>                    | <u>(80,000)</u>         | <u>-</u>                | <u>(80,000)</u>         | <u>-</u>                |
| <b>Total stockholders' (deficit) equity</b>      | <u>\$ 12,905,000</u>    | <u>\$ (4,117,000)</u>   | <u>\$ 12,905,000</u>    | <u>\$ (4,117,000)</u>   |

See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

**SUPER LEAGUE ENTERPRISE, INC.**  
**CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
(Rounded to the nearest thousands)  
(Unaudited)

|                                                                                              | <b>Six Months<br/>Ended June 30,</b> |                    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|
|                                                                                              | <b>2026</b>                          | <b>2025</b>        |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>                                                  |                                      |                    |
| Net loss                                                                                     | \$ (8,441,000)                       | \$ (7,013,000)     |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:                  |                                      |                    |
| Depreciation and amortization                                                                | 1,548,000                            | 1,091,000          |
| Stock-based compensation                                                                     | 2,070,000                            | 759,000            |
| Write off of noncash deferred financing costs                                                | 600,000                              | -                  |
| Change in fair value of warrant liability                                                    | (4,000)                              | (861,000)          |
| Amortization/accretion of premiums and discounts on available-for-sale securities, net       | (21,000)                             | -                  |
| Change in fair value of contingent consideration                                             | -                                    | (91,000)           |
| Change in fair value of debt                                                                 | -                                    | 392,000            |
| Gain on sale of Mineville Assets                                                             | -                                    | (152,000)          |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities:                                                 |                                      |                    |
| Accounts receivable and contract assets                                                      | (349,000)                            | 773,000            |
| Prepaid expense and other current assets                                                     | (344,000)                            | (74,000)           |
| Accounts payable and accrued expense                                                         | 261,000                              | 103,000            |
| Contract liabilities                                                                         | (27,000)                             | 986,000            |
| Accrued interest on available-for-sale securities                                            | (17,000)                             | -                  |
| Accrued interest on note payable                                                             | -                                    | 92,000             |
| <b>Net cash used in operating activities</b>                                                 | <b>(4,724,000)</b>                   | <b>(3,995,000)</b> |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>                                                  |                                      |                    |
| Cash paid in connection with Misfits Transaction                                             | (1,500,000)                          | -                  |
| Cash paid in connection with Bounce Acquisition                                              | (100,000)                            | -                  |
| Investment in Roblox digital property                                                        | (165,000)                            | -                  |
| Investment in Solsten Inc.                                                                   | (200,000)                            | -                  |
| Investment in marketable securities, available-for-sale                                      | (8,982,000)                          | -                  |
| Proceeds from sale of marketable securities, available-for-sale                              | 3,395,000                            | -                  |
| Proceeds from sale of Mineville Assets                                                       | -                                    | 350,000            |
| Proceeds from sale of Minehut Assets                                                         | -                                    | 656,000            |
| Capitalization of software development costs                                                 | (40,000)                             | (200,000)          |
| Other purchases of intangible assets                                                         | (25,000)                             | (10,000)           |
| <b>Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities</b>                                   | <b>(7,617,000)</b>                   | <b>796,000</b>     |
| <b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>                                                  |                                      |                    |
| Redemption of Series C preferred stock                                                       | (922,000)                            | -                  |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs                                | -                                    | 1,945,000          |
| Proceeds from notes payable, net of debt issuance costs                                      | -                                    | 4,011,000          |
| Payments on notes payable                                                                    | -                                    | (3,518,000)        |
| Advances from accounts receivable facility                                                   | -                                    | 429,000            |
| Payments on accounts receivable facility                                                     | -                                    | (453,000)          |
| Contingent consideration payments – Super Biz Acquisition                                    | -                                    | (50,000)           |
| <b>Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities</b>                                   | <b>(922,000)</b>                     | <b>2,364,000</b>   |
| <b>NET DECREASE IN CASH</b>                                                                  | <b>(13,263,000)</b>                  | <b>(835,000)</b>   |
| <b>Cash and Cash Equivalents – beginning of period</b>                                       | <b>14,390,000</b>                    | <b>1,310,000</b>   |
| <b>Cash and Cash Equivalents – end of period</b>                                             | <b>\$ 1,127,000</b>                  | <b>\$ 475,000</b>  |
| Cash paid for interest                                                                       | \$ -                                 | \$ 1,274,000       |
| <b>SUPPLEMENTAL NONCASH, INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>                              |                                      |                    |
| Common stock issued in connection with Misfits Transaction                                   | \$ 105,000                           | \$ -               |
| Misfits Prefunded Warrants and Misfits Warrant issued in connection with Misfits Transaction | 2,645,000                            | -                  |
| Common stock issued - Investment in Roblox digital property                                  | 37,000                               | -                  |
| Commitment shares issued in connection with ELOC                                             | -                                    | 159,000            |
| Common stock issued in connection with Super Biz Note                                        | -                                    | 336,000            |
| Common stock issued in connection with Melon Contingent Consideration                        | -                                    | 8,000              |

See accompanying notes to condensed financial statements.

**SUPER LEAGUE ENTERPRISE, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(Unaudited)**

## **1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS**

Super League Enterprise Inc. (“Super League” or the “Company”) (Nasdaq: SLE) connects brands with the 3.5 billion-person global gaming population through advertising and branded content programs across gaming and digital media platforms. The Company generates revenue by executing these programs through proprietary interactive formats, creator content, immersive experiences, data-driven insights, and strategic campaign services to improve marketing performance. By translating player behavior into actionable intelligence, Super League serves as a trusted partner that enables brands to more effectively influence consumers who play video games, positioning the Company to capture a greater share of advertising spend over time.

Super League was incorporated on October 1, 2014 as Nth Games, Inc. under the laws of the State of Delaware and changed its name to Super League Gaming, Inc. on June 15, 2015, and to Super League Enterprise, Inc. on September 11, 2023.

*Reverse Split.* On January 16, 2026, the Company filed an amendment (the “2026 Amendment”) to the Company’s Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, to effect a reverse stock split of the Company’s issued and outstanding shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share at a ratio of 1-for-12 (the “2026 Reverse Split”). The 2026 Amendment became effective on January 23, 2026. As a result of the 2026 Reverse Split, every 12 shares of the Company’s issued and outstanding common stock was automatically combined and converted into one issued and outstanding share of common stock. Refer to Note 6 for additional information on reverse stock splits.

As a result of the 2026 Reverse Split, all references to common stock, warrants to purchase common stock and other rights, options to purchase common stock, restricted stock, share data, per share data and related information contained in the financial statements (hereinafter, “financial statements”) have been retroactively adjusted to reflect the effect of the 2026 Reverse Split for all periods presented.

References to “financial statements,” “balance sheets,” “statements of comprehensive income (loss),” “statements of cash flows,” and “statements of stockholders’ equity,” refer to the “consolidated financial statements,” “consolidated balance sheets,” “consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss),” “consolidated statements of cash flows” and “consolidated statements of stockholders’ equity,” respectively, of the Company, including the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, if any. As of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, there were no wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company. The legal entity Mobcrush Streaming, Inc. was dissolved effective May 14, 2025. InPvP, LLC was sold in May 2025.

All references to “common stock” refer to the Company’s common stock, par value \$0.001 per share.

All references to “Note,” followed by a number reference, refer to the applicable corresponding numbered footnotes to these financial statements.

In October 2025, the Company entered into Securities Purchase Agreements (the “PIPE Purchase Agreement”) with certain accredited investors, relating to the Company’s offering of an aggregate of (a) 332,084 shares (the “PIPE Shares”) of the Company’s common stock, at a price per share equal to \$12.00 and (b) Pre-Funded Warrants to purchase 1,334,584 shares of common stock (the “PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants”) at a price per PIPE Pre-Funded Warrant equal to same price as that for PIPE Shares minus \$0.00001, and the remaining exercise price of each PIPE Pre-Funded Warrant will equal \$0.00001 per share, for gross proceeds to the Company of approximately \$20,000,000, before deducting offering costs and expenses (as referenced herein, “October 2025 PIPE”).

## **2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

### ***Basis of Presentation***

The accompanying condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 8-03 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP in annual financial statements have been omitted or condensed in accordance with quarterly reporting requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). These interim condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025 included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025, as amended (amended to present the information required by Items 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14 of Part III of the Original Filing in reliance on General Instruction G(3) to Form 10-K, which provides that registrants may incorporate by reference certain information from a definitive proxy statement filed with the SEC within 120 days after fiscal year end), filed with the SEC on March 31, 2026.



The December 31, 2025 condensed balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP. The condensed financial statements of Super League include all adjustments of a normal recurring nature which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair statement of Super League's financial position as of June 30, 2026, and results of its operations and its cash flows for the interim periods presented. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the entire fiscal year, or any future period.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$1.1 million and \$14.4 million at June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively. As of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, short term investments, which were comprised of direct investments in highly liquid, AA and A-1+ rated, U.S. government securities with a weighted average maturity of three years, totaled \$5.5 million and \$0, respectively. The change in cash and cash equivalents for the periods presented reflects the impact of operating, investing and financing cash flow related activities as described below.

We have historically incurred net losses and negative cash flows from operating activities and may continue to incur net losses and negative cash flows from operating activities as we execute our business strategy. For the six months ended June 30, 2026, we incurred a net loss of \$8.4 million and used \$4.7 million of cash in operating activities. Net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2026 included \$4.2 million of noncash charges, including noncash intangible asset amortization totaling \$1.5 million, noncash stock compensation totaling \$2.1 million and noncash deferred financing costs of \$600,000. Excluding noncash charges and credits, our net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2026 was \$4.2 million.

Since approximately May 2024, the Company implemented a number of operating expense reduction initiatives designed to decrease future operating cash outflows. These actions included workforce optimization, vendor contract renegotiations, reduced discretionary spending, and restructuring of non-core activities. Excluding noncash charges, these operating expense reductions resulted in a decrease in operating expense of 15% and 12% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. Excluding noncash charges, these operating expense reductions resulted in a decrease in operating expense of approximately 28% for the year ended December 31, 2025 compared to the year ended December 31, 2024.

Our principal uses of liquidity are expected to include funding our operations, including personnel costs, technology and infrastructure costs, working capital requirements, capital expenditures and other general corporate purposes.

We regularly evaluate our liquidity requirements, including our expected operating expenses, capital requirements and contractual obligations, based on our current operating plans and expectations. Based on our current working capital, operating plan and forecasted cash requirements, we believe that our existing cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities will be sufficient to meet our working capital requirements, anticipated capital expenditures and other cash requirements for at least the next 12 months from the date of issuance of these financial statements.

Our estimates of future cash requirements and available liquidity are based on estimates and assumptions and our actual cash requirements may differ materially from our current expectations. Our future capital requirements will depend on numerous factors, including our operating performance, the timing and extent of expenditures in support of our business strategy, our ability to generate revenue and cash flows from operations, and other factors described under "Risk Factors." We may from time to time seek additional financing through the issuance of equity or debt securities or other financing arrangements to support our business strategy or for other corporate purposes. However, our current operating plan does not depend upon obtaining additional financing to meet our obligations for at least the next 12 months from the date of issuance of these financial statements.

### **Principles of Consolidation**

The condensed financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, if any. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation, if any. As of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the Company had no wholly owned subsidiaries. Mobcrush Streaming, Inc. was dissolved effective May 14, 2025. InPvP, LLC was sold in May 2025.

### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expense during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. The Company believes that, of the significant accounting policies described herein, the accounting policies associated with revenue recognition, impairment of intangibles assets, including goodwill, stock-based compensation expense, accounting for business combinations and related contingent consideration, accounting for debt, including estimates and assumptions used to calculate the fair value of debt instruments, accounting for debt modifications, exchanges and extinguishments, accounting for derivatives, including estimates and assumptions used to calculate the fair value of derivative instruments, accounting for convertible preferred stock, including modifications and exchanges of equity and equity-linked instruments, accounting for warrant liabilities and accounting for income taxes and valuation allowances against net deferred tax assets, require its most difficult, subjective, or complex judgements.

## ***Revenue Recognition***

Revenue is recognized when the Company transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services and when the customer obtains control of the goods or services. In this regard, revenue is recognized when (i) the parties to the contract have approved the contract (in writing, orally, or in accordance with other customary business practices) and are committed to perform their respective obligations; (ii) the entity can identify each party's rights regarding the goods or services to be transferred; (iii) the entity can identify the payment terms for the goods or services to be transferred; (iv) the contract has commercial substance (that is, the risk, timing, or amount of the entity's future cash flows is expected to change as a result of the contract); and (v) it is probable that the entity will collect substantially all of the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the goods or services that will be transferred to the customer.

Transaction prices are based on the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties, if any. The Company considers the explicit terms of the revenue contract, which are typically written and executed by the parties, the Company's customary business practices, the nature, timing, and the amount of consideration promised by a customer in connection with determining the transaction price for the Company's revenue arrangements. Refunds and sales returns historically have not been material.

The Company generates revenue from brands and agencies by executing programs targeting U.S. audiences that include (i) mini-games and experiences within Roblox, Minecraft, and Fortnite, (ii) playable and rewarded video ads in mobile and immersive environments, (iii) in-game ads across mobile and PC, (iv) connected TV gaming applications and sponsorships, (v) custom integrations within games, (vi) interactive characters, and (vii) influencer content across social and digital video platforms. An additional emerging revenue source includes participation in revenue generated by select game properties.

The Company reports revenue on a gross or net basis based on management's assessment of whether the Company acts as a principal or agent in the transaction and is evaluated on a transaction-by-transaction basis. To the extent the Company acts as the principal, revenue is reported on a gross basis net of any sales tax from customers, when applicable. The determination of whether the Company acts as a principal or an agent in a transaction is based on an evaluation of whether the Company controls the goods or services prior to transfer to the customer. Where applicable, the Company has determined that it acts as the principal in all of its media and advertising, publishing and content studio and direct to consumer revenue streams, except in situations where the Company utilizes a reseller partner with respect to media and advertising sales arrangements.

In the event a customer pays the Company consideration, or the Company has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional, prior to the Company's transfer of a good or service to the customer, the Company reflects the contract as a contract liability when the payment is made or the payment is due, whichever is earlier. In the event the Company performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, the Company reflects the contract as a contract asset, excluding any amounts reflected as a receivable.

Depending on the complexity of the underlying revenue arrangement and related terms and conditions, significant judgements, assumptions and estimates may be required to determine each party's rights regarding the goods or services to be transferred, each party's performance obligations, whether performance obligations are satisfied at a point in time or over time, estimates of completion methodologies, the timing of satisfaction of performance obligations, whether we are a principal or agent in the arrangement and the appropriate period or periods in which, or during which, the completion of the earnings process and transfer of control occurs. Depending on the magnitude of specific revenue arrangements, if different judgements, assumptions and estimates are made regarding revenue arrangements in any specific period, the Company's periodic financial results may be materially affected.

## ***Media and Advertising***

Media and advertising revenue primarily consists of direct and reseller sales of the Company's on-platform media (including off-platform media) and analytics products, and influencer marketing campaign sales to third-party brands and agencies (hereinafter, "Brands").

### ***On Platform Media***

On platform media revenue is generated from third party Brands advertising in-game on Roblox, Minecraft or other digital platforms. Media assets include static billboards, video billboards, portals, 3D characters, Pop Ups and other media products. The Company works with Brands to determine the specific campaign media to deploy, target ad units and target demographics. The Company customizes the media advertising campaign and media products with applicable branding, images and design and place the media on the various digital platforms. Media is delivered via the Company's Super Biz Roblox platform, the Roblox Immersive Ads platform, other platforms, and prior to the Minehut Sale, on the Company's owned and operated Minehut platform. Media placement can be based on a cost per thousand, other cost per measure, or a flat fee. Media and advertising arrangements typically include contract terms for time periods ranging from one week to two or three months in length.

For on-platform media campaigns, the Company typically inserts media products on-platform (in-game) to deliver to the Brand a predetermined number of impressions identified in the underlying contract. The benefit accrues to the Brand at the time that the Company delivers the impression on the platform, and the media product is viewed or interacted with by the on-platform user. The performance obligation for on-platform media campaigns is each impression that is guaranteed or required to be delivered per the underlying contract. Each impression is considered a good or service that is distinct under the revenue standard, and the performance obligation under the Company's on-platform media contracts is the delivery of a series of impressions. Each impression required to be delivered in the series that the Company promises to transfer to the Brand meets the criteria to be a performance obligation satisfied over time, due to the fact that (1) the Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Company, and (2) the Company has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date per the terms of the contract. Further, the same method is used to measure the Company's progress toward complete satisfaction of the performance obligation to transfer each distinct impression, as in the transfer of the series of impressions to the customer, which is based on actual delivery of impressions. As such, the Company accounts for the specified series of impressions as a single performance obligation.

The delivery of the impression on platform represents the change in control of the good or service, and therefore, the Company satisfies its performance obligations and recognizes revenue based on the delivery of impressions under the contract.

### ***Influencer Marketing***

Influencer marketing revenue is generated in connection with the development, management and execution of influencer marketing campaigns on behalf of Brands, primarily on YouTube, Instagram and TikTok. Influencer marketing campaigns are collaborations between Super League, popular social-media influencers, and Brands, to promote a Brands' products or services. Influencers are paid a flat rate per post to feature a Brand's product or service on their respective social media outlets.

For influencer marketing campaigns that include multiple influencers, the customer can benefit from the influencer posts either on its own or together with other resources that are readily available to the customer. The Company's influencer marketing campaigns for Brands (1) incorporate a significant service of integrating the goods or services with other goods or services promised in the contract (typically additional influencer posts) into a bundle of goods or services that represent the combined output that the customer has contracted for, and (2) the goods or services are interdependent in that each of the goods or services is affected by one or more of the other goods or services in the contract which combined, create an influencer marketing campaign to satisfy the Brand's specific campaign objectives. The interdependency of the

performance obligations is supported by an understanding of what a customer expects to receive as a final product with respect to an influencer marketing campaign, which is an integrated influencer marketing advertising campaign that the influencer posts create when they are combined into an overall integrated campaign.

## [Table of Contents](#)

Our customers receive and consume the benefits of each influencer's post as the content is posted on the influencer's respective social media outlet. In addition, the influencer marketing campaigns and videos created by influencers are highly customized advertising engagements, where Brand specific assets and collateral are created for the customer based on specific and customized specifications, and therefore, does not create an asset with an alternative use. Further, based on contract terms, the Company typically has an enforceable right to payment for performance to date during the term of the arrangement.

We recognize revenues for influencer marketing campaigns based on input methods which recognize revenue on the basis of the entity's efforts or inputs to the satisfaction of a performance obligation relative to the total expected inputs to the satisfaction of that performance obligation. As such, revenues are recognized over the term of the campaign, as the influencer videos are posted, based on costs incurred to date relative to total costs for the influencer marketing campaign.

### *Publishing and Content Studio*

Publishing and content studio revenue consists of revenue generated from immersive game development and custom game experiences within the Company's owned and affiliate game worlds, and revenue generated in connection with the Company's production, curation and distribution of entertainment content for the Company's own network of digital channels and media and entertainment partner channels.

### *Publishing*

Custom builds are highly customized branded game experiences created and built by Super League for customers on existing digital platforms such as Roblox, Fortnite, Decentraland and others. Custom builds often include the creation of highly customized and branded gaming experiences and other campaign specific media or products to create an overall customized immersive world campaign.

Custom integrations are highly customized advertising campaigns that are integrated into and run on existing affiliate Roblox gaming experiences. Custom integrations will often include the creation of highly customized and branded game integration elements to be integrated into the existing Roblox gaming experience to the customers specifications and other campaign-specific media or products.

Our custom builds and custom integration (hereinafter, "Custom Programs") campaign revenue arrangements typically include multiple promises and performance obligations, including requirements to design, create and launch a platform game, customize and enhance an existing game, deploy media products, and related performance measurement. Custom Programs offer a strategically integrated advertising campaign with multiple integrated components, and the Company provides a significant service of integrating the goods or services with other goods or services promised in the contract into a bundle of goods or services that represent the combined output or outputs that the customer has contracted for. As such, Custom Program revenue arrangements are combined into a single performance unit, as the Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the entity and the Company typically has an enforceable right to payment for performance to date during the term of the arrangement.

We recognize revenues for Custom Programs based on input methods, that recognize revenue based upon estimates of progress toward complete satisfaction of the contract performance obligations, utilizing primarily costs or direct labor hours incurred to date to estimate progress towards completion.

### *Content Production*

Content production revenue is generated in connection with the Company's production, curation and distribution of entertainment content for the Company's own network of digital channels and media and entertainment partner channels. The Company distributes three primary types of content for syndication and licensing, including (1) the Company's own original programming content, (2) user generated content ("UGC"), including online gameplay and gameplay highlights, and (3) the creation of content for third parties utilizing the Company's remote production and broadcast technology.

Content production arrangements typically involve promises to provide a distinct set of videos, creative, content creation and/or other live or remote production services. These services can be one-off in nature (relatively short services periods of one day to one week) or can be specified as monthly services over a multi-month period.

One-off and monthly content production services are distinct in that the customer can benefit from the service either on its own or together with other resources that are readily available to the customer. Further, promises to provide one-off or monthly content production services are typically separately identifiable as the nature of the promises, within the context of the contract, is to transfer each of those goods or services individually. Each month's content production services are separate and not integrated with a prior month's or subsequent month's services and do not represent a combined output; each month's content production services do not modify any other prior period content production services, and the monthly services are not interdependent or highly interrelated.

[Table of Contents](#)

As a result, each one-off or monthly promise to provide content production services is a distinct good or service that the Company promises to transfer and are therefore performance obligations. In general, content production contracts do not meet the criteria for recognition of revenues over time as the customer typically does not simultaneously receive and consume the benefits provided by the Company's performance as the Company performs, the Company's performance does not typically create or enhance an asset that the customer controls, and while the Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use, the Company typically has a right to payment upon completion of each distinct performance obligation.

A performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time if none of the criteria for satisfying a performance obligation over time are met. For content production arrangements, the Company has a right to payment and the customer has control of the good or service at the time of completion and delivery of the one-off or monthly content production services in accordance with the terms of the underlying contract. As such, revenue is recognized at the time of completion of the one-off or monthly content production services.

#### *Direct to Consumer*

Direct to consumer revenue primarily consists of monthly digital subscription fees, and sales of in-game digital goods. Subscription revenue is recognized in the period the services are rendered. Payments are typically due from customers at the point of sale.

Refer to Note 3, "Sale of Mineville" below for information concerning the sale of the related digital property in May 2025.

*InPvP Platform Generated Sales Transactions.* Through a relationship with Microsoft, the owner of Minecraft, the Company operated a Minecraft server world for players playing the game on consoles and tablets. The Company was one of seven partner servers with Microsoft that, while "free to play," monetize the players through in-game micro transactions. The Company generated in-game platform sales revenue from the sale of digital goods, including cosmetic items, durable goods, player ranks and game modes, leveraged the flexibility of the Microsoft Minecraft Bedrock platform, and powered by the InPvP cloud architecture technology platform. Revenue was generated when transactions were facilitated between Microsoft and the end user, either via in-game currency or cash.

InPvP revenues were generated from single transactions for various distinct digital goods sold to users in-game. Microsoft processed sales transactions and remitted the applicable revenue share to the Company pursuant to the terms of the Microsoft agreement.

Revenue for digital goods sold on the platform was recognized when Microsoft (our partner) collected the revenue and facilitated the transaction, including delivery of digital goods, on the platform. Revenue for such arrangements included all revenue generated, make goods, and refunds of all transactions managed via the platform by Microsoft. Payments were made to the Company monthly based on the sales revenue generated on the platform.

Revenue was comprised of the following for the periods presented:

|                               | <b>Three Months<br/>Ended June 30,</b> |                     | <b>Six Months<br/>Ended June 30,</b> |                     |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|
|                               | <b>2026</b>                            | <b>2025</b>         | <b>2026</b>                          | <b>2025</b>         |
| Media and advertising         | \$ 1,416,000                           | \$ 1,476,000        | \$ 3,126,000                         | \$ 2,748,000        |
| Publishing and content studio | 1,593,000                              | 1,391,000           | 2,886,000                            | 2,658,000           |
| Direct to consumer            | -                                      | 134,000             | -                                    | 313,000             |
|                               | <u>\$ 3,009,000</u>                    | <u>\$ 3,001,000</u> | <u>\$ 6,012,000</u>                  | <u>\$ 5,719,000</u> |
| <b>Revenue Recognition:</b>   |                                        |                     |                                      |                     |
| Single point in time          | 47%                                    | 42%                 | 52%                                  | 41%                 |
| Over time                     | 53%                                    | 58%                 | 48%                                  | 59%                 |
| Total                         | <u>100%</u>                            | <u>100%</u>         | <u>100%</u>                          | <u>100%</u>         |

Contract assets totaled \$1,229,000 at June 30, 2026, \$107,000 at December 31, 2025 and \$372,000 at December 31, 2024. Contract liabilities totaled \$539,000 at June 30, 2026, \$566,000 at December 31, 2025, and \$50,000 at December 31, 2024.

|                                                                                                 | <b>Three Months<br/>Ended June 30,</b> |             | <b>Six Months<br/>Ended June 30,</b> |             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|
|                                                                                                 | <b>2026</b>                            | <b>2025</b> | <b>2026</b>                          | <b>2025</b> |
| Revenue recognized related to contract liabilities as of the beginning of the respective period | \$ 30,000                              | \$ 10,000   | \$ 462,000                           | \$ 10,000   |

In accordance with ASC 606-10-50-13, the Company is required to include disclosure on its remaining performance obligations as of the end of the current reporting period. Due to the nature of the Company's contracts with customers, these reporting requirements are not applicable pursuant to ASC 606-10-50-14, as the performance obligations are part of contracts that have original durations of one year or less.

### *Seasonality*

Our revenue may fluctuate quarterly and is historically higher in the second half of our fiscal year. Advertising spending is traditionally seasonally strong in the second half of each year, reflecting the impact of seasonal back to school and holiday season advertising spending by brands and advertisers. We believe that this seasonality in advertising spending affects our quarterly results, which generally reflect relatively higher advertising revenue in the second half of each year, compared to the first half of the year.

### *Cost of Revenues*

Cost of revenues includes direct costs incurred in connection with the satisfaction of performance obligations under the Company's revenue arrangements, including internal and third-party engineering, creative, content, broadcast and other personnel, talent and influencers, internal and third-party game developers, third-party ad-platform, content capture and production services, direct marketing, cloud services, software, prizing, and revenue sharing fees.

### *Engineering, Technology and Development Costs*

Components of our platform are available on a "free to use," "always on basis," and are utilized and offered as an audience acquisition tool, as a means of growing our audience, engagement, viewership, players and community. Engineering, technology and development related operating expense includes the costs described below, incurred in connection with our audience acquisition and viewership expansion activities. Engineering, technology and development related operating expense includes (i) allocated internal engineering personnel expense, including salaries, noncash stock compensation, taxes and benefits, (ii) third-party contract software development and engineering expense, (iii) internal use software cost amortization expense, and (iv) technology platform related cloud services, broadband and other platform expense, incurred in connection with our audience acquisition and viewership expansion activities, including tools and product offering development, testing, minor upgrades and features, free to use services, corporate information technology and general platform maintenance and support.

### *Cash and Cash Equivalents*

The Company considers all highly-liquid, short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. At June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, cash and cash equivalents balance totaled \$1.1 million and \$14.4 million, respectively. At June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, cash equivalents were comprised solely of investments in highly-liquid U.S. treasury bills and money market funds, valued based on quoted market prices, a Level 1 input.

### *Investments in Marketable Securities*

Investments in securities with original maturities of greater than three months and less than one year and other investments representing amounts that are available for current operations are classified as short-term investments, unless there are indications that such investments may not be readily sold in the short term. The fair values of these investments approximate their carrying values.

As of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, short term investments, which were comprised of direct investments in highly liquid, AA and A-1+ rated, U.S. government securities with a weighted average maturity of three years, totaled \$5.5 million (with an amortized cost basis of \$5.6 million and \$0, respectively) and \$0, respectively. At June 30, 2026, all of the Company's investments were classified as available-for-sale, which are reported at fair value on a recurring basis using significant observable inputs (Level 1), with related unrealized gains and losses in the value of such securities recorded as a separate component of other comprehensive income (loss) in stockholders' equity until realized. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are recorded based on the specific identification method. Interest on all securities is included in interest income (loss) in the statements of operations.

### *Accounts Receivable*

Accounts receivable are recorded at the invoice amount, less allowances for credit losses, if any, and do not bear interest. At each balance sheet date, the Company provides an allowance for potential credit losses based on its evaluation of the collectability and the customers' creditworthiness. The Company regularly reviews the allowance by considering factors such as the age of the receivable balances, historical experience, credit quality, current economic conditions, and reasonable forecasts of future economic conditions that may affect a customer's ability to pay. Accounts receivable are written off when they are determined to be uncollectible. As of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, no allowance for expected credit losses was deemed necessary.

### *Fair Value Measurements*

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The Company measures financial assets and liabilities at fair value at each reporting period using a fair value hierarchy which requires the Company to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. A financial instrument's classification within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Three levels of inputs may be used to measure fair value:

*Level 1.* Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

*Level 2.* Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or inputs other than quoted prices which are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly through market corroboration, for substantially the full term of the financial instruments.

*Level 3.* Unobservable inputs which are supported by little or no market activity and which are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Certain liabilities are required, or elected, to be recorded at fair value on a recurring basis in accordance with applicable guidance. As described in the notes below, certain promissory notes, contingent consideration, warrant liabilities and contingent interest derivatives outstanding during the periods presented are recorded at fair value. Transfers to/from Levels 1, 2, and 3 are recognized at the beginning of the reporting period. There were no transfers to/from Levels 1, 2, and 3 during the periods presented.

Certain long-lived assets may be periodically required to be measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, including long-lived assets that are impaired. The fair value for other assets and liabilities such as cash, restricted cash, accounts receivable, other receivables, prepaid expense and other current assets, accounts payable and accrued expense, and liabilities to customers have been determined to approximate carrying amounts due to the short maturities of these instruments.

#### ***Derivative Financial Instruments***

The Company evaluates its financial instruments to determine if such instruments are derivatives or contain features that qualify as embedded derivatives. For derivative financial instruments that are accounted for as liabilities, the derivative instrument is initially recorded at its fair value and is then re-valued at each reporting date, with changes in the fair value reported in the condensed statements of comprehensive income (loss). The classification of derivative instruments, including whether such instruments should be recorded as liabilities or as equity, is reassessed at the end of each reporting period. Equity instruments that are initially classified as equity that become subject to reclassification are reclassified to a liability at the fair value of the instrument on the reclassification date. Derivative instrument liabilities are classified in the condensed balance sheets as current or non-current based on whether or not net-cash settlement of the derivative instrument could be required within 12 months of the balance sheet date. In circumstances where the embedded conversion option in a convertible instrument is required to be bifurcated and there are also other embedded derivative instruments in the convertible instrument that are required to be bifurcated, the bifurcated derivative instruments are accounted for as a single, compound derivative instrument.

Equity-linked instruments that are deemed to be freestanding instruments issued in conjunction with preferred stock are accounted for separately. For equity linked instruments classified as equity, the proceeds are allocated based on the relative fair values of the preferred stock and the equity-linked instrument following the guidance in FASB ASC Topic 470, "Debt."

Certain of the Company's outstanding common stock purchase warrants contain contractual down-round provisions that reduce the exercise price of the applicable warrants in the event that the Company issues common stock or common stock equivalents at a price below the then-current exercise price, subject to the specific terms and limitations contained in the applicable warrant agreements. The existence of a contractual down-round feature does not, by itself, preclude equity classification. Accordingly, the Company's equity-classified warrants containing down-round provisions continue to be reported within stockholders' equity unless subsequent events or changes in the terms of the instruments require an alternative accounting treatment under applicable U.S. GAAP.

When a down-round feature is triggered, the Company accounts for the resulting exercise price adjustment in accordance with ASC 260, "Earnings Per Share," as amended by ASU 2017-11, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Down Round Features." Upon the occurrence of a triggering event, the Company measures the incremental fair value transferred to the warrant holders as the difference between the fair value of the warrants immediately after the exercise price adjustment and the fair value of the warrants immediately before the adjustment, measured as of the triggering date.

In general, the Company determines the fair value of the warrants using an option-pricing model, generally the Black-Scholes option-pricing model ("Black-Scholes"), utilizing assumptions that reflect market participant assumptions as of the measurement date in accordance with the fair value measurement objective of ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurement" ("ASC 820"). Significant valuation assumptions include, among others, the Company's common stock price, expected volatility, expected term, risk-free interest rate and expected dividend yield.

The incremental fair value resulting from the down-round adjustment is recognized as a deemed dividend within stockholders' equity. The deemed dividend does not affect the Company's consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss), or consolidated statements of cash flows. Instead, the deemed dividend reduces income available to common stockholders in the computation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share for the period in which the down-round feature is triggered.

## ***Acquisitions***

**Acquisition Method.** Acquisitions that meet the definition of a business under FASB ASC Topic 805, “Business Combinations” (“ASC 805”), are accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. Under the acquisition method of accounting, assets acquired, liabilities assumed, contractual contingencies, and contingent consideration, when applicable, are recorded at fair value at the acquisition date. Any excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. The application of the acquisition method of accounting requires management to make significant estimates and assumptions in the determination of the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in connection with the allocation of the purchase price consideration to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Transaction costs associated with business combinations are expensed as incurred and are included in general and administrative expense in the statements of comprehensive income (loss).

Contingent consideration, representing an obligation of the acquirer to transfer additional assets or equity interests to the seller if future events occur or conditions are met, is recognized when probable and reasonably estimable. Contingent consideration recognized is included in the initial cost of the assets acquired, with subsequent changes in the recorded amount of contingent consideration recognized as an adjustment to the cost basis of the acquired assets. Subsequent changes are allocated to the acquired assets based on their relative fair value. Depreciation and/or amortization of adjusted assets are recognized as a cumulative catch-up adjustment, as if the additional amount of consideration that is no longer contingent had been accrued from the outset of the arrangement.

Contingent consideration that is paid to sellers that remain employed by the acquirer and linked to future services is generally considered compensation cost and recorded in the statements of comprehensive income (loss) in the post-combination period.

## ***Intangible Assets***

Intangible assets primarily consist of (i) internal-use software development costs, (ii) domain name, copyright and patent registration costs, (iii) commercial licenses, (iv) developed technology acquired, (v) partner, customer, creator and influencer related intangible assets acquired and (vi) other intangible assets, which are recorded at cost (or in accordance with the acquisition method or cost accumulation methods described above) and amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, ranging from 3 to 10 years.

Software development costs incurred to develop internal-use software during the application development stage are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over the software’s estimated useful life, which is generally three years. Software development costs incurred during the preliminary stages of development are charged to expense as incurred. Maintenance and training costs are charged to expense as incurred. Upgrades or enhancements to existing internal-use software that result in additional functionality are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over the applicable estimated useful life.

## ***Transfer or Sale of Intangible Assets***

Upon the sale of an intangible asset, or group of intangible assets (hereinafter, “nonfinancial assets”), the Company initially evaluates whether the Company has a controlling financial interest in the legal entity that holds the nonfinancial assets by applying the guidance on consolidation. Any nonfinancial assets transferred that are held in a legal entity in which the Company does not have (or ceases to have) a controlling financial interest is further evaluated to determine whether the underlying transaction contract meets all of the criteria for accounting for contract under the revenue standard. Once a contract meets all of the criteria, the Company identifies each distinct nonfinancial asset promised to a counterparty and derecognizes each distinct nonfinancial asset when the Company transfers control of the nonfinancial asset to the counterparty. The Company evaluates the point in time at which a counterparty obtains control of the nonfinancial assets, including whether or not the counterparty can direct the use of, and obtain substantially all of the benefits from, each distinct nonfinancial asset.

## ***Impairment of Long-Lived Assets***

The Company assesses the recoverability of long-lived assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying value may not be recoverable. Factors we consider important, which could trigger an impairment review, include the following: significant underperformance relative to expected historical or projected future operating results; significant changes in the manner of our use of the acquired assets or the strategy for our overall business; significant negative industry or economic trends; significant adverse changes in legal factors or in the business climate, including adverse regulatory actions or assessments; and significant decline in our stock price for a sustained period. In the event the sum of the expected undiscounted future cash flows resulting from the use of the asset is less than the carrying amount of the asset, an impairment loss equal to the excess of the asset’s carrying value over its fair value is recorded.

Other assets of a reporting unit that are held and used may be required to be tested for impairment when certain events trigger interim goodwill impairment tests. In such situations, other assets, or asset groups, are tested for impairment under their respective standards and the other assets’ or asset groups’ carrying amounts are adjusted for impairment before testing goodwill for impairment as described below. There can be no assurance, however, that market conditions or demand for the Company’s products or services will not change, which could result in long-lived asset impairment charges in the future.



## Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price of the acquired business over the acquisition date fair value of the net assets acquired. Goodwill is tested for impairment at the reporting unit level (operating segment or one level below an operating segment) on an annual basis (December 31) and between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying value. We consider our market capitalization and the carrying value of our assets and liabilities, including goodwill, when performing our goodwill impairment tests. We operate in one reporting segment.

If a potential impairment exists, a calculation is performed to determine the fair value of existing goodwill. This calculation can be based on quoted market prices and / or valuation models, which consider the estimated future undiscounted cash flows resulting from the reporting unit, and a discount rate commensurate with the risks involved. Third-party appraised values may also be used in determining whether impairment potentially exists. In assessing goodwill impairment, significant judgment is required in connection with estimates of market values, estimates of the amount and timing of future cash flows, and estimates of other factors that are used to determine the fair value of our reporting unit. If these estimates or related projections change in future periods, future goodwill impairment tests may result in charges to earnings.

When conducting the Company's annual or interim goodwill impairment assessment, we have the option to initially perform a qualitative evaluation of whether it is more likely than not that goodwill is impaired. The Company is also permitted to bypass the qualitative assessment and proceed directly to the quantitative test. In evaluating whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of our reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, we consider the guidance set forth in ASC 350, which requires an entity to assess relevant events and circumstances, including macroeconomic conditions, industry and market considerations, cost factors, financial performance and other relevant events or circumstances. As of June 30, 2026, the Company performed a qualitative evaluation concluding that, as of June 30, 2026, it was not more likely than not that goodwill was impaired.

## Stock-Based Compensation

Compensation expense for stock-based awards is measured at the grant date, based on the estimated fair value of the award, and is recognized as an expense, typically on a straight-line basis over the employee's requisite service period (generally the vesting period of the equity award) which is generally two to four years. Compensation expense for awards with performance conditions that affect vesting is recorded only for those awards expected to vest or when the performance criteria are met. The fair value of restricted stock and restricted stock unit awards is determined by the product of the number of shares or units granted and the grant date market price of the underlying common stock. The fair value of stock option and common stock purchase warrant awards is estimated on the date of grant utilizing Black-Scholes. The Company utilizes the simplified method for estimating the expected term for options granted to employees due to the lack of available or sufficient historical exercise data for the Company for the applicable options terms. The Company accounts for forfeitures of awards as they occur. Estimates of expected volatility of the underlying common stock for the expected term of the stock option used in the Black-Scholes option pricing model are determined by reference to historical volatilities of the Company's common stock and historical volatilities of similar companies.

Grants of equity-based awards (including warrants) to non-employees in exchange for consulting or other services are accounted for using the grant date fair value of the equity instruments issued.

A condition affecting the exercisability or other pertinent factors used in determining the fair value of an award that is based on an entity achieving a specified share price constitutes a market condition pursuant to FASB ASC Topic 718, "Stock based Compensation" ("ASC 718"). A market condition is reflected in the grant-date fair value of an award, and therefore, a Monte Carlo simulation model is utilized to determine the estimated fair value of the equity-based award. Compensation cost is recognized for awards with a market condition, provided the requisite service period is satisfied, regardless of whether the market condition is ever satisfied.

Cancellation of an existing equity-classified award along with a concurrent grant of a replacement award is accounted for as a modification under ASC 718. Total compensation cost to be recognized in connection with a modification and concurrent grant of a replacement award is equal to the original grant date fair value plus any incremental fair value, calculated as the excess of the fair value of the replacement award over the fair value of the original awards on the cancellation date. Any incremental compensation cost related to vested awards is recognized immediately on the modification date. Any incremental compensation cost related to unvested awards is recognized prospectively over the remaining service period, in addition to the remaining unrecognized grant date fair value.

Total noncash stock-based compensation expense for the periods presented was included in the following financial statement line items:

|                                          | Three Months<br>Ended June 30, |                   | Six Months<br>Ended June 30, |                   |
|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
|                                          | 2026                           | 2025              | 2026                         | 2025              |
| Selling, marketing and advertising       | \$ 362,000                     | \$ 163,000        | \$ 758,000                   | \$ 251,000        |
| Engineering, technology and development  | 72,000                         | 8,000             | 150,000                      | 13,000            |
| General and administrative               | 521,000                        | 305,000           | 1,162,000                    | 495,000           |
| Total noncash stock compensation expense | <u>\$ 955,000</u>              | <u>\$ 476,000</u> | <u>\$ 2,070,000</u>          | <u>\$ 759,000</u> |

## **Financing Costs**

Specific incremental costs directly attributable to a proposed or actual offering of securities are deferred and charged against the gross proceeds of the equity financing. In the event that the proposed or actual equity financing is not completed, or is deemed not likely to be completed, such costs are expensed in the period that such determination is made. Deferred equity financing costs, if any, are included in other current assets in the accompanying condensed balance sheets. Deferred financing costs, included in prepaid expense and other current assets, at June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, totaled \$127,000 and \$888,000, respectively. Refer to Note 6 for additional information.

Specific incremental costs directly attributable to a proposed or actual debt offering are reported in the condensed balance sheets as a direct deduction from the face amount of the debt instrument. In the event that the proposed or actual debt financing is not completed, or is deemed not likely to be completed, such costs are expensed in the period that such determination is made. In the event that the Company elects to use the fair value option to account for debt instruments, all costs directly attributable to the debt offering are expensed as incurred in the condensed statements of comprehensive income (loss). For the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, debt financing costs expensed as incurred in connection with debt financings totaled \$0 and \$0, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, debt financing costs expensed as incurred in connection with debt financings totaled \$7,000 and \$139,000, respectively.

## **Debt**

### *Fair Value Option (“FVO”) Election*

The Company accounted for certain promissory notes and convertible notes issued, as described at Note 5, under the fair value option election pursuant to ASC 825, “Financial Instruments” (“ASC 825”), as discussed below. The promissory notes accounted for under the FVO election are each debt host financial instruments containing embedded features which would otherwise be required to be bifurcated from the debt-host and recognized as separate derivative liabilities subject to initial and subsequent periodic estimated fair value measurements under ASC 815. Notwithstanding, ASC 825 provides for the “fair value option” election, to the extent not otherwise prohibited by ASC 825, to be afforded to financial instruments, wherein bifurcation of an embedded derivative is not necessary, and the financial instrument is initially measured at its issue-date estimated fair value and then subsequently remeasured at estimated fair value on a recurring basis at each reporting period date. The estimated fair value adjustments, subsequent to the issuance date, as required by ASC 825, are recognized as a component of other comprehensive income (“OCI”) with respect to the portion of the fair value adjustment attributed to a change in the instrument-specific credit risk, with the remaining amount of the fair value adjustment recognized as other income (expense) in the accompanying statements of comprehensive income (loss). With respect to the promissory notes described at Note 5, as provided for by ASC 825, the estimated fair value adjustments are presented in a respective single line item within other income (expense) in the accompanying statements of comprehensive income (loss), since the change in fair value of the convertible notes payable was not attributable to instrument specific credit risk. The estimated fair value adjustment is included in interest expense in the accompanying statements of comprehensive income (loss).

The fair value of the promissory notes described at Note 5 was estimated based on a calculation of the present value of the related cash flows (i.e. payments of principal and interest based on contractual agreement terms) using a discount rate that reflected market rates and related credit risk (Level 3 inputs). The FVO was elected for the promissory notes described at Note 5 due to the short-term nature of the promissory notes and to provide relevant and timely information regarding the current market value of the debt, which is marked to market at each balance sheet date reflecting the effects of market fluctuations and other factors.

Significant judgements and estimates may be required in connection with the determination of whether or not to elect the FVO for specific assets and/or liabilities. In addition, significant judgements and estimates may be required in connection with the determination of appropriate discount rates utilized in connection with present value related valuation techniques. Discount rate assumptions typically reflect the estimated yield to maturity of the debt instrument, incorporating the estimated market-implied rate of return an investor would receive if they held the debt until maturity, and taking into account all future cash flows and the current market price; adjusted for credit risk and market conditions. In addition, judgements and estimates are required in connection with the determination of the portion of subsequent fair value adjustments that relate to instrument-specific credit risk, which are reflected in OCI, and the portion of subsequent fair value adjustments that relate to changes in interests rates or other variables, which are reflected in the statements of comprehensive income (loss). Variations in any of these judgements and estimates could have a material impact on the Company’s financial results.

The Company may issue convertible debt instruments that include detachable common stock purchase warrants. The Company evaluates the terms of each instrument to determine the appropriate accounting treatment under ASC 825-10, “Fair Value Option,” ASC 480, “Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity,” and ASC 815-40, “Contracts in Entity’s Own Equity” (“ASC 815-40”). The Company has elected the FVO for certain convertible debt instruments, as described at Note 5. Under the FVO, the entire debt instrument, including any embedded conversion feature, is initially recognized and subsequently measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognized in earnings within other income (expense) in the statement of comprehensive income (loss) each reporting period. The fair value election eliminates the need to separately account for the embedded conversion feature under ASC 815-40.

Detachable warrants issued in connection with convertible debt are evaluated separately from the debt instrument. If the warrants meet the criteria for equity classification under ASC 815-40 (including the fixed-for-fixed equity scope exception and no cash-settlement provisions), the warrants are recorded in additional paid-in capital and are not subsequently remeasured. If the warrants do not meet the criteria for equity classification, they are accounted for as derivative liabilities at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in earnings. The classification of equity-linked instruments is reassessed at each balance sheet date. If the classification changes as a result of events during the applicable period, the equity linked instrument shall be reclassified as of the date of the event that caused the reclassification. If an equity-linked instrument is reclassified from an asset or a liability to equity, gains or losses recorded to account for the equity-linked instrument at fair value during the period that the contract was classified as an asset or a liability are not reversed. The equity-linked instrument is marked to fair value immediately before the reclassification.

At issuance, proceeds are allocated between the fair-value-option debt instrument and any separately issued equity-classified warrants based on their relative fair values. Transaction costs related to fair-value-option debt instruments are expensed as incurred. For equity-classified warrants, issuance costs are recorded as a reduction to additional paid-in capital. Changes in the fair value of convertible debt for which the FVO has been elected may reflect changes in the Company's credit risk, market interest rates, and the value of the conversion feature.

#### ***Debt Modifications and Extinguishments***

Modifications to debt obligations are initially analyzed to determine whether the modification qualifies as a troubled debt restructuring ("TDR"). A modification is a troubled debt restructuring if both (1) the borrower is experiencing financial difficulty, and (2) the lender grants the borrower a concession. In determining if a company is experiencing financial difficulties for a TDR, as contemplated by the applicable standard, several factors are considered including whether the Company is currently in payment default on any debt, if there is a high probability of future default without modification, bankruptcy considerations, or if there is substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. A lender is granting a concession when the effective borrowing rate on the restructured debt is less than the effective borrowing rate on the original debt. The recognition and measurement of the impact of a TDR on the financial statements depends on whether the future undiscounted cash flows specified by the new terms are greater (gain is recorded in the statements of comprehensive income (loss) for the difference) or less (no gain is recorded in the statements of comprehensive income (loss) for the difference) than the carrying value of the debt.

For an exchange of debt instruments or a modification of a debt instrument by a debtor and a creditor in a nontroubled debt situation, the Company initially evaluates whether the modified debt terms are "substantially different" from the original debt. An exchange of debt instruments or a modification of a debt instrument by a debtor and a creditor is deemed to have been accomplished with debt instruments that are substantially different if the present value of the cash flows under the terms of the new debt instrument is at least 10 percent different from the present value of the remaining cash flows under the terms of the original instrument. If the terms of a debt instrument are changed or modified and the cash flow effect on a present value basis is less than 10 percent, the debt instruments are not considered to be substantially different.

If the modification is not deemed to be substantially different, the modification is accounted for as an adjustment to the carrying amount of the debt, with a recalculated effective interest rate. If the modification is deemed to be substantially different, then the modification is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original debt and issuance of new debt, requiring the recognition of a gain or loss on the extinguishment in the statements of comprehensive income (loss).

In an early extinguishment of debt for which the fair value option has been elected, the net carrying amount of the extinguished debt is determined to be equal to its fair value at the reacquisition date. As such, there is no difference between the carrying amount of the debt and its reacquisition price for which to recognize a gain or loss. Upon extinguishment of debt, the Company includes in net income only the cumulative amount of the gain or loss previously recorded in other comprehensive income for the extinguished debt that resulted from changes in instrument-specific credit risk, if any.

#### ***Transfers of Financial Assets***

The Company accounts for transfers of financial assets as sales when it has surrendered control over the related assets. Whether control has been relinquished requires, among other things, an evaluation of relevant legal considerations and an assessment of the nature and extent of the Company's continuing involvement with the assets transferred. Gains and losses stemming from transfers reported as sales, if any, are included in the statements of income. Assets obtained and liabilities incurred in connection with transfers reported as sales are initially recognized in the balance sheet at fair value.

Transfers of financial assets that do not qualify for sale accounting are reported as collateralized borrowings. Accordingly, the related assets remain on the Company's balance sheets and continue to be reported and accounted for as if the transfer had not occurred. Cash proceeds from these transfers are reported as liabilities, with attributable interest expense recognized over the life of the related transactions. Commitment fees charged irrespective of drawdown activity are recognized as expense on a straight line basis over the commitment period and included in other income (expense) in the condensed statements of comprehensive income (loss). Refer to Note 5 for additional information.

### Concentration of Credit Risks

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk are cash equivalents and accounts receivable. Cash and cash equivalents are also invested in deposits with certain financial institutions and may, at times, exceed federally insured limits. Any loss incurred or a lack of access to such funds could have a significant adverse impact on the Company's financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

### Risks and Uncertainties

**Concentrations.** The Company had certain customers whose revenue individually represented 10% or more of the Company's total revenue, or whose accounts receivable balances individually represented 10% or more of the Company's total accounts receivable, and vendors whose accounts payable balances individually represented 10% or more of the Company's total accounts payable, as follows:

|                                                           | Three Months<br>Ended June 30, |             | Six Months<br>Ended June 30, |           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|
|                                                           | 2026                           | 2025        | 2026                         | 2025      |
| Number of customers > 10% of revenue / percent of revenue | Three / 45%                    | Three / 48% | Two / 28%                    | Two / 31% |

Revenue concentrations were comprised of the following revenue categories:

|                               | Three Months<br>Ended June 30, |      | Six Months<br>Ended June 30, |      |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|------------------------------|------|
|                               | 2026                           | 2025 | 2026                         | 2025 |
| Media and advertising         | 14%                            | 47%  | 20%                          | 17%  |
| Publishing and content studio | 31%                            | 1%   | 8%                           | 14%  |
|                               | 45%                            | 48%  | 28%                          | 31%  |

|                                                                                   | June 30,<br>2026 | December 31,<br>2025 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Number of customers > 10% of accounts receivable / percent of accounts receivable | Two / 38%        | Three / 57%          |
| Number of vendors > 10% of accounts payable / percent of accounts payable         | One / 10%        | One / 24%            |

### Net Loss Per Share

Basic net loss per share is computed by dividing the income or loss by the weighted-average number of outstanding shares of common stock for the applicable period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the income or loss by the weighted-average number of outstanding shares of common stock for the applicable period, including the dilutive effect of common stock equivalents. During the periods presented, potentially dilutive common stock equivalents primarily consist of common stock potentially issuable in connection with the conversion of outstanding preferred stock including related AIRs, employee stock options, warrants issued to employees and non-employees in exchange for services and warrants issued in connection with financings.

A reconciliation of net loss to net loss attributable to common stockholders is as follows for the periods presented:

|                                                             | Three Months<br>Ended June 30, |                       | Six Months<br>Ended June 30, |                       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|
|                                                             | 2026                           | 2025                  | 2026                         | 2025                  |
| Net loss                                                    | \$ (4,390,000)                 | \$ (2,783,000)        | \$ (8,441,000)               | \$ (7,013,000)        |
| Deemed dividend – Preferred Redemption                      | 427,000                        | -                     | 427,000                      | -                     |
| Deemed dividend – Down round common stock purchase warrants | (1,002,000)                    | -                     | (1,002,000)                  | -                     |
| Preferred Dividends paid in shares of common stock          | -                              | (100,000)             | (253,000)                    | (101,000)             |
| Net loss attributable to common stockholders                | <u>\$ (4,965,000)</u>          | <u>\$ (2,883,000)</u> | <u>\$ (9,269,000)</u>        | <u>\$ (7,114,000)</u> |

**Anti-dilutive shares excluded from diluted earnings per share calculation** (rounded to the nearest thousands):

|                                                                                           | <b>Three and Six Months<br/>Ended June 30,</b> |               |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|---------------|
|                                                                                           | <b>2026</b>                                    | <b>2025</b>   |
| Preferred Stock, as converted basis                                                       | -                                              | 21,000        |
| Options, warrants (employee and non-employee issued for services), restricted stock units | 522,000                                        | 12,000        |
| October 2025 PIPE Warrants                                                                | 1,667,000                                      | -             |
| Warrants issued in connection with Misfits Transaction                                    | 536,000                                        | -             |
| Other warrants                                                                            | 1,205,000                                      | -             |
| AIRs                                                                                      | -                                              | 41,000        |
|                                                                                           | <u>3,930,000</u>                               | <u>74,000</u> |

At June 30, 2026 and 2025, prefunded warrants representing the right to acquire 1,398,173 and zero shares of the Company's common stock, respectively, were outstanding. Due to the fact that the holders of prefunded warrants to purchase common stock have the present ability to obtain common shares of the Company for little or effectively no additional consideration, the prefunded warrants are treated as common shares outstanding for purposes of basic and diluted earnings per share.

**Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) ("OCI")**

The following table summarizes the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income by component for the periods presented:

|                                             | <b>Three Months<br/>Ended June 30,</b> |             | <b>Six Months<br/>Ended June 30,</b> |             |
|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|
|                                             | <b>2026</b>                            | <b>2025</b> | <b>2026</b>                          | <b>2025</b> |
| <b>Available-for-Sale-Securities:</b>       |                                        |             |                                      |             |
| Gross realized gains reclassified from OCI  | \$ -                                   | \$ -        | \$ -                                 | \$ -        |
| Gross realized losses reclassified from OCI | (8,000)                                | -           | (8,000)                              | -           |
| Net gains (losses) reclassified from OCI    | <u>\$ (8,000)</u>                      | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ (8,000)</u>                    | <u>\$ -</u> |

**Preferred Stock Dividends**

Dividends on preferred stock paid in another class of stock are recorded at the fair value of the shares issued as a charge to retained earnings. Dividends declared on preferred stock that are payable in the Company's common shares are deducted from earnings available to common shareholders when computing earnings per share. Dividends on preferred stock that are due, but unpaid, are reflected in accrued liabilities in the condensed balance sheet until paid.

**Income Taxes**

Income taxes are accounted for using an asset and liability approach that requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in the Company's financial statements or income tax returns. A valuation allowance is established to reduce deferred tax assets if all, or some portion, of such assets will more than likely not be realized, or if it is determined that there is uncertainty regarding future realization of such assets.

Under U.S. GAAP, a tax position is a position in a previously filed tax return, or a position expected to be taken in a future tax filing that is reflected in measuring current or deferred income tax assets and liabilities. Tax positions are recognized only when it is more likely than not, based on technical merits, that the position will be sustained upon examination. Tax positions that meet the more likely than not thresholds are measured using a probability weighted approach as the largest amount of tax benefit being realized upon settlement. The Company considers many factors when evaluating and estimating its tax positions and tax benefits, which may require periodic adjustments, and which may not accurately forecast actual outcomes. Management believes the Company has no uncertain tax positions for the periods presented.

**Contingencies**

Certain conditions may exist as of the date the condensed financial statements are issued, which may result in a loss to the Company, but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The Company's management, in consultation with its legal counsel as appropriate, assesses such contingent liabilities, and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment. In assessing loss contingencies related to legal proceedings that are pending against the Company or unasserted claims that may result in such proceedings, the Company, in consultation with legal counsel, evaluates the perceived merits of any legal proceedings or unasserted claims, as well as the perceived merits of the amount of relief sought or expected to be sought therein. If the assessment of a contingency indicates it is probable that a material loss has been incurred and the amount of the liability can be estimated, then the estimated liability would be accrued in the Company's financial statements. If the assessment indicates a potentially material loss contingency is not probable, but is reasonably possible, or is probable, but cannot be estimated, then the nature of the contingent liability, together with an estimate of the range of possible loss, if determinable and material, would be disclosed. Loss contingencies considered remote are generally not disclosed unless they involve guarantees, in which case the guarantees would be disclosed.

**Reportable Segments**

The Company utilizes the management approach to identify the Company's operating segments, based on information reported internally to the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") to make resource allocation and performance assessment decisions. The Company's CODM is the Company's Chief Executive Officer.

An operating segment of a public entity has all the following characteristics: (1) it engages in business activities from which it may earn revenue and incur expense; (2) its operating results are regularly reviewed by the public entity's CODM to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance; and (3) its discrete financial information is available. Based on the applicable criteria under the standard, the components of the Company's operations are its (1) media and advertising component, including its publishing and content studio component; and (2) the Company's direct-to-consumer component. A reportable segment is an identified operating segment that also exceeds the quantitative thresholds described in the applicable standard.

Based on the applicable criteria under the standard, including quantitative thresholds, the Company determined it has one operating segment and one reportable segment, operated primarily in domestic markets for the periods presented, as the CODM regularly reviews and manages the Company's operations, business activities and financial performance and allocates resources as a single operating and reportable segment at the entity level.

Super League's single reportable segment derives revenues from customers as summarized at Note 2, "Revenue Recognition." The accounting policies of the Company's single reporting segment are described in the summary of significant accounting policies herein.

The chief operating decision maker assesses performance, establishes management compensation and decides how to allocate resources for the single reporting segment, primarily by monitoring actual results versus the annual plan, based on total revenues, net operating income (loss) and net income (loss) as reported in the statements of comprehensive income (loss). The CODM does not evaluate segment performance using entity level balance sheet information.

The significant expenses reviewed by the CODM are cost of revenue; selling, marketing and advertising expense; engineering, technology and development expense; and general and administrative expense, as presented in the statements of comprehensive income (loss), including noncash amortization and noncash stock compensation expense included in the expense categories. Selling, marketing and advertising expense, engineering, technology and development expense, and general and administrative expense include noncash amortization expense and noncash stock compensation expense, which is disclosed in Note 2 and Note 3, respectively. Other segment items consist of contingent consideration, interest expense, changes in the fair value of derivative instruments and other income (expense) items, as presented in the statements of comprehensive loss.

### **Recent Accounting Guidance**

#### *Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements.*

Accounting standards updates ("ASU") applicable to the Company that were recently issued are summarized below.

| <b>ASU</b>                                                                                                                                                             | <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | <b>Effective Date</b>                                                                         |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Intangibles—Goodwill and Other—Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Internal-Use Software<br><br>(ASU 2025-06)         | This ASU modernizes the recognition and disclosure framework for internal-use software costs, removing the previous "development stage" model and introduces a more judgment-based approach.<br><br>Early adoption is permitted and should be applied using either the prospective, modified, or retrospective transition approach. The Company is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on its financial statements and related disclosures.                                                                                                    | Fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2027 and interim periods within those fiscal years. |
| Income Statement—Reporting Comprehensive Income—Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses<br><br>(ASU 2024-03) | This ASU requires that an entity disaggregate relevant expense captions presented on the face of the income statement into natural expense categories within the footnotes of the financial statements. In addition, a separate disclosure of selling expenses is required to be presented. The ASU is intended to allow stakeholders to better understand the components of an entity's expenses.<br><br>Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on its financial statements and related disclosures. | Fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026                                                |

### 3. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consisted of the following:

|                                             | June 30,<br>2026    | December 31,<br>2025 | Weighted<br>Average<br>Amortization<br>Period (Years) |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| Partner and customer relationships          | \$ 9,827,000        | \$ 7,239,000         | 5.0                                                   |
| Capitalized software development costs      | 4,979,000           | 4,939,000            | 3.0                                                   |
| Capitalized third-party game property costs | 500,000             | 500,000              | 5.0                                                   |
| Developed technology                        | 4,225,000           | 3,920,000            | 5.0                                                   |
| Influencers/content creators                | 2,559,000           | 2,559,000            | 4.5                                                   |
| Trade name                                  | 209,000             | 209,000              | 5.0                                                   |
| Domain                                      | 68,000              | 68,000               | 10.0                                                  |
| Copyrights and other                        | 795,000             | 795,000              | 5.5                                                   |
|                                             | 23,162,000          | 20,229,000           | 5.0                                                   |
| Less: accumulated amortization              | (19,988,000)        | (18,444,000)         |                                                       |
| Intangible assets, net                      | <u>\$ 3,174,000</u> | <u>\$ 1,785,000</u>  |                                                       |

Amortization expense included in operating expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 totaled \$997,000 and \$1,536,000, respectively. Amortization expense included in operating expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 totaled \$540,000 and \$1,080,000, respectively. Amortization expense included in cost of revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 totaled \$3,000 and \$9,000, respectively. Amortization expense included in cost of revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 totaled \$0 and \$0, respectively.

The Company expects to record amortization of intangible assets for the year ending December 31, 2026 and future fiscal years as follows:

**For the years ending December 31,**

|                |                     |
|----------------|---------------------|
| 2026 remaining | \$ 459,000          |
| 2027           | 816,000             |
| 2028           | 703,000             |
| 2029           | 524,000             |
| 2030           | 504,000             |
| Thereafter     | 168,000             |
|                | <u>\$ 3,174,000</u> |

*Sale of Mineville*

On May 19, 2025, the Company entered into a Membership Interest Purchase and Sale Agreement (the “Mineville Purchase Agreement”) with Mineville, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“Purchaser”), pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell, and Purchaser agreed to purchase, 100% of the membership interests (the “Interests”) of InPvP, LLC (“InPvP”). Prior to the consummation of the transactions (the “Mineville Closing”) contemplated by the Mineville Purchase Agreement (the “Mineville Sale”), InPvP was a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company that operated the Company’s Mineville digital property. The closing of the Mineville Sale occurred simultaneously with the execution of the Mineville Purchase Agreement. The Purchaser paid cash consideration totaling \$350,000 at the Mineville Closing to acquire the Interests.

The parties also agreed upon separate terms for an ongoing commercial relationship whereby the Company was granted the rights to ad sales and brand integration to all of Purchaser’s Microsoft servers for a term of two years. The Company will have exclusive Sales Rights for the first year of the Sales Term, and during the second year the Sales Rights will be non-exclusive. During the Sales Term, the revenue generated from the Sales Rights will be allocated among the Company and Purchaser as follows: (i) the Company will retain 60% of the net revenue until gross sales revenue exceeds \$1.0 million; (ii) after gross sales revenue exceeds \$1.0 million, the Company will retain 50% of the net revenue through the remainder of the Sales Term; and (iii) if gross sales revenue exceeds \$1.5 million during the Sales Term, the Sales Term shall renew automatically for one additional year on the same terms as the second year of the Sales Term.



The net carrying value of Mineville assets sold totaled \$350,000 as of May 19, 2025, which historically were included in intangible assets, net in the balance sheets, resulting in no gain or loss in connection with the Mineville Sale.

#### 4. ACQUISITIONS AND INVESTMENTS

##### Misfits Transaction

On March 16, 2026, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement (the “Misfits Asset Purchase Agreement”) with Esports Now, LLC (“Misfits”), pursuant to which Misfits agreed to sell certain assets strictly constituting the Misfits Ads assets (the “Misfits Purchased Assets”) to the Company (the “Misfits Transaction”).

The Misfits Transaction expands the Company’s revenue base, diversifies monetization channels and enhances the Company’s ability to serve as a strategic audience partner for brands, providing scaled access to gamers across gaming and digital channels. Beyond expanded reach, the Company will be able to deliver deeper audience intelligence, helping brands further understand what games people play, and what drives engagement, affinity, and conversion.

On March 20, 2026, the Company filed a preliminary proxy statement with the SEC, followed by the filing of a definitive proxy statement with the SEC on April 2, 2026 (the “Misfits Proxy Statement”). The Misfits Proxy Statement solicited the approval of the issuance of an aggregate of 1,161,813 shares of common stock to be issued as consideration in connection with the Misfits Transaction (the “Issuance Proposal”) by the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power of the Company’s shares present at a special meeting of the Company’s stockholders, scheduled for April 30, 2026 (the “Special Meeting”).

On April 30, 2026, at the Special Meeting, the Company’s stockholders approved the Issuance Proposal. On May 1, 2026 (the “Misfits Closing Date”), the Company and Misfits consummated the Misfits Transaction (the “Misfits Closing”).

##### *Misfits Transaction Consideration*

At the Misfits Closing, the Company paid the following consideration for the Misfits Purchased Assets (“Misfits Consideration”): (i) a cash payment in the amount of \$1.5 million (the “Misfits Closing Cash Consideration”), (ii) 26,768 shares of common stock (the “Misfits Closing Shares”), (iii) a pre-funded common stock purchase warrant to purchase 509,682 shares of common stock (the “Misfits Pre-Funded Warrant,” and the shares issuable upon exercise of the Misfits Pre-Funded Warrant, the “Misfits PFW Shares”), and (iv) a common stock purchase warrant to purchase 536,450 shares of common stock, with an exercise price of \$18.00 (the “Misfits Warrant,” and the shares issuable upon exercise of the Misfits Warrant, the “Misfits Warrant Shares”)(the Misfits Closing Shares, the Misfits PFW Shares, and the Misfits Warrant Shares collectively, the “Misfits Closing Share Consideration”). Pursuant to the terms and subject to the conditions of the Misfits Asset Purchase Agreement, on the one-year anniversary of the Misfits Closing, the Company will pay an additional cash payment in the amount of \$300,000 (the “Delayed Cash Payment”).

In addition, pursuant to the terms and subject to the conditions of the Misfits Asset Purchase Agreement, on the one-year anniversary of the Misfits Closing, the Company may pay up to an aggregate of (i) \$1.2 million in cash (the “Misfits Earnout Cash”), and (ii) 105,571 shares of common stock, or, upon the election of Misfits, Misfits Pre-Funded Warrants to purchase 105,571 shares of common stock (the “Misfits Earnout Shares”, and collectively with the Misfits Earnout Cash, the “Misfits Earnout Consideration”). The Misfits Earnout Consideration will be payable to Misfits in connection with: (i) the achievement of certain gross profit milestones for the period beginning on the Misfits Closing Date until the date that is one year from the date of the Misfits Closing; and (ii) the Company’s market capitalization as of the one and two year anniversary of the Misfits Closing Date.

The Misfits Warrants are exercisable immediately upon issuance, expire two years from the date of issuance, and have an initial exercise price of \$18.00 (the “Initial Exercise Price”), subject to adjustment for any stock splits, stock dividends, recapitalizations, and similar events. The Misfits Warrants also contain a call feature, whereby, after the Company has registered the Misfits Warrant Shares on an effective registration statement filed with the SEC, the Company has the option, but not the obligation, and in the Company’s sole and absolute discretion, to purchase the Misfits Warrant from the holder at a price of \$0.001 per share of common stock underlying the Misfits Warrant (the “Call Option”), in the event the closing price of the Company’s common stock, as listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market, is at or above \$18.00 per share for 20 consecutive trading days (the “Call Trigger”). The Company’s right to exercise the Call Option will begin on the day immediately following the Call Trigger until the day that is thirty (30) calendar days thereafter, by way of delivery of a notice to exercise the Call Option to the holders of the Misfits Warrants.



The exercise price of the Misfits Pre-Funded Warrant per underlying share of common stock is \$0.001. Pursuant to the Misfits Pre-Funded Warrant, a holder will not be entitled to exercise any portion of any Misfits Pre-Funded Warrant that, upon giving effect to such exercise, would cause: (i) the aggregate number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by such holder (together with its affiliates) to exceed 4.99% of the number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the exercise; or (ii) the combined voting power of the Company's securities beneficially owned by such holder (together with its affiliates) to exceed 4.99% of the combined voting power of all of the Company's securities outstanding immediately after giving effect to the exercise, as such percentage ownership is determined in accordance with the terms of the Misfits Pre-Funded Warrant, which percentage may be changed at the holder's election to a higher or lower percentage not in excess of 9.99% upon 61 days' notice to the Company. In addition, in certain circumstances, upon a fundamental transaction, a holder of Misfits Pre-Funded Warrants will be entitled to receive, upon exercise of the Misfits Pre-Funded Warrants, the kind and amount of securities, cash or other property that such holder would have received had they exercised the Misfits Pre-Funded Warrants immediately prior to the fundamental transaction.

The Misfits Asset Purchase Agreement contains representations, warranties and covenants of each of the parties thereto that are customary for transactions of this type.

#### *Brand Partnership Agreement*

In connection with the Misfits Closing and the entrance into the Misfits Asset Purchase Agreement, the Company and Misfits entered into an exclusive brand partnership agreement dated May 1, 2026 (the "Brand Partnership Agreement"), pursuant to which Misfits agreed to grant certain preferred rights to the Company for purposes of selling brand partnerships where a third-party brand may be advertised (via sponsorships, marketing, brand endorsements, product placements, brand integrations and other similar associations) in certain games in the Misfits Roblox game portfolio. The initial term of the Brand Partnership Agreement is one year, subject to extension by mutual agreement. The Brand Partnership Agreement may be terminated upon written notice by the parties.

In accordance with the acquisition method of accounting, the financial results of Super League presented herein include the financial results of Misfits subsequent to the Misfits Closing Date. Disclosure of revenue and net loss for Misfits on a stand-alone basis for the applicable periods presented is not practical due to the integration of Misfits, including sales, products, resource allocation and related operating expense, with those of the consolidated Company upon acquisition, consistent with Super League operating in one reporting segment.

The Misfits Transaction was accounted for as a business acquisition as defined by ASC 805. Accordingly, the assets acquired in the transaction were recorded at their estimated acquisition date fair values, while transaction costs associated with the acquisition, totaling approximately \$105,000, were expensed. Super League's preliminary purchase price allocation was based on an evaluation of the appropriate fair values of the assets acquired and represents management's best estimate based on available data. Fair values are determined based on the requirements of ASC 820.

The following table summarizes the determination of the preliminary fair value of the purchase price consideration paid in connection with the Misfits Transaction, as of the Misfits Closing Date:

|                                    | Amount              |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Misfits Closing Cash Consideration | \$ 1,500,000        |
| Misfits Closing Shares             | 105,000             |
| Misfits PFW Shares                 | 2,003,000           |
| Misfits Warrant                    | 642,000             |
| Delayed Cash Payment               | 257,000             |
| Misfits Earnout Consideration      | 800,000             |
|                                    | <u>\$ 5,307,000</u> |

The fair value of the Misfits Closing Shares and Misfits PFW Shares used in determining the estimated fair value of the Misfits Transaction Consideration was \$3.93 per share based on the closing price of Company Common Stock on May 1, 2026, the Misfits Closing Date, as quoted on the Nasdaq Capital Market, a Level 1 input.

The fair value of the Misfits Warrant was determined using a Monte Carlo simulation model, measured using Level 3 inputs, and weighted-average assumptions for expected volatility of 154.6%, risk-free interest rate of 3.88% and expected life of 1.4 years.

The purchase price allocation was based upon a preliminary estimate of the fair value of the assets acquired by the Company in connection with the Misfits Transaction, as of the Misfits Closing Date, as follows:

| Assets Acquired                          | Estimated<br>Useful Life<br>(years) | Amount       |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| Customer relationships intangible assets | 5                                   | \$ 2,500,000 |
| Developed Technology                     | 5                                   | 20,000       |
| Identifiable net assets acquired         |                                     | 2,520,000    |
| Goodwill                                 |                                     | 2,787,000    |
| Total purchase price                     |                                     | \$ 5,307,000 |

Contingent consideration is recorded as a liability in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets in accordance with ASC 480, which requires freestanding financial instruments where the Company must or could settle the obligation in the form of cash, and/or by issuing a variable number of its shares, and the obligation's monetary value is based solely or predominantly on variations in something other than the fair value of the Company's shares, to be recorded as a liability at fair value and re-valued at each reporting date, with changes in the fair value reported in the consolidated statement of operations. The fair value of the Misfits Earnout Consideration on the respective valuation dates was determined utilizing a Monte Carlo simulation model and measured using Level 3 inputs, as described at Note 2. Assumptions utilized in connection with utilization of the Monte Carlo simulation model for the periods presented included weighted average assumptions for expected volatility ranging from 154.6% to 183.9%, risk-free interest rate of 3.73%, discount rate of 60%, counter-party risk rate of approximately 16% and expected life of approximately one year.

The fair value of the Misfits Earnout Consideration at June 30, 2026 was \$800,000, resulting in no change in the fair value from the Misfits Closing Date.

Aggregated amortization expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, related to intangible assets acquired in connection with the Misfits Transaction, totaled \$84,000 and \$84,000, respectively. Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price of the acquired business over the acquisition date fair value of the net assets acquired. Goodwill recorded in connection with the Misfits Transaction is primarily attributable to expected synergies from combining the operations and assets of Super League with the Misfits Purchased Assets. Goodwill recognized in the Misfits Transaction primarily represents the value of the acquired resource, expected asset related synergies, future economic benefits from the assets acquired, and other intangible assets that do not qualify for separate recognition under ASC 805.

Management is primarily responsible for determining the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets acquired as of the Misfits Closing Date. Management considered a number of factors, including reference to a preliminary independent analysis of estimated fair values solely for the purpose of allocating the purchase price to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The analysis included a discounted cash flow analysis which estimated the future net cash flows expected to result from the respective assets acquired as of the Misfits Closing Date. A discount rate consistent with the risks associated with achieving the estimated net cash flows was used to estimate the present value of future estimated net cash flows. The Company is in the process of finalizing the estimates and assumptions developed in connection with the independent analysis of estimated fair values of intangible assets acquired solely for the purpose of allocating the purchase price to the assets acquired. Any adjustments to the fair values of intangibles assets acquired, or estimates of economic useful lives of the intangible assets acquired, could impact the carrying value of those assets and related goodwill, as well as the estimates of periodic amortization of intangible assets acquired to be reflected in the statement of operations. In addition, the Company is in the process of finalizing its estimate and analysis of the fair values of certain tax attributes acquired. Any adjustments to the preliminary estimates of tax attributes acquired will increase or decrease the estimated net deferred tax liability recorded in connection with the acquisition method of accounting, with an offsetting adjustment to goodwill.

The preliminary fair values of the acquired intangible assets, as described above, were determined using the following methods:

| Description            | Valuation Method Applied                                               | Valuation Method Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Assumptions                                                                         |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Customer relationships | Multi-Period Excess Earnings Method “MPEEM”) under the Income Approach | MPEEM is an application of the discounted cash flow (“DCF”) Method, whereby revenue derived from the intangible asset is estimated using the overall business revenue, adjusted for attrition, obsolescence, cost of goods sold, operating expense, and taxes. Required returns attributable to other assets employed in the business are subtracted. The “excess” earnings are attributable to the intangible asset and are discounted to present value at a rate of return to estimate the fair value of the intangible asset. | Discount rate: 55.0%;<br>Forecast period: 5.6 years;<br>Attrition Rate: 30.0%.      |
| Developed technology   | Cost Approach                                                          | In the Replacement Cost Method, value is estimated by determining the current cost of replacing an asset with one of equivalent economic utility. The premise of the approach is that a prudent investor would pay no more for an asset than the amount for which the utility of the asset could be replaced.                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Required Return:<br>(WACC): 6.9%;<br>Developers Profit: 10%;<br>Period: 1.5 months; |

For tax purposes, consistent with the accounting for book purposes, the Misfits Consideration was allocated to the assets acquired based on their estimated fair values as of the Misfits Closing Date, with the excess purchase price allocated to goodwill. The Company recognized deferred tax assets in connection with the Misfits Transaction primarily related to differences between the financial reporting bases and tax bases of the acquired identifiable assets. Gross deferred tax assets recognized were not material. The Company has recorded a full valuation allowance on its net deferred tax assets. The financial reporting basis of tax-deductible goodwill was consistent with its adjusted tax basis determined in accordance with the goodwill component analysis prescribed by ASC 805 and ASC 740. As a result, no net deferred tax assets or liabilities were recorded with the acquisition and all of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

The following unaudited pro forma combined results of operations for the periods presented are provided for illustrative purposes only. The unaudited pro forma combined statements of operations assume the transaction occurred as of January 1, 2025. The unaudited pro forma combined financial results do not purport to be indicative of the results of operations for future periods or the results that actually would have been realized had the entities been a single entity during these periods.

|                 | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |              | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, |              |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|--------------|
|                 | 2026                           | 2025         | 2026                         | 2025         |
| <b>Revenue</b>  | \$ 3,206,000                   | \$ 3,608,000 | \$ 9,140,000                 | \$ 6,693,000 |
| <b>Net Loss</b> | (4,323,000)                    | (2,909,000)  | (7,035,000)                  | (7,030,000)  |

Pro forma adjustments primarily relate to the amortization of identifiable intangible assets acquired over the estimated economic useful life as described above, and the exclusion of nonrecurring transaction costs.

The closing of the Misfits Transaction and the integration of the Misfits Purchased Assets involves certain risks and uncertainties, including, among other things, risks related to our ability to successfully integrate the Misfits Purchased Assets into our operations; our ability to implement plans, forecasts and other expectations with respect to the Misfits Purchased Assets; our ability to realize the anticipated benefits of the Misfits Transaction, including the possibility that the expected benefits from the Misfits Transaction will not be realized or will not be realized within the expected time period; the achievement of the revenue milestones and payment of the Misfits Earnout Consideration; the outcome of any legal or governmental proceedings related to the Misfits Transaction or otherwise; the negative effects of the announcement of the Misfits Transaction on the market price of our common stock or on our operating results; significant Misfits Transaction costs; unknown liabilities; attracting new customers and maintaining and expanding our existing customer base; our ability to scale and update our platform to respond to customers' needs and rapid technological change; increased competition on our market and our ability to compete effectively; and expansion of our operations and increased adoption of our platform internationally.

#### *Acquisition of Let's Bounce*

On January 5, 2026 ("Bounce Effective Date") the Company acquired Let's Bounce, Inc. ("Bounce"), a marketing technology company focused on enabling scalable, measurable brand engagement inside gaming and UGC environments. The total purchase price for Bounce, which was structured as an asset acquisition, was \$200,000, payable as follows: (a) \$75,000 at closing; (b) \$25,000 on the three-month anniversary of closing; and (c) \$100,000 on the six-month anniversary of closing. In addition, pursuant to the terms and subject to the conditions of the asset purchase agreement ("Bounce Asset Purchase Agreement"), up to \$325,000 is contingently payable in connection with the achievement of certain net revenue milestones for the Bounce assets acquired during the year ended December 31, 2026 ("Bounce Contingent Consideration") (the "Bounce Acquisition"). The Bounce Acquisition provides the Company with an existing pipeline of opportunities, enabling more efficient in-game marketing programs, the addition of turnkey loyalty solutions to drive advertiser outcomes, and a roadmap to more automated campaign measurement. The Bounce Acquisition was approved by the board of directors of each of the Company and Bounce.

Additionally, the Company entered into employment agreements with two former key Bounce employees ("Key Bounce Employees"), pursuant to which the Key Bounce Employees were granted inducement awards consisting of restricted stock unit awards ("RSUs") to acquire an aggregate of 56,112 shares of the Company's common stock. The awards were granted pursuant to terms and conditions fixed by the Compensation Committee of the Board and as an inducement material to each new employee entering employment with the Company in accordance with Nasdaq Listing Rule 5635(c)(4). Of the 56,112 RSUs, subject to the applicable employee's continued service with Super League on each such vesting date; (i) 25% will vest upon the six (6) month anniversary of the Bounce Effective Date; and (ii) the remaining 75% shall thereafter vest monthly in arrears in 1/18th increments. In the event of termination without cause, the unvested portion of the RSUs fully vests. In the event of termination for cause, unvested RSUs are forfeited. The award also includes provisions that preserve vesting and employment terms upon a change in control, and provides for termination upon death or disability, consistent with standard employment and equity compensation arrangements. The RSUs are subject to the terms and conditions of the RSU agreement covering each grant.

In accordance with the acquisition method of accounting, the financial results of Super League presented herein include the financial results of Bounce subsequent to the Bounce Effective Date. Disclosure of revenue and net loss for Bounce on a stand-alone basis for the applicable periods presented is not practical due to the integration of Bounce activities, including sales, products, advertising inventory, resource allocation and related operating expense, with those of the Company upon acquisition, consistent with Super League operating in one reporting segment.

The Company determined that the Bounce Acquisition constitutes a business acquisition as defined by ASC 805, and therefore, the assets acquired in the transaction were recorded at their estimated acquisition date fair values. Transaction costs associated with the Bounce Acquisition were not material. No liabilities were assumed in connection with the Bounce Acquisition. Super League's preliminary purchase price allocation was based on an evaluation of the appropriate fair values of the assets acquired and represents management's best estimate based on available data. Fair values are determined based on the requirements of ASC 820.

The following table summarizes the determination of the fair value of the purchase price consideration paid in connection with the Bounce Acquisition, as of the Bounce Effective Date:

|                                        | <b>Amount</b>     |
|----------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Cash consideration                     | \$ 200,000        |
| Fair value of contingent consideration | 173,000           |
| Fair value of total consideration paid | <u>\$ 373,000</u> |

The preliminary purchase price allocation was based upon an estimate of the fair value of the assets acquired by the Company in connection with the Bounce Acquisition, as of the Bounce Effective Date, as follows:

|                                                 | Estimated<br>Useful Life (in<br>years) | Amount            |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------|
| <b>Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed:</b> |                                        |                   |
| Developed technology                            | 3.0                                    | \$ 285,000        |
| Customer relationships                          | 3.0                                    | 88,000            |
| Identifiable net assets acquired                |                                        | 373,000           |
| Total purchase price                            |                                        | <u>\$ 373,000</u> |

Contingent consideration is recorded as a liability in the accompanying balance sheet in accordance with ASC 480, which requires freestanding financial instruments where the Company is required to settle the obligation in cash or other assets to be recorded as a liability at fair value and re-valued at each reporting date, with changes in the fair value reported in the statements of comprehensive income (loss). The fair value of the Bounce Contingent Consideration on the respective valuation dates was determined utilizing a Monte Carlo simulation model and measured using Level 3 inputs, as described at Note 2. Assumptions utilized in connection with utilization of the Monte Carlo simulation model for the periods presented included a risk free interest rate of 3.47%, volatility rates ranging from 40% to 65%, and discount rate of 25%.

The fair value of estimated contingent consideration as the Bounce Effective Date and June 30, 2026, totaled \$173,000, with no change in fair value calculated from the Bounce Effective Date through June 30, 2026. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, aggregated amortization expense related to intangible assets acquired in connection with the Bounce Acquisition, totaled \$31,000 and \$61,000, respectively.

Management is primarily responsible for determining the fair value of the identifiable intangible assets acquired as of the Bounce Effective Date. Management considered a number of factors in connection with estimating fair values solely for the purpose of allocating the purchase price to the assets acquired. The analysis included a preliminary discounted cash flow analysis which estimated the future net cash flows expected to result from the respective assets acquired as of the Bounce Effective Date. A discount rate consistent with the risks associated with achieving the estimated net cash flows was used to estimate the present value of future estimated net cash flows. The Company is in the process of finalizing the estimates and assumptions developed in connection with the analysis of estimated fair values of intangible assets acquired solely for the purpose of allocating the purchase price to the assets acquired. Any adjustments to the fair values of intangible assets acquired, or estimates of economic useful lives of the intangible assets acquired, could impact the carrying value of those assets and potential goodwill, as well as the estimates of periodic amortization of intangible assets acquired to be reflected in the statement of comprehensive income (loss).

The fair values of the acquired intangible assets, as described above, were determined using the following methods:

| Description            | Valuation Method Applied                                                | Valuation Method Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Assumptions                                                                                            |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Customer relationships | Multi-Period Excess Earnings Method ("MPEEM") under the Income Approach | MPEEM is an application of the DCF Method, whereby revenue derived from the intangible asset is estimated using the overall business revenue, adjusted for attrition, obsolescence, cost of goods sold, operating expense, and taxes. Required returns attributable to other assets employed in the business are subtracted. The "excess" earnings are attributable to the intangible asset and are discounted to present value at a rate of return to estimate the fair value of the intangible asset.                                                                       | Risk free rate: 3.71%;<br>Discount rate: 25.0%;<br>Forecast period: 5 years;<br>Attrition Rate: 65.0%. |
| Developed technology   | Income-Based Approach                                                   | The Company estimated the fair value of developed technology using an income-based approach, specifically a discounted cash flow methodology, which measures value based on the present value of expected future cash flows over the asset's estimated economic life. These projections incorporate market participant assumptions regarding revenue growth, profitability, and lifecycle characteristics of comparable assets. The resulting cash flows are discounted using asset-specific rates that reflect the risks associated with the asset, consistent with ASC 820. | Risk free rate: 3.71%;<br>Discount rate: 25.0%;<br>Forecast period: 5 years;                           |

For tax purposes, consistent with the accounting for book purposes, the Bounce Acquisition consideration was allocated to the assets acquired based on their estimated fair values as of the Bounce Effective Date, with no excess purchase price allocated to goodwill. No deferred tax assets or liabilities were recorded with the acquisition.

The following unaudited pro forma combined results of operations for the periods presented are provided for illustrative purposes only. The unaudited pro forma combined statements of comprehensive income (loss) assume the acquisition occurred as of January 1, 2025. The unaudited pro forma combined financial results do not purport to be indicative of the results of operations for future periods or the results that actually would have been realized had the entities been a single entity during these periods.

|                 | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |              | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, |              |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|--------------|
|                 | 2026                           | 2025         | 2026                         | 2025         |
| <b>Revenue</b>  | \$ 3,009,000                   | \$ 3,014,000 | \$ 6,012,000                 | \$ 5,743,000 |
| <b>Net Loss</b> | (4,390,000)                    | (2,810,000)  | (8,441,000)                  | (6,983,000)  |

Pro forma adjustments primarily relate to the amortization of identifiable intangible assets acquired over the estimated economic useful life, as described above and the exclusion of nonrecurring transaction costs.

#### *Other*

#### *Investment in Hide or OOF! Roblox Game*

In January 2026, the Company acquired economic and contractual interests in the Roblox digital property commonly referred to as “Hide or OOF!,” (formerly known as Hide or Die!) pursuant to an Investment and Brand Partnership Agreement (“HOO Agreement”) dated January 5, 2026 (“HOO Effective Date”).

Pursuant to the HOO Agreement, the Company transferred total consideration of \$202,000 in exchange for certain rights associated with the Hide or OOF! digital property. The consideration consisted of \$165,000 in cash and 4,326 shares of the Company’s restricted common stock valued at \$37,000. In connection with the investment, the Company obtained (i) a fifteen percent (15.0%) equity ownership interest in Hide or OOF!, (ii) a contractual right to receive fifteen percent (15.0%) of Hide or OOF!’s gross revenue, as paid in Robux, post-Roblox split, for the existence of the game, (iii) a contractual right to receive a twelve percent (12.0%) fee on certain direct brand transactions, and (iv) exclusive rights with respect to certain brand partnership opportunities and related placement economics. The agreement also contains a right of first refusal with respect to future sales of equity ownership interests and economic interests in the property. Management evaluated these rights to determine which elements represent distinct assets and how the total consideration should be allocated to the assets acquired. The Company utilized the relative fair value method to allocate total consideration to the identifiable elements based on their relative standalone fair values as of the HOO Effective Date.

Management estimated the fair value of the acquired assets using income-based valuation techniques, primarily discounted cash flow (“DCF”) methodologies, consistent with the fair value measurement framework in ASC 820 which permits the use of present value techniques when observable market inputs are limited. For the contractual revenue participation right and the equity ownership interest, management projected expected future cash flows over the assets’ finite economic lives based on market participant assumptions, including observed lifecycle patterns of comparable Roblox properties, and discounted those cash flows to present value. The direct brand transaction fee stream was similarly valued using a probability-weighted DCF approach to reflect uncertainty in transaction volume and timing, while the exclusive commercialization rights were valued using a with-and-without method to isolate the incremental economic benefit attributable to exclusivity, with the resulting differential cash flows discounted to present value.

Across all assets, management applied asset-specific discount rates developed using a build-up approach, reflecting the risks inherent in early-stage, single-game digital assets, including platform dependency, revenue concentration, limited operating history, and volatility in user engagement and monetization. These discount rates are intended to approximate the return expectations of market participants, and result in higher-than-average discount rates relative to traditional operating businesses. In addition, consistent with the finite lifecycle characteristics of comparable digital gaming assets, management applied limited or no terminal value assumptions, such that the estimated fair values are primarily driven by explicitly forecasted cash flows.

The consideration paid was allocated to the assets acquired as follows:

|                                         | Amount            |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Contractual Revenue Participation Right | \$ 90,000         |
| Direct Brand Transaction Fee Stream     | 32,000            |
| Exclusive Commercialization Rights      | 45,000            |
| Equity Ownership Interest               | 35,000            |
| <b>Total</b>                            | <b>\$ 202,000</b> |

Assumptions utilized in connection with utilization of the discounted cash flow method included discount rates ranging from 30% to 35%, useful lives of approximately four years, and discount for lack of marketability of 10% to 20%. The assets acquired were recorded at their individual estimated fair values on the date of acquisition, and will subsequently be assessed for impairment at each balance sheet date, with any impairment reflected as a charge in the statement of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

*Investment in Solsten, Inc.*

In January 2026, the Company invested \$200,000 in Solsten, Inc. (“Solsten”) an AI-driven audience intelligence company specializing in psychology-based consumer insights, through a Simple Agreement for Future Equity (“SAFE”), which provides the Company with the right to receive equity in a future financing event, subject to the terms and conditions of the SAFE agreement. The SAFE does not represent a current equity ownership interest but rather a forward contract to acquire equity upon the occurrence of specified events, including a qualifying equity financing or liquidity event, at which point the instrument will either convert into preferred stock or entitle the Company to receive the greater of its invested amount or the value of the underlying equity on an as-converted basis. The investment is included in other noncurrent assets in the accompanying balance sheets.

The SAFE is accounted for as a non-marketable equity investment within the scope of ASC 321, “Investments – Equity Securities” and is recorded at cost, subject to impairment and observable price adjustments for identical or similar investments of the same issuer.

## **5. DEBT**

*Promissory Notes Accounted for at Fair Value*

*Agile I*

On November 8, 2024 (the “Agile I Effective Date”), the Company entered into a loan agreement with Agile Capital Funding, LLC, as collateral agent (“Agile”) (the “Agile I Loan Agreement”), pursuant to which the Company issued to Agile a Confessed Judgment Secured Promissory Note for an aggregate value of \$1.85 million (the “Agile I Note”). Pursuant to the Agile I Loan Agreement, (i) the Agile I Note matured 28 weeks from the Agile I Effective Date; (ii) carried an aggregate total interest payment of approximately \$0.78 million (the “Applicable Rate”), and (iii) immediately upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default (as defined in the Agile I Loan Agreement), interest accrued at a fixed per annum rate equal to the Applicable Rate plus five percent, or 42%. The Company was required to repay all the obligations due under the Agile I Loan Agreement and the Agile I Note in 28 equal payments of \$93,821 with the first payment being made to Agile on November 14, 2024, and every seven days thereafter until the Maturity Date. The proceeds received from the Agile I Note were used to fund general working capital needs.

On February 10, 2025, in connection with entering into the Agile II Loan Agreement as described below, the Company paid the remaining balance of the Agile I Note, including interest for the remaining term, totaling \$1.5 million.

*Agile II*

On February 10, 2025 (the “Agile II Effective Date”), the Company entered into a Business Loan and Security Agreement (the “Agile II Loan Agreement”), with Agile Capital Funding, LLC as collateral agent (“Collateral Agent”), and Agile), pursuant to which the Company issued to Agile a Confessed Judgment Secured Promissory Note for an aggregate value of \$2.5 million (the “Agile II Note”). Pursuant to the Agile II Loan Agreement, (i) the Agile II Note matures 32 weeks from the Agile II Effective Date; (ii) carried an aggregate total interest payment of approximately \$1.05 million, and (iii) immediately upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default (as defined in the Agile II Loan Agreement), interest would accrue at a fixed per annum rate equal to the applicable rate plus five percent, or 42%. The Company was required to repay all the obligations due under the Agile II Loan Agreement and the Agile II Note in 32 equal payments of \$110,937, with the first payment being made to Agile on February 17, 2025, and every seven days thereafter until the maturity date. The proceeds received from the Agile II Note will be used to fund general working capital needs.

In connection with entering into the Agile II Loan Agreement, the Company was required to pay an administrative fee of \$125,000 to the Collateral Agent, which was paid at the closing out of proceeds of the issuance of the Agile II Note and expensed in “other income (expense)” in the statements of comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2025. \$1.5 million of the Agile II Note was used to repay the remaining balance of principal and interest under the Agile I Note, with net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$875,000.

On July 10, 2025, the Company entered into an exchange agreement (the “Agile Exchange Agreement”) with Agile, pursuant to which the Company and Agile agreed that in exchange for the surrender and forgiveness of the Agile II Note, dated February 7, 2025, with the remaining amount of principal and interest thereunder being \$1,331,250, Agile received (a) 3,678 shares of common stock (the “Agile Exchange Shares”), (b) pre-funded warrants to purchase 14,419 shares of common stock (the “Agile Pre-Funded Warrants”, and collectively with the Agile Exchange Shares, the “Agile Exchange Securities”), with the Agile Exchange Securities valued at a price of \$68.04, such amount above the Nasdaq Minimum Price, and (c) four equal cash payments of \$25,000 to Agile, totaling \$100,000.

The July 10, 2025 exchange of the balance of the Agile II Note for shares of the Company’s common stock was accounted for as an extinguishment of the Agile II Note, resulting in the derecognition of the related liability and the recording of the fair value of the equity securities and other assets exchanged on the date of settlement. The Agile II Note was accounted for under the FVO, and therefore, the carrying amount of the Agile II Note immediately prior to settlement represented its fair value at the settlement date. The fair value of the common stock and cash payments exceeded the fair value of the Agile II Note on the date of the exchange resulting in a loss on extinguishment of a liability totaling \$256,000, which was included in other income (expense) in the statements of comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2025.

*1800 Diagonal Lending I*

On March 26, 2025, the Company and 1800 Diagonal Lending, LLC, a Virginia limited liability company, or registered assignees entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement, pursuant to which the Company issued a Convertible Promissory Note in the principal amount of \$300,000, for which the Diagonal Note, among other things, (a) matured on December 30, 2025 (unless otherwise accelerated upon an Event of Default (as defined below)), (b) accrued interest at a rate of 10% per annum on the unpaid principal balance from the date the Diagonal Note was issued (the “Diagonal Issuance Date”) until the principal and interest became due and payable, whether on the Maturity Date or upon acceleration by prepayment or otherwise, (c) began to accrue interest on the Diagonal Issuance Date but would not be payable until the Diagonal Note became payable, and (d) interest accrued at a rate of 22% per annum for any amount of principal or interest which was not paid as required under the Diagonal Note, or during an Event of Default.

The Diagonal Note was issued with an Original Issue Discount of 4.75% (the “OID”), with net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$279,000 after deducting the OID, reimbursement of Diagonal’s expenses in an amount equal to \$7,000 (expensed in the statements of operation for the six months ended June 30, 2025), and other estimated offering expenses. The Company used the net proceeds from the offering for working capital and general corporate purposes.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, Diagonal converted an aggregate principal and interest amount under the Diagonal Note of \$320,000 into shares of the Company’s common stock at an average price of \$28.44 per share, resulting in the issuance of 11,334 shares of common stock to Diagonal. As of December 31, 2025, the Diagonal Note was fully extinguished.

*1800 Diagonal Lending II*

On May 12, 2025, the Company and Diagonal entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement, pursuant to which the Company issued a Convertible Promissory Note (the “Diagonal II Note”) in the principal amount of \$145,200 (the “Diagonal II Principal”), for which the Diagonal II Note, among other things, (a) matured on February 15, 2026 (unless otherwise accelerated upon an Event of Default (as defined below)) (the “Diagonal II Maturity Date”), (b) accrued interest at a rate of 10% per annum on the unpaid principal balance from the date the Diagonal II Note was issued (the “Diagonal II Issuance Date”) until the principal and interest becomes due and payable, whether on the Maturity Date or upon acceleration by prepayment or otherwise, (c) interest began to accrue on the Diagonal II Issuance Date but would not be payable until the Diagonal II Note became payable, and (d) interest would accrue at a rate of 22% per annum for any amount of principal or interest which is not paid as required under the Diagonal II Note, or during an Event of Default.

The Diagonal II Note was issued with an Original Issue Discount of 4.75% (the “OID”), with net proceeds to the Company of \$125,000 after deducting the OID, reimbursement of Diagonal’s expenses in an amount equal to \$7,000 (expensed in the statement of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025), and other estimated offering expenses. The Company used the net proceeds from the offering for working capital and general corporate purposes.

During the year December 31, 2025, Diagonal converted an aggregate principal and interest amount under the Diagonal II Note of \$157,000 into shares of the Company’s Common Stock at an average price of \$9.72 per share, resulting in the issuance of 13,084 shares of Common Stock to Diagonal. As of December 31, 2025, the Diagonal II Note was fully extinguished.

*Belleau Note Purchase Agreement*

On March 28, 2025, the Company entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the “Belleau Purchase Agreement”) with Belleau Wood Capital, LP, or its assignees (“Belleau”). Pursuant to the Belleau Purchase Agreement, the Company will issue to Belleau a total of three Unsecured Promissory Notes (each, a “Belleau Note” and collectively, the “Belleau Notes”) with an aggregate principal amount of \$1,500,000 (the “Belleau Principal”). Each of the Belleau Notes (x) matured on the date that was 12 months from the date of the issuance of each respective Belleau Note (collectively, the “Belleau Maturity Date”); (y) may be prepaid in part or in full at any time by the Company without penalty; and (z) accrued interest at a rate of 20% simple interest per annum (the “Belleau Interest Rate”, and the dollar value of the accrued interest, the “Belleau Interest”). The Company used the proceeds from the sale of the Belleau Notes for working capital and general corporate purposes.

The Belleau Interest that accrued on each respective Belleau Note was payable on each respective Belleau Maturity Date in the form of restricted shares of the Company’s common stock equal to 20% of the Belleau Principal, calculated at a price per share of \$168.00. In the event of a prepayment of any Belleau Note by the Company, the Belleau Interest would be payable in full at the time of such prepayment.



On August 11, 2025, the Company and Belleau entered into an Amended & Restated Unsecured Promissory Note, pursuant to which the Belleau Principal was reduced to \$1,250,000. The Company used the proceeds from the sale of the Belleau Notes for working capital and general corporate purposes. During the three months ended September 30, 2025, the Company repaid \$250,000 of principal on the Belleau Note.

Effective October 22, 2025, the Company and Belleau Wood Capital, LP (“Belleau”) entered into an exchange agreement, pursuant to which the Company and Belleau agreed (a) to convert the remaining principal amount of \$1.0 million due under the Belleau Note into 83,334 shares of common stock, valued at \$12.00 per share, simultaneous with the close of the October 2025 PIPE (the “Note Exchange Consideration”), and (b) issue Belleau a common stock purchase warrant to purchase the sum of 10,417 shares of common stock, in form similar to the October 2025 PIPE Warrants (the “Belleau Warrants”), except the warrants will be exercisable for a period of two (2) years.

The exchange of the remaining balance of the Belleau Note for common stock and common stock purchase warrants, as described above, was accounted for as an exchange of debt for equity, resulting in a loss on exchange totaling \$1,871,000, reflected in other income (expense) in the statement of comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2025. The Belleau Note was accounted for under the FVO, and therefore, the carrying amount of the Belleau Note immediately prior to the exchange represented its fair value at the exchange date. The fair value of the Belleau Warrants was estimated utilizing Black-Scholes, with inputs including term of 2 years, stock price of \$31.20, volatility of 93% and risk-free interest rate of 3.45%.

#### *Related Party Promissory Note*

On November 19, 2024 (the “RP Effective Date”), the Company entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the “RP Purchase Agreement”) with a non-employee member of the Board (the “Note Purchaser”). Pursuant to the RP Purchase Agreement, the Company issued to the Note Purchaser an Unsecured Promissory Note (the “RP Note”) in the amount of \$1,500,000 (the “RP Principal”), for which the RP Note (i) matured on the date that was 12 months from the RP Effective Date (the “RP Maturity Date”), (ii) may be pre-paid at any time by the Company without penalty, and (iii) accrued interest on the RP Principal at a rate of 40% simple interest per annum (the “RP Interest”). The RP Interest was payable on the RP Maturity Date. In the event of a prepayment of the RP Note by the Company, the RP Interest would be pro-rated for the period the RP Note is outstanding. The Company utilized the proceeds for working capital and general corporate purposes.

On June 13, 2025, the Company entered into an amendment to the RP Note (the “RP Amendment”). Pursuant to the RP Amendment, (a) the maturity date of the RP Note was extended to November 19, 2026; (b) beginning on November 19, 2025, interest no longer accrued on the remaining Principal outstanding; and (c) the Company agreed to make monthly payments of \$175,000, with such payments to start on November 19, 2025, and continue thereafter for twelve months, at which time the RP Note would be paid in full.

On July 7, 2025, the Company entered into an exchange agreement with the Michael Keller Trust (the “Trust”) (“RP Exchange Agreement”), pursuant to which the Company and the Trust agreed that in exchange for the surrender and forgiveness of RP Note, with the principal and interest thereon being equal to \$1,878,082, the Trust would be granted (a) 1,500,000 shares of Series AAAA Jr. Convertible Preferred Stock, and (b) cash payments totaling \$378,000, such payments to be made in equal monthly installments of approximately \$63,000, commencing on October 15, 2025, and concluding on March 15, 2026.

The July 7, 2025 exchange of the balance of the RP Note for shares of the Company’s Series AAAA Junior Preferred Stock was accounted for as an extinguishment of the RP Note, resulting in the derecognition of the related liability and the recording of the fair value of the Series AAAA Jr. Preferred Stock exchanged on the date of settlement. The RP Note was accounted for under the FVO, and therefore, the carrying amount of the RP Note immediately prior to settlement represented its fair value at the settlement date, resulting in a loss on extinguishment totaling \$26,000. The \$378,000 of accrued cash payments were included as a component of the change in fair value of the RP Note for the year ended December 31, 2025, which is included in other income (expense) in the statement of comprehensive income (loss).

The Agile I Note, Agile II Note, Diagonal Note, Belleau Note and the RP Note were accounted for at fair value as described in Note 2, measured using Level 3 inputs with the following impact on the condensed financial statements for the applicable periods referenced:

|                                                                           | <b>Agile I<br/>Note</b> | <b>Agile II<br/>Note</b> | <b>Belleau<br/>Note</b> | <b>Diagonal I<br/>Note</b> | <b>Diagonal<br/>II Note</b> | <b>RP Note</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Interest paid during the three months ended June 30, 2025 <sup>(2)</sup>  | \$ -                    | \$ 426,000               | \$ -                    | \$ -                       | \$ -                        | \$ -           |
| Interest expense during the six months ended June 30, 2025 <sup>(2)</sup> | 563,000                 | 656,000                  | -                       | -                          | -                           | 148,000        |
| Change in fair value - three months ended June 30, 2025 <sup>(2)</sup>    | -                       | 164,000                  | (4,000)                 | 24,000                     | (8,000)                     | (121,000)      |
| Change in fair value - six months ended June 30, 2025 <sup>(2)</sup>      | (178,000)               | 67,000                   | (6,000)                 | 24,000                     | (8,000)                     | 35,000         |
| Debt issue costs <sup>(1)</sup>                                           | 180,000                 | 125,000                  | -                       | 7,000                      | 7,000                       | -              |
| Interest Rate / Discount rate                                             | 42%/42%                 | 42%/42%                  | 20%/42%                 | 10%/42%                    | 10%/42%                     | 40%/42%        |

(1) Debt issue costs incurred in connection with the Agile Loan included administrative fee of \$92,500 to the collateral agent and advisor fees. Debt issuance costs are reflected in “other expense” in the condensed statements of comprehensive loss.

(2) Reflected in interest expense in the condensed statements of comprehensive loss.

*Superbiz Note*

On October 4, 2021, the Company entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with Super Biz Co. and the founders of Super Biz (the “Founders”), pursuant to which the Company acquired (i) substantially all of the assets of Super Biz, and (ii) the personal goodwill of the Founders regarding Super Biz’s business, (the “Super Biz Acquisition”).

*Issuance of Promissory Note.* In August 2024, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note to the Founders in connection with the accrued contingent consideration outstanding related to the final earn out period, with a principal amount totaling approximately \$1.8 million (“Super Biz Note”).

On June 13, 2025, the Company entered into: (a) Amendment No. 1 to Super Biz Note (the “Drozdov Amendment”), originally issued on August 1, 2024, to Sam Drozdov (“Drozdov”)(the “Drozdov Note”); (b) Amendment No. 1 to Super Biz Note (the “Khakshoor Amendment”), originally issued on August 1, 2024, to Ben Khakshoor (“Khakshoor”) (the “Khakshoor Note”); and (c) Amendment No. 1 to Super Biz Note (the “Firepit Amendment”, and collectively with the Drozdov Amendment and the Khakshoor Amendment, the “Super Biz Note Amendments”), originally issued on August 1, 2024, to Firepit Partners Co. (f/k/a Bloxbiz Co.) (“Firepit”, and collectively with Drozdov and Khakshoor, the “Super Biz Lenders”) (the “Firepit Note”, and collectively with the Drozdov Note and the Khakshoor Note, the “Super Biz Amended Notes”).

Pursuant to the Super Biz Note Amendments: (a) the maturity date for each of the Super Biz Amended Notes was extended to August 1, 2025 (the “Amended Maturity Date”); and (b) beginning on June 1, 2025, through the Amended Maturity Date, the interest rate on each of the Super Biz Amended Notes was increased to 20%. As consideration for entering into the Super Biz Note Amendments, the Company agreed to pay: (x) two payments of \$18,750 to each of Drozdov and Khakshoor; and (y) two payments of \$12,500 to Firepit (collectively, the “Consideration Payments”). The first Consideration Payment was paid on June 15, 2025, and the second Consideration Payment was made on July 15, 2025.

The modification of the Super Biz Note was accounted for as a modification as the lender did not grant any concessions and the debt terms were not determined to be “substantially different” from the original debt as described at Note 2.

*Accounts Receivable Financing Facility*

Super League Enterprise, Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries (collectively with the Company, the “Borrowers”), entered into a Financing and Security Agreement (the “SLR Agreement”) with SLR Digital Finance, LLC (“Lender”), effective December 17, 2023 (the “Facility Effective Date”). Pursuant to the SLR Agreement, Lender may, from time to time and in its sole discretion, make certain cash advances to the Company (each an “Advance”, and collectively, “Advances”), against the face amounts of certain uncollected accounts receivable of the Borrowers on an account-by-account basis (each, a “Financed Account”, and collectively, the “Accounts”), at a rate of 85% multiplied by the face value of such Account (the “Advance Rate”), less any reserved funds and any other amounts due to Lender from Borrowers, up to a maximum aggregate Advance amount of \$4,000,000 (the “Maximum Amount”)(collectively, the “AR Facility”). Upon receipt of any Advance, Borrowers assigned all of its rights in such receivables and all proceeds thereof. The proceeds received from the Facility will be used to fund general working capital needs. On June 10, 2025, the AR Facility was terminated.

Transfers of financial assets that do not qualify for sale accounting are reported as collateralized borrowings. Financing and servicing fees calculated with reference to amounts advanced under the AR Facility are included in interest expense. The commitment fee, based on the maximum facility amount and payable irrespective of drawdowns, is expensed on a straight-line basis over the term of the AR Facility and included in other income (expense) in the statements of comprehensive income (loss).

Total amounts advanced and repaid under the AR Facility for the six months ended June 30, 2025 are reflected in financing activities in the condensed statements of cash flows. The AR Facility had no activity during the 2026 periods presented herein as the facility was terminated in June 2025. Interest expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 totaled \$37,000 and \$45,000, respectively. Commitment fee expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 totaled \$63,000 and \$73,000, respectively.

## 6. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND EQUITY-LINKED INSTRUMENTS

### *General*

#### *Reverse Stock Split*

On January 16, 2026, the Company filed an amendment to the Company's Third Amended Certificate, to effect a reverse stock split of the Company's issued and outstanding shares of common stock at a ratio of 1-for-12 (the "2026 Reverse Split") (the "2026 Amendment"). The 2026 Amendment became effective on January 23, 2026. As a result of the 2026 Reverse Split, every 12 shares of the Company's issued and outstanding common stock was automatically combined and converted into one issued and outstanding share of common stock. The 2026 Reverse Split was approved by the Company's Board on January 2, 2026, and approved by the stockholders of the Company on June 9, 2025.

All references to common stock, warrants to purchase common stock, options to purchase common stock, restricted stock, share data, per share data and related information contained in the financial statements have been retroactively adjusted to reflect the effect of the 2026 Reverse Split (and all other reverse splits described herein) for all periods presented.

### *Common Stock*

#### *Equity Financings*

On May 30, 2025, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with certain investors, which provided for the sale and issuance by the Company in a registered direct offering (the "May III Offering") of an aggregate of (i) 79,750 shares of the Company's common stock, at a purchase price of \$4.80 per share (the "May III Shares"), and (ii) pre-funded warrants to purchase up to 59,833 shares of common stock at a purchase price of \$4.79 per pre-funded warrant (the "May III Pre-Funded Warrants" and, together with the May III Shares, the "May III Securities"), which represents the per share price for the May III Shares less the exercise price of \$0.00001 per share. The May III Offering closed on June 2, 2025. The aggregate gross proceeds to the Company from the May III Offering were approximately \$670,000, before deducting placement agent commissions and other estimated offering expenses. The Company utilized the net proceeds of the May III Offering for working capital and general corporate purposes, as well as to repay a portion of the Company's indebtedness.

On May 30, 2025, the Company also entered into a placement agent agreement (the "May III Placement Agent Agreement") with Aegis Capital Corp. (the "Placement Agent"). Pursuant to the terms of the May III Placement Agent Agreement, the Placement Agent agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to arrange for the sale of the securities in the May III Offering. The Company agreed to pay the Placement Agent a cash fee equal to 8% of the aggregate gross proceeds from the sale of the May III Securities. The Company also agreed to reimburse the Placement Agent for certain expenses.

On May 29, 2025, the Company entered into an underwriting agreement (the "May II Underwriting Agreement") with Aegis Capital Corp., (the "Underwriter"), relating to the Company's public offering (the "May II Offering") of 104,167 shares (the "May II Shares") of its common stock. Pursuant to the May II Underwriting Agreement, the Company also granted the Underwriter a 45-day option ("May II Option") to purchase an additional 10,417 shares of common stock (the "May II Option Securities", and together with the Shares, the "May II Securities"). On May 30, 2025, the Company issued the May II Shares and closed the May II Offering at a public price of \$4.80 per share, for net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$380,000 after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by the Company. The Company utilized the net proceeds of the May II Offering for working capital and general corporate purposes, as well as to repay a portion of the Company's indebtedness. On May 29, 2025, the Underwriter delivered notice to the Company that it elected to exercise the May II Option with respect to an aggregate of 10,417 May II Option Securities. The closing of the sale of the May II Option Shares occurred on May 30, 2025.

On May 9, 2025, the Company entered into an underwriting agreement (the "May I Underwriting Agreement") with the Underwriter, relating to the Company's public offering (the "May I Offering") of 127,941 shares (the "May I Shares") of its common stock, par value \$0.001 per share. Pursuant to the May I Underwriting Agreement, the Company also granted the Underwriters a 45-day option ("May I Option") to purchase an additional 19,191 shares of common stock (the "May I Option Securities", and together with the Shares, the "May I Securities"). On May 12, 2025, the Company issued the firm May I Securities and closed the May I Offering at a public price of \$6.80 per share, for net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$700,400 after deducting underwriting discounts, commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by the Company. On May 14, 2025, the Underwriter partially exercised its May I Option and purchased an additional 15,441 shares of common stock at a price of \$6.80 per share, before deducting underwriting discounts. The issuance by the Company of the May I Option Securities resulted in total gross proceeds of approximately \$104,999, before deducting underwriting discounts, commissions, and other offering expenses payable by the Company. The Company utilized the net proceeds of the May I Offering for working capital and general corporate purposes, as well as to repay a portion of the Company's indebtedness.

#### *Yield Point Equity Line of Credit*

On July 10, 2025 (the “YP Execution Date”), the Company, entered into an equity purchase agreement (the “YP Equity Purchase Agreement”) with Yield Point. Under the YP Equity Purchase Agreement, the Company has the right, but not the obligation, to direct Yield Point to purchase up to \$20,000,000 (the “Maximum Commitment Amount”) in shares of common stock of the Company upon satisfaction of certain terms and conditions contained in the YP Equity Purchase Agreement, including, without limitation, an effective registration statement filed with SEC registering the resale of the shares of Put Stock (defined below) and the shares of Commitment Stock (defined below) and additional shares to be sold to Yield Point from time to time under the YP Equity Purchase Agreement. The original term of the YP Equity Purchase Agreement began on the YP Execution Date and ended on the earlier of (i) the date on which Yield Point shall have purchased shares of common stock issued, or that the Company shall be entitled to issue, per any applicable Put Notice in accordance with the terms and conditions of the YP Equity Purchase Agreement (the “Put Stock”) equal to the Maximum Commitment Amount (as defined in the YP Equity Purchase Agreement), (ii) the date that is thirty-six (36) months from the date the registration statement is declared effective, (iii) written notice of termination by the Company to Yield Point (which shall not occur at any time that Yield Point holds any of the shares of Put Stock, or within 30 days of the sale to Yield Point of Put Stock), or (iv) written notice of termination by Yield Point to the Company (the “Commitment Period”).

In consideration for Yield Point’s execution and delivery of, and performance under the YP Equity Purchase Agreement, on the Execution Date, the Company issued pre-funded warrants to purchase common stock (to Yield Point in a form acceptable to Yield Point in its sole discretion and having an exercise price per share of \$0.001 (the “Commitment Stock”) having a value of \$600,000 based on closing price of the common stock on July 9, 2025. All of the shares of Commitment Stock were fully earned as of the Execution Date, and the issuance of the shares of Commitment Stock is not contingent upon any other event or condition, including, without limitation, the effectiveness of the Initial Registration Statement (defined below) or the Company’s submission of a Put Notice to Yield Point and irrespective of any termination of the YP Equity Purchase Agreement. The fair value of the Commitment Stock was recorded in Deferred Financing costs included in prepaids and other assets in the company balance sheet as of December 31, 2025.

On June 3, 2026, the Company entered into the Series C Redemption Agreement with the Series C Holder pursuant to which the Company and the Series C Holder, among other items, agreed to the termination of a certain equity purchase agreement between the Series C Holder and the Company, dated July 10, 2025 (the “*Series C Purchase Agreement*”), including, without limitation, the termination of any and all agreements, instruments and documents entered into in connection therewith, so that neither the Company nor the Series C Holder shall have any further rights, obligations, or liabilities under the Series C Purchase Agreement (“Series C Redemption”). In connection with the termination of the equity purchase agreement, the Company expensed \$825,000 of deferred financing costs which is reflected in other income (expense) in the statement of comprehensive income (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026. Of the total deferred financing costs expensed, \$600,000 related to the Commitment Stock issued to Yield Point, as described above, and therefore represented noncash financing costs.

#### *Hudson Equity Line of Credit*

On February 14, 2025, the Company entered into an equity purchase agreement (the “Hudson Equity Purchase Agreement”) with Hudson Global Ventures, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company (“Hudson”). Pursuant to the Hudson Equity Purchase Agreement, the Company had the right, but not the obligation, to sell to Hudson, and Hudson is obligated to purchase, up to \$2.9 million of newly issued shares of the Company’s common stock, from time to time during the term of the Hudson Equity Purchase Agreement, subject to certain limitations and conditions (the “Hudson Offering” or “Hudson ELOC”). As consideration for Hudson’s commitment to purchase shares of common stock under the Hudson Equity Purchase Agreement, the Company issued to Hudson 625 shares of common stock, valued at \$159,000, following the execution of the Hudson Equity Purchase Agreement (the “Hudson Commitment Shares”).

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company sold 1,494 shares of common stock, respectively, under the Hudson ELOC at an average per share price of \$163.20, raising net proceeds totaling \$231,000. The Hudson Equity Purchase Agreement was terminated effective May 8, 2025. The Company utilized the net proceeds from the Hudson Offering for working capital and general corporate purposes, including sales and marketing activities, product development and capital expenditures.

#### ***Preferred Stock***

***Series C Preferred Stock.*** On October 22, 2025, the Company filed the COD of the Series C Senior Convertible Preferred Stock (the “Series C COD”), designating 4,700 shares of Series C Senior Convertible Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share (“Series C Preferred”). At December 31, 2025, there were 1,153 shares of Series C Preferred issued and outstanding. Pursuant to the Series C COD, the Series C Preferred Stock, among other terms: (i) ranks, with respect to dividend rights and rights upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, senior to all classes of common stock and each other class or series of equity security of the Company which is not expressly senior or on parity with the Series C Preferred Stock ; (ii) the Series C Preferred Stock shall remain outstanding until the Series C Preferred Stock is converted into common stock either optionally by the holder or automatically pursuant to its terms described below, and will automatically be converted into common stock on the eighteen-month anniversary of effectiveness of the registration statement relating to the shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the Series C Preferred Stock ; (iii) the shares of Series C Preferred Stock when converted, subject to certain beneficial ownership limitations, into shares of the Company’s common stock, will have a conversion price of \$12.00, with a stated value of \$1,000; and (iv) subject to certain limitations set forth in the Series C COD, the holders of Series C Preferred Stock are entitled to vote on all matters submitted to the stockholders for a vote together with the holders of the common stock as a single class, on an as-converted basis.

On June 3, 2026, the Company entered into a Redemption Agreement (the “Series C Redemption Agreement”) with the sole holder (the “Series C Holder”) of the Company’s Series C Preferred, pursuant to which the Company agreed to pay the Series C Holder a one-time cash payment of \$922,400 (the “Series C Agreement Consideration”) in exchange for the Series C Holder agreeing to (i) the Company’s redemption and cancellation of all 1,153 outstanding shares of Series C Preferred, and (ii) the termination of a certain equity purchase agreement between the Series C Holder and the Company, dated July 10, 2025 (the “Series C Purchase Agreement”), including, without limitation, the termination of any and all agreements, instruments and documents entered into in connection therewith, so that neither the Company nor the Series C Holder shall have any further rights, obligations, or liabilities under the Series C Purchase Agreement (“Series C Redemption”). The Series C Redemption Agreement further contains a release by each of the Company and the Series C Holder releasing the other party from any and all claims, demands, actions, causes of action, liabilities, damages, costs, and expenses of any kind or nature whatsoever, whether known or unknown, arising out of or relating to the Series C Preferred or the Series C Purchase Agreement. On June 8, 2026, the Company paid the Series C Agreement Consideration to the Series C Holder in full satisfaction of its obligations under the Series C Redemption Agreement.

Upon redemption of preferred stock, the difference between (1) the fair value of the consideration transferred to the holders of the preferred stock and (2) the carrying amount of the preferred stock in the registrant’s balance sheet (net of issuance costs) is subtracted from (or added to) net income (loss) to arrive at income available to common stockholders in the calculation of earnings (loss) per share. If the fair value of the consideration transferred is greater than the carrying amount of the shares surrendered, (1) retained earnings is reduced by the difference (or additional paid-in capital in the absence of retained earnings), and (2) earnings available to common shareholders is reduced by the difference. If the fair value of the consideration transferred is less than the carrying amount of the shares surrendered, the difference is credited to retained earnings and added to earnings available to common shareholders. As a result of the Series C Redemption the Company recorded a deemed dividend totaling (\$427,000), crediting accumulated deficit and debiting additional paid in capital for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026.

#### *Preferred Stock Dividends*

The Company paid or accrued common stock dividends on outstanding preferred stock for the periods presented as follows:

*For The Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2026:*

| <b>Series Designation</b> | <b>Date</b>     | <b>Dividend Shares</b> | <b>Fair Value Shares <sup>(1)</sup></b> |
|---------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Series AAAA Junior        | January 1, 2026 | 34,575                 | \$ 253,000                              |

*Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2025:*

| <b>Series Designation</b> | <b>Date</b>      | <b>Dividend Shares</b> | <b>Fair Value Shares Issued <sup>(1)</sup></b> |
|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Series A-5                | February 4, 2025 | 54                     | \$ 1,000                                       |
| Series AA                 | April 28, 2025   | 6,359                  | 89,000                                         |
| Series AA-3               | May 1, 2025      | 66                     | 1,000                                          |
| Series AA-4               | May 21, 2025     | 1,348                  | 9,000                                          |
| Series AA-5               | May 30, 2025     | 118                    | 1,000                                          |
|                           |                  | 7,945                  | \$ 101,000                                     |

(1) Fair valued based on the closing price of the Company’s common stock on the respective common stock dividend payment date.

#### *Change in Fair Value of Warrant Liability*

##### *Series AAA Junior -3 and Series AAA Junior – 4 Warrants*

The Series AAA Junior-3 and Series AAA Junior-4 subscription agreements entered into in September 2024, included the sale of an aggregate of 1,096 units (the “Units”), each Unit consisting of (i) one share of newly designated Series AAA-3 Junior Convertible Preferred Stock or Series AAA-4 Junior Convertible Preferred Stock, as reflected in the table above, and (ii) a warrant to purchase 3 shares of the Company’s common stock (the “September 2024 Series AAA Junior Investor Warrants”), at a purchase price of \$1,000 per Unit, for aggregate gross proceeds to the Company of approximately \$1,096,000.

The September 2024 Series AAA Junior Investor Warrants do not meet the requirements for equity classification, and therefore, the fair value of the September 2024 Series AAA Junior Investor Warrants are recorded as a liability on the balance sheets and re-valued at each reporting date, with changes in the fair value reported in the statements of comprehensive income (loss). There was no change in fair value for the September 2024 Series AAA Junior Investor Warrants for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, respectively. The change in fair value for the September 2024 Series AAA Junior Investor Warrants for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 totaled (\$58,000) and (\$328,000), respectively.

#### *Placement Agent Warrants*

The Placement Agent Warrants issued in connection with the Series A Preferred Stock, Series AA Preferred Stock and Series AAA Preferred Stock are not eligible for the scope exception under ASC 815, and therefore, the fair value of the Placement Agent Warrants are recorded as a liability on the balance sheet and re-valued at each reporting date, with changes in the fair value reported in the statements of comprehensive income (loss). The change in fair value for the Placement Agent Warrants for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 totaled \$0 and \$(4,000), respectively. The change in fair value for the Placement Agent Warrants for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 totaled \$(86,000) and \$(533,000), respectively.

#### *Common Stock Purchase Warrant - Price Adjustment*

In connection with the closing of the Misfits Transaction, pursuant to the terms of the applicable underlying common stock warrant agreements, the exercise price for certain of the common stock purchase warrants issued in connection with the October 2025 PIPE, representing the right to purchase an aggregate 2.7 million shares of common stock, was reset to the floor price, as defined in the underlying common stock purchase agreements, ranging from \$4.99 to \$6.84 per share, from \$12.00 per share.

The Company determined that the triggering of the down-round feature represented a transfer of value to the warrant holders. The Company measured the incremental fair value attributable to the exercise price adjustment using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model as of the trigger date, utilizing the following assumptions: stock prices ranging from \$4.99 to \$12.00, expected volatility range of 103% to 105%, expected terms of 4.46 to 4.51, and a risk-free interest rate of 3.97%, based on the specific warrants being remeasured at the measurement date. The incremental fair value transferred to the applicable warrant holders was estimated to be \$1,002,000. The applicable warrants continue to qualify for equity classification under ASC 815-40, and therefore, the Company did not recognize a gain or loss in the consolidated statements of operations in connection with the triggering of the down round feature. Instead, the incremental fair value was recognized as a deemed dividend within stockholders' equity and reduced income available to common shareholders for purposes of calculating earnings (loss) per share.

## **7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

#### *Pending or Threatened Claims*

The Company may periodically be involved in legal proceedings and regulatory matters arising in the ordinary course of business, including contractual disputes, employment-related matters, and other commercial legal matters. Legal fees and other defense costs incurred in connection with such matters are recorded in operating expenses as incurred in the period incurred, within general and administrative expenses in the statements of comprehensive income (loss). Reimbursements from insurance carriers, if any, related to legal defense costs are recognized when recovery is considered probable and reasonably estimable. Insurance recoveries, when recognized, are recorded separately from the related legal expense and are not offset against legal costs in the statements of comprehensive income (loss).

#### *Existing Pending or Threatened Claims*

*Global Leisure Partners, LLC, and Blackwatch Advisors, LLC vs. Super League Enterprise, Inc.* On January 26, 2026, a complaint was filed against the Company in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York by Global Leisure Partners, LLC and Blackwatch Advisors, LLC (the "Plaintiff"). Formal service of process on the complaint occurred on February 12, 2026. The complaint alleges, among other things, breach of contract and related claims arising from the Company's completion of a series of financing transactions during the fiscal year. The Plaintiff seeks unspecified damages, together with interest, attorneys' fees and other relief.

The Company believes the claims are wholly without merit and intends to vigorously defend the action. Based on the Company's assessment of the facts currently known, and after consultation with outside legal counsel, the Company believes that the likelihood of a material loss is remote. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. Litigation is inherently uncertain, and while the Company believes the claims lack merit, an unfavorable outcome could occur. However, at this time, the Company does not see the need to, nor can it reasonably estimate any possible loss or range of loss associated with this matter.



## 8. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluated subsequent events for their potential impact on the condensed financial statements and disclosures through the date the condensed financial statements were issued and determined that, except as set forth below, no subsequent events occurred that were reasonably expected to impact the condensed financial statements presented herein.

On July 29, 2026, the Company entered into a waiver and release agreement with Aegis Capital Corp. (“Aegis”) pursuant to which the Company agreed to pay Aegis: (i) \$0.7 million, which was paid on July 30, 2026, in exchange for a waiver of any and all rights of first refusal arising from prior engagement agreements with Aegis; and (ii) \$0.3 million, to be paid prior to any future financing, in exchange for a waiver of any tail fees associated with the Prior Agreements.

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

*References in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to “Super League Enterprise, Inc.” “Company,” “we,” “us,” “our,” or similar references mean Super League Enterprise, Inc. References to the “SEC” refer to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. All references to “Note,” followed by a number reference herein, refer to the applicable corresponding numbered footnotes to the condensed financial statements contained elsewhere herein. Percentage changes with an “\*” reflect changes greater than 300%.*

*References to “financial statements,” “balance sheets,” “statements of comprehensive income (loss),” “statements of cash flows,” and “statements of stockholders’ equity,” refer to the “consolidated financial statements,” “consolidated balance sheets,” “consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss),” “consolidated statements of cash flows” and “consolidated statements of stockholders’ equity,” respectively, of the Company, including the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, if any. As of December 31, 2025, there were no wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company. The legal entity Mobcrush Streaming, Inc. was dissolved effective May 14, 2025. InPvP, LLC was sold in May 2025 as described at Note 3.*

*All references to “common stock” refer to the Company’s common stock, par value \$0.001 per share.*

*In October 2025, the Company entered into Securities Purchase Agreements (the “PIPE Purchase Agreement”) with certain accredited investors), relating to the Company’s offering of an aggregate of (a) 332,084 shares (the “PIPE Shares”) of the Company’s common stock, at a price per share equal to \$12.00 and (b) Pre-Funded Warrants to purchase 1,334,584 shares of common stock (the “PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants”) at a price per PIPE Pre-Funded Warrant equal to same price as that for PIPE Shares minus \$0.00001, and the remaining exercise price of each PIPE Pre-Funded Warrant will equal \$0.00001 per share, for gross proceeds to the Company of approximately \$20,000,000, before deducting offering costs and expenses (as referenced herein, “October 2025 PIPE”).*

### Forward-Looking Statements

*You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations in conjunction with our condensed financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this interim report. Our condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”). The following discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”) and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), including, without limitation, statements regarding our expectations, beliefs, intentions or future strategies that are signified by the words “expect,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “believe,” or similar language. All forward-looking statements included in this document are based on information available to us on the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements. Our business and financial performance are subject to substantial risks and uncertainties. Actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. In evaluating our business, you should carefully consider the information set forth under the heading “Risk Factors” included Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025, as well as in Item II, Part 1A of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this “Report”). Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.*

### Overview

Super League (Nasdaq: SLE) connects brands with the 3.5 billion-person global gaming population through advertising and branded content programs across gaming and digital media platforms. The Company generates revenue by executing these programs through proprietary interactive formats, creator content, immersive experiences, data-driven insights, and strategic campaign services to improve marketing performance. By translating player behavior into actionable intelligence, Super League serves as a trusted partner that enables brands to more effectively influence consumers who play video games, positioning the Company to capture a greater share of advertising spend over time.

The Company generates revenue from brands and agencies by executing programs targeting U.S. audiences that include (i) mini-games and experiences within Roblox, Minecraft, and Fortnite, (ii) playable and rewarded video ads in mobile and immersive environments, (iii) in-game ads across mobile and PC, (iv) connected TV gaming applications and sponsorships, (v) custom integrations within games, (vi) interactive characters, and (vii) influencer content across social and digital video platforms. An additional emerging revenue source includes participation in revenue generated by select game properties.

### *Reverse Common Stock Split*

On January 16, 2026, the Company filed an amendment (the “2026 Amendment”) to the Company’s Third Amended Certificate, to effect a reverse stock split of the Company’s issued and outstanding shares of common stock at a ratio of 1-for-12 (the “2026 Reverse Split”). The 2026 Amendment became effective on January 23, 2026. As a result of the 2026 Reverse Split, every 12 shares of the Company’s issued and outstanding common stock was automatically combined and converted into one issued and outstanding share of common stock.

All references to common stock, warrants to purchase common stock, options to purchase common stock, restricted stock, share data, per share data and related information contained in the financial statements have been retroactively adjusted to reflect the effect of the 2026 Reverse Split (and all other reverse splits described herein) for all periods presented.

### **Executive Summary**

#### *Misfits Transaction*

On March 16, 2026, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement (the “Misfits Asset Purchase Agreement”) with Esports Now, LLC (“Misfits”), pursuant to which Misfits agreed to sell certain assets strictly constituting the Misfits Ads assets (the “Misfits Purchased Assets”) to the Company (the “Misfits Transaction”).

On March 20, 2026, the Company filed a preliminary proxy statement with the SEC, followed by the filing of a definitive proxy statement with the SEC on April 2, 2026 (the “Misfits Proxy Statement”). The Misfits Proxy Statement solicited the approval of the issuance of an aggregate of 1,161,813 shares of common stock to be issued as consideration in connection with the Misfits Transaction (the “Issuance Proposal”) by the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power of the Company’s shares present at a special meeting of the Company’s stockholders, scheduled for April 30, 2026 (the “Special Meeting”).

On April 30, 2026, at the Special Meeting, the Company’s stockholders approved the Issuance Proposal. On May 1, 2026 (the “Misfits Closing Date”), the Company and Misfits consummated the Misfits Transaction (the “Misfits Closing”).

**Misfits Transaction Consideration.** At the Misfits Closing, the Company paid the following consideration for the Misfits Purchased Assets: (i) a cash payment in the amount of \$1.5 million (the “Misfits Closing Cash Consideration”), (ii) 26,768 shares of common stock (the “Misfits Closing Shares”), (iii) a pre-funded common stock purchase warrant to purchase 509,682 shares of common stock (the “Misfits Pre-Funded Warrant,” and the shares issuable upon exercise of the Misfits Pre-Funded Warrant, the “Misfits PFW Shares”), and (iv) a common stock purchase warrant to purchase 536,450 shares of common stock, with an exercise price of \$18.00 (the “Misfits Warrant,” and the shares issuable upon exercise of the Misfits Warrant, the “Misfits Warrant Shares”)(the Misfits Closing Shares, the Misfits PFW Shares, and the Misfits Warrant Shares collectively, the “Misfits Closing Share Consideration”). Pursuant to the terms and subject to the conditions of the Misfits Asset Purchase Agreement, on the one-year anniversary of the Misfits Closing, the Company will pay an additional cash payment in the amount of \$300,000 (the “Delayed Cash Payment”).

In addition, pursuant to the terms and subject to the conditions of the Misfits Asset Purchase Agreement, on the one-year anniversary of the Misfits Closing, the Company may pay up to an aggregate of (i) \$1.2 million in cash (the “Misfits Earnout Cash”), and (ii) 105,571 shares of common stock, or, upon the election of Misfits, Misfits Pre-Funded Warrants to purchase 105,571 shares of common stock (the “Misfits Earnout Shares”, and collectively with the Misfits Earnout Cash, the “Misfits Earnout Consideration”). The Misfits Earnout Consideration will be payable to Misfits in connection with: (i) the achievement of certain gross profit milestones for the period beginning on the Misfits Closing Date until the date that is one year from the date of the Misfits Closing; and (ii) the Company’s market capitalization as of the one and two year anniversary of the Misfits Closing Date.

The Misfits Warrants are exercisable immediately upon issuance, expire two years from the date of issuance, and have an initial exercise price of \$18.00 (the “Initial Exercise Price”), subject to adjustment for any stock splits, stock dividends, recapitalizations, and similar events. The Misfits Warrants also contain a call feature, whereby, after the Company has registered the Misfits Warrant Shares on an effective registration statement filed with the SEC, the Company has the option, but not the obligation, and in the Company’s sole and absolute discretion, to purchase the Misfits Warrant from the holder at a price of \$0.001 per share of common stock underlying the Misfits Warrant (the “Call Option”), in the event the closing price of the Company’s common stock, as listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market, is at or above \$18.00 per share for 20 consecutive trading days (the “Call Trigger”). The Company’s right to exercise the Call Option will begin on the day immediately following the Call Trigger until the day that is thirty (30) calendar days thereafter, by way of delivery of a notice to exercise the Call Option to the holders of the Misfits Warrants.



The exercise price of the Misfits Pre-Funded Warrant per underlying share of common stock is \$0.001. Pursuant to the Misfits Pre-Funded Warrant, a holder will not be entitled to exercise any portion of any Misfits Pre-Funded Warrant that, upon giving effect to such exercise, would cause: (i) the aggregate number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by such holder (together with its affiliates) to exceed 4.99% of the number of shares of common stock outstanding immediately after giving effect to the exercise; or (ii) the combined voting power of the Company's securities beneficially owned by such holder (together with its affiliates) to exceed 4.99% of the combined voting power of all of the Company's securities outstanding immediately after giving effect to the exercise, as such percentage ownership is determined in accordance with the terms of the Misfits Pre-Funded Warrant, which percentage may be changed at the holder's election to a higher or lower percentage not in excess of 9.99% upon 61 days' notice to the Company. In addition, in certain circumstances, upon a fundamental transaction, a holder of Misfits Pre-Funded Warrants will be entitled to receive, upon exercise of the Misfits Pre-Funded Warrants, the kind and amount of securities, cash or other property that such holder would have received had they exercised the Misfits Pre-Funded Warrants immediately prior to the fundamental transaction.

The Misfits Purchase Agreement contains representations, warranties and covenants of each of the parties thereto that are customary for transactions of this type.

**Brand Partnership Agreement.** In connection with the Misfits Closing and the entrance into the Misfits Purchase Agreement, the Company and Misfits entered into an exclusive brand partnership agreement dated May 1, 2026 (the "Brand Partnership Agreement"), pursuant to which Misfits agreed to grant certain preferred rights to the Company for purposes of selling brand partnerships where a third-party brand may be advertised (via sponsorships, marketing, brand endorsements, product placements, brand integrations and other similar associations) in certain games in the Misfits Roblox game portfolio. The initial term of the Brand Partnership Agreement is one year, subject to extension by mutual agreement. The Brand Partnership Agreement may be terminated upon written notice by the parties.

**Misfits Director Designee.** Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Misfits Purchase Agreement, at the Misfits Closing, Misfits was granted the right to appoint a designee to the Board of Directors of the Company ("Misfits Board Designee"); provided, however, the Misfits Board Designee must be qualified to serve on a public company's board of directors and meet the requirements of an "independent director" pursuant to the rules and regulations of Nasdaq.

**Registration Rights Agreement.** In connection with the closing of the Misfits Transaction and the entrance into the Misfits Purchase Agreement, the Company and Misfits entered into a registration rights agreement dated May 1, 2026 (the "Registration Rights Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC on or prior to the 90th calendar day following the Misfits Closing Date, for purposes of registering the Misfits Closing Shares, the Misfits Warrant Shares, and the Misfits PFW Shares (the "Misfits Registration Statement"). The Company agreed to use commercially reasonable efforts to have such Registration Statement declared effective within the time period set forth in the Registration Rights Agreement, and to keep the Registration Statement effective until the date that all registrable securities covered by the Registration Statement (i) have been sold, thereunder or pursuant to Rule 144, or (ii) may be sold without volume or manner-of-sale restrictions pursuant to Rule 144 and without the requirement for the Company to be in compliance with the current public information requirement under Rule 144.

**Other.** The closing of the Misfits Transaction and the integration of the Misfits Purchased Assets involves certain risks and uncertainties, including, among other things, risks related to our ability to successfully integrate the Misfits Purchased Assets into our operations; our ability to implement plans, forecasts and other expectations with respect to the Misfits Purchased Assets; our ability to realize the anticipated benefits of the Misfits Transaction, including the possibility that the expected benefits from the Misfits Transaction will not be realized or will not be realized within the expected time period; the achievement of the revenue milestones and payment of the Misfits Earnout Consideration; the outcome of any legal or governmental proceedings related to the Misfits Transaction or otherwise; the negative effects of the announcement of the Misfits Transaction on the market price of our common stock or on our operating results; significant Misfits Transaction costs; unknown liabilities; attracting new customers and maintaining and expanding our existing customer base; our ability to scale and update our platform to respond to customers' needs and rapid technological change; increased competition on our market and our ability to compete effectively; and expansion of our operations and increased adoption of our platform internationally.

In connection with the closing of the Misfits Transaction, pursuant to the terms of the applicable underlying common stock warrant agreements, the exercise price on certain of the common stock purchase warrants issued in connection with the October 2025 PIPE, representing the right to purchase an aggregate 2.7 million shares of common stock, was reset to the floor price, as defined in the underlying common stock purchase agreements, ranging from \$4.99 to \$6.84 per share, from \$12.00 per share.

#### *Acquisition of Let's Bounce, Inc.*

In January 2026 ("Bounce Effective Date") the Company acquired Let's Bounce, Inc. ("Bounce"), a marketing technology company focused on enabling scalable, measurable brand engagement inside gaming and UGC environments. The total purchase price for Bounce, which was structured as an asset acquisition, was \$200,000, payable as follows: (a) \$75,000 at closing; (b) \$25,000 on the three-month anniversary of closing; and (c) \$100,000 on the six-month anniversary of closing. In addition, pursuant to the terms and subject to the conditions of the asset purchase agreement ("Bounce Asset Purchase Agreement"), up to \$325,000 is contingently payable in connection with the achievement of certain net revenue milestones for the Bounce assets acquired during the year ended December 31, 2026 ("Bounce Contingent Consideration") (the "Bounce Acquisition"). The Bounce Acquisition provides the Company with an existing pipeline of opportunities, enabling more efficient in-game marketing programs, the addition of turnkey loyalty solutions to drive advertiser outcomes, and a roadmap to more automated campaign measurement. Refer to Note 4 for additional information.

*Investment in Solsten, Inc.*

In January 2026, the Company invested \$200,000 in Solsten, Inc. (“Solsten”) an AI-driven audience intelligence company specializing in psychology-based consumer insights, through a Simple Agreement for Future Equity (“SAFE”), which provides the Company with the right to receive equity in a future financing event, subject to the terms and conditions of the SAFE agreement. The SAFE does not represent a current equity ownership interest but rather a forward contract to acquire equity upon the occurrence of specified events, including a qualifying equity financing or liquidity event, at which point the instrument will either convert into preferred stock or entitle the Company to receive the greater of its invested amount or the value of the underlying equity on an as-converted basis. The collaboration expands Super League’s ability to deliver differentiated solutions that move beyond traditional demographics toward predictive audience understanding and insights-led campaign design.

Through the partnership, Super League gains select exclusivity to integrate Solsten’s proprietary psychographic data and predictive models directly into its campaign planning, creative development, and optimization workflows. Drawing on a proprietary data set built from opt-in assessments from millions of individuals, Super League can identify the underlying motivations and behavioral drivers, such as status orientation or independence, that shape engagement across interactive, social, and linear environments.

*Investment in Hide or OOF! Roblox Game*

In January 2026, the Company acquired economic and contractual interests in the Roblox digital property commonly referred to as “Hide or OOF!,” (“HOO”) (formerly known as Hide or Die!) pursuant to an Investment and Brand Partnership Agreement (“HOO Agreement”) dated January 5, 2026 (“HOO Effective Date”). HOO is a Top 100 Roblox game (source: Rotrends) that has been visited more than 570 million times in 16 months. The investment reflects a transition from strategy to execution as the Company begins securing ownership positions in cash-generating assets within the gaming content and media economy, establishing a foundation for future digital-asset-based initiatives aligned with owned revenue streams.

Pursuant to the HOO Agreement, the Company transferred total consideration of \$202,000 in exchange for certain rights associated with the Hide or OOF! digital property. The consideration consisted of \$165,000 in cash and 4,326 shares of the Company’s restricted common stock valued at \$37,000. In connection with the investment, the Company obtained (i) a fifteen percent (15.0%) equity ownership interest in Hide or OOF!, (ii) a contractual right to receive fifteen percent (15.0%) of Hide or OOF!’s gross revenue, as paid in Robux, post-Roblox split, for the existence of the game, (iii) a contractual right to receive a twelve percent (12.0%) fee on certain direct brand transactions, and (iv) exclusive rights with respect to certain brand partnership opportunities and related placement economics. The agreement also contains a right of first refusal with respect to future sales of equity ownership interests and economic interests in the property.

*Expansion of AdArcade Partnership*

In January 2026, the Company announced an expansion of its exclusive partnership with AdArcade, introducing new AI-powered capabilities that significantly broaden how brands can deploy playable media at scale within rewarded mobile video inventory. AdArcade’s patented Native Playables® technology converts a brand’s existing video ad into a playable experience that gamifies interaction with brand messaging. With AdArcade’s new AI-powered Creative-as-a-Service (CaaS) offering, programmatic teams can utilize Native Playables with virtually no incremental effort or creative cost. This allows brands to seamlessly extend video campaigns into mobile gaming video inventory, turning what was once a workflow gap into a true omnichannel opportunity without added complexity.

*Ownership Interest in My Avatar!*

In April 2026, the Company announced the acquisition of an ownership interest in My Avatar!, a Top 25 shopping experience on Roblox (source: Rotrends). The investment advances Super League’s Strategic Properties initiative, expanding its portfolio of equity ownership positions in high-performing Roblox experiences that generate both direct cash flow and differentiated inventory for playable advertising and interactive content programs delivered on behalf of global brand partners. The initiative expands Super League’s ability to reach one of the largest, most influential, and under-monetized consumer segments in modern media and culture, positioning the Company to capture a greater share of advertising spend directed toward this audience.

**Summary Financial Results***Three Months Ended June 30, 2026 as compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2025*

Revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2026 totaled \$3.0 million, relatively consistent with revenue totaling \$3.0 million for the comparable prior year quarter. Cost of revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2026 increased \$73,000, or 4% to \$1.8 million, compared to \$1.7 million in the comparable prior year quarter. As a percentage of revenue, gross profit for the three months ended June 30, 2026 was 41%, compared to 44% for the comparable prior year quarter.

Total operating expense for the three months ended June 30, 2026 increased \$436,000, or 10% to \$4.9 million, compared to \$4.5 million in the comparable prior year quarter. Excluding noncash stock compensation expense, intangible asset amortization expense, mark to market related fair value adjustments, and other noncash charges (collectively, “noncash charges and credits”), totaling \$2.0 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, operating expense for the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 was \$2.9 million and \$3.4 million, respectively, reflecting a \$499,000, or 15% decrease compared to the prior year quarter, reflecting the impact of our ongoing focus on cost reductions and operating efficiencies. Net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2026, which includes the impact of net noncash charges and credits totaling \$2.5 million, was \$4.4 million or \$(2.70) per share, compared to a net loss of \$2.8 million, or \$(54.24) per share, in the comparable prior year quarter. Excluding net noncash charges and credits, net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2026 was \$1.8 million, compared to a net loss of \$2.0 million in the comparable prior year quarter. The calculation of net loss per share for the three months ended June 30, 2026 included net noncash common stock dividend and deemed dividend related direct charges to accumulated deficit totaling (\$575,000) as described at Note 6.

*Six Months Ended June 30, 2026 as compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025*

Revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2026 totaled \$6.0 million, an increase of \$293,000 or 5%, compared to \$5.7 million for the comparable prior year period. Cost of revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2026 increased \$477,000, or 15% to \$3.7 million, compared to \$3.2 million in the comparable prior year period, driven partially by the 5% increase in revenues for the same periods. As a percentage of revenue, gross profit for the six months ended June 30, 2026 was 39%, compared to 44% for the comparable prior year period.

Total operating expense for the six months ended June 30, 2026 increased \$845,000, or 9% to \$10.1 million, compared to \$9.3 million in the comparable prior year period. Excluding noncash charges and credits totaling \$3.6 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, operating expense for the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 was \$6.5 million and \$7.4 million, respectively, reflecting a \$909,000, or 12% decrease compared to the prior year period, reflecting the impact of our ongoing focus on cost reductions and operating efficiencies. Net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2026, which includes the impact of net noncash charges and credits totaling \$4.2 million, was \$8.4 million or \$(3.53) per share, compared to a net loss of \$7.0 million, or \$(160.74) per share, in the comparable prior year period. Excluding net noncash charges and credits, net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2026 was \$4.2 million, compared to a net loss of \$5.7 million in the comparable prior year period. The calculation of net loss per share for the six months ended June 30, 2026 included net noncash common stock dividend and deemed dividend related direct charges to accumulated deficit totaling (\$828,000) as described at Note 6.

*Sale of Mineville*

On May 19, 2025, the Company entered into a Membership Interest Purchase and Sale Agreement (the “Mineville Purchase Agreement”) with Mineville, LLC a Delaware limited liability company (“Purchaser”), pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell, and Purchaser agreed to purchase, 100% of the membership interests (the “Interests”) of InPvP, LLC (“InPvP”). Prior to the Mineville Sale, InPvP was a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company that owned and operated the Company’s Mineville digital offering. The closing of the Mineville Sale occurred simultaneously with the execution of the Mineville Purchase Agreement. The Purchaser paid cash consideration totaling \$350,000 at the Mineville Closing to acquire the Interests.

The parties also agreed upon separate terms for an ongoing commercial relationship whereby the Company was granted the rights to ad sales and brand integration (the “Sales Rights”) to all of Purchaser’s Microsoft servers for a term of two years (the “Sales Term”). The Company has exclusive Sales Rights for the first year of the Sales Term, and non-exclusive Sales Rights during the second year. During the Sales Term, the revenue generated from the Sales Rights will be allocated among the Company and Purchaser as follows: (i) the Company will retain 60% of the net revenue until gross sales revenue exceeds \$1.0 million; (ii) after gross sales revenue exceed \$1.0 million, the Company will retain 50% of the net revenue through the remainder of the Sales Term; and (iii) if gross sales revenue exceeds \$1.5 million during the Sales Term, the Sales Term shall renew automatically for one additional year on the same terms as the second year of the Sales Term.

*Seasonality*

Our revenue fluctuates quarterly and is generally higher in the second half of our fiscal year, with the fourth quarter typically representing our highest revenue quarter each year. Advertising spending is traditionally seasonally strong in the second half of each year, reflecting the impact of seasonal back to school, game release and holiday season advertising spending by brands and advertisers. We believe that this seasonality in advertising spending affects our quarterly results, which generally reflect relatively higher advertising revenue in the second half of each year, compared to the first half of the year.

## Condensed Results of Operations

The following table sets forth a summary of our results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 (dollars in thousands) (Unaudited):

|                                              | Three Months Ended June 30, |                   | Change          |            | Six Months Ended June 30, |                   | Change          |            |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------|
|                                              | 2026                        | 2025              | \$              | %          | 2026                      | 2025              | \$              | %          |
| <b>REVENUE</b>                               | \$ 3,009                    | \$ 3,001          | \$ 8            | -%         | \$ 6,012                  | \$ 5,719          | \$ 293          | 5%         |
| <b>COST OF REVENUE</b>                       | 1,765                       | 1,692             | 73              | 4%         | 3,691                     | 3,214             | 477             | 15%        |
| <b>GROSS PROFIT</b>                          | 1,244                       | 1,309             | (65)            | (5)%       | 2,321                     | 2,505             | (184)           | (7)%       |
| <b>OPERATING EXPENSE</b>                     |                             |                   |                 |            |                           |                   |                 |            |
| Selling, marketing and advertising           | 1,737                       | 2,107             | (370)           | (18)%      | 3,728                     | 4,499             | (771)           | (17)%      |
| Engineering, technology and development      | 1,214                       | 694               | 520             | 75%        | 1,882                     | 1,623             | 259             | 16%        |
| General and administrative                   | 1,939                       | 1,653             | 286             | 17%        | 4,516                     | 3,173             | 1,343           | 42%        |
| Contingent consideration                     | -                           | -                 | -               | -%         | -                         | (14)              | (14)            | (100)%     |
| <b>Total operating expense</b>               | 4,890                       | 4,454             | 436             | 10%        | 10,126                    | 9,281             | 845             | 9%         |
| <b>NET LOSS FROM OPERATIONS</b>              | (3,646)                     | (3,145)           | 501             | 16%        | (7,805)                   | (6,776)           | 1,029           | 15%        |
| <b>OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE), NET</b>           | (744)                       | 362               | 1,106           | 306%       | (636)                     | (237)             | 399             | 168%       |
| <b>Loss before benefit from income taxes</b> | (4,390)                     | (2,783)           | 1,607           | 58%        | (8,441)                   | (7,013)           | 1,428           | 20%        |
| Benefit from income taxes                    | -                           | -                 | -               | -%         | -                         | -                 | -               | -          |
| <b>NET LOSS</b>                              | <u>\$ (4,390)</u>           | <u>\$ (2,783)</u> | <u>\$ 1,607</u> | <u>58%</u> | <u>\$ (8,441)</u>         | <u>\$ (7,013)</u> | <u>\$ 1,428</u> | <u>20%</u> |

## Comparison of the Results of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2026 and 2025

Revenue (dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

|                               | Three Months Ended June 30, |                 | Change      |           | Six Months Ended June 30, |                 | Change        |           |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------|
|                               | 2026                        | 2025            | \$          | %         | 2026                      | 2025            | \$            | %         |
| Media and advertising         | \$ 1,416                    | \$ 1,476        | \$ (60)     | (4)%      | \$ 3,126                  | \$ 2,748        | \$ 378        | 14%       |
| Publishing and content studio | 1,593                       | 1,391           | 202         | 15%       | 2,886                     | 2,658           | 228           | 9%        |
| Direct to consumer            | -                           | 134             | (134)       | (100)%    | -                         | 313             | (313)         | (100)%    |
|                               | <u>\$ 3,009</u>             | <u>\$ 3,001</u> | <u>\$ 8</u> | <u>-%</u> | <u>\$ 6,012</u>           | <u>\$ 5,719</u> | <u>\$ 293</u> | <u>5%</u> |

|                                                           | Three Months Ended June 30, |             | Six Months Ended June 30, |           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-----------|
|                                                           | 2026                        | 2025        | 2026                      | 2025      |
| Number of customers > 10% of revenue / percent of revenue | Three / 45%                 | Three / 48% | Two / 28%                 | Two / 31% |
| By revenue category:                                      |                             |             |                           |           |
| Media and advertising                                     | Two / 14%                   | Three / 47% | Two / 20%                 | One / 17% |
| Publishing and content studio                             | Three / 31%                 | One / 1%    | One / 8%                  | One / 14% |

Three Months Ended June 30, 2026, Compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2025:

- Total revenue was relatively flat for the three months ended June 30, 2026 as compared to the comparable prior year quarter.
- Media and advertising revenue was relatively flat, decreasing \$60,000, or 4%, to \$1.4 million, compared to \$1.5 million in the comparable prior year quarter. The change was primarily due to a \$431,000 increase in on-platform revenues across Fortnite and Minecraft and Roblox and \$199,000 increase in programmatic media sales revenue, partially offset by a \$196,000 decrease in off-platform revenue, including Native Playables and gamified video, and a \$470,000 strategic decrease in lower margin influencer marketing revenue.
- Publishing and content studio revenue increased \$202,000, or 15%, to \$1.6 million, compared to \$1.4 million in the comparable prior year quarter. The change was driven primarily by a net \$493,000 increase in custom game development and immersive experience related revenues, partially offset by a \$291,000 decrease in content studio revenue.

[Table of Contents](#)

- Direct to consumer revenue decreased \$134,000, or 100%, primarily reflecting the impact of the sale of our Mineville digital property in May 2025, which prior to the sale, generated direct to consumer Minecraft related digital goods revenues for the Company.

*Six Months Ended June 30, 2026, Compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025:*

- Total revenue increased \$293,000, or 5%, to \$6.0 million, compared to \$5.7 million in the comparable prior year period.
- Media and advertising revenue increased \$378,000, or 14%, to \$3.1 million, compared to \$2.7 million in the comparable prior year period. The change was primarily due to a \$435,000 increase in on-platform revenues across Fortnite and Minecraft and Roblox and \$485,000 increase in off-platform media sales revenue including Native Playables and gamified video and \$199,000 increase in programmatic media sales revenue, partially offset by a \$692,000 strategic decrease in lower margin influencer marketing revenue and \$50,000 decrease in campaign program management fee revenue.
- Publishing and content studio revenue increased \$228,000, or 9%, to \$2.9 million, compared to \$2.7 million in the comparable prior year period. The change was driven primarily by a net \$739,000 increase in custom game development and immersive experience related revenues, partially offset by a \$511,000 decrease in content studio revenue.
- Direct to consumer revenue decreased \$313,000, or 100%, primarily reflecting the impact of the sale of our Mineville digital property in May 2025, which prior to the sale, generated direct to consumer Minecraft related digital goods revenues for the Company.

### Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue includes direct costs incurred in connection with the satisfaction of performance obligations under our revenue arrangements including internal and third-party engineering, creative, content, broadcast and other personnel, talent and influencers, internal and third-party game developers, third-party ad-platform, content capture and production services, direct marketing, cloud services, software, prizing, and revenue sharing fees. Cost of revenue fluctuates period to period based on the specific programs and revenue streams contributing to revenue each period and the related cost profile of our physical and digital experiences, media and advertising campaigns and publishing and content studio sales activities occurring each period.

*Three Months Ended June 30, 2026, Compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2025:*

- Cost of revenue was relatively flat, increasing \$73,000, or 4%, to \$1.8 million, compared to \$1.7 million in the comparable prior year quarter.

*Six Months Ended June 30, 2026, Compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025:*

- Cost of revenue increased \$477,000, or 15%, due to the impact of the 59% increase in off platform media sales revenues with lower average margins during the six months ended June 30, 2026 compared to the same period in 2025.

### Operating Expense

Refer to the table summarizing our results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 above.

*Noncash stock-based compensation.* Noncash stock-based compensation expense for the periods presented was included in the following operating expense line items (dollars in thousands) (Unaudited):

|                                          | Three Months<br>Ended June 30, |        | Change |      | Six Months<br>Ended June 30, |        | Change   |      |
|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|------|------------------------------|--------|----------|------|
|                                          | 2026                           | 2025   | \$     | %    | 2026                         | 2025   | \$       | %    |
| Selling, marketing and advertising       | \$ 362                         | \$ 163 | \$ 199 | 122% | \$ 758                       | \$ 251 | \$ 507   | 202% |
| Engineering, technology and development  | 72                             | 8      | 64     | *%   | 150                          | 13     | 137      | *%   |
| General and administrative               | 521                            | 305    | 216    | 71%  | 1,162                        | 495    | 667      | 135% |
| Total noncash stock compensation expense | \$ 955                         | \$ 476 | \$ 479 | 101% | \$ 2,070                     | \$ 759 | \$ 1,311 | 173% |

The increase in noncash stock compensation expense for the periods presented was primarily due to shareholder approval of the 2025 Omnibus Stock Incentive Plan in June 2025, and shareholder approval of the increase in the number of shares authorized for issuance under the 2025 Plan to 580,667 shares in October 2025. Prior to June and October 2025, the Company granted minimal equity awards due to a lack of availability of authorized shares under the prior 2014 Stock Incentive Plan. As a result of the increase in the available authorized shares for issuance, in June, November and December 2025 the Company's Board issued an aggregate of 529,000 equity incentive awards to employees and contractors under the 2025 Plan, as part of Board approved equity incentive programs, with in general, two year vesting periods and a weighted average grant date fair value of \$10.98, resulting in an increase in noncash stock compensation expense in the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, compared to the prior year comparable periods.

*Amortization of intangible assets.* Amortization expense for the periods presented was included in the following operating expense line items (dollars in thousands) (Unaudited):

|                                         | Three Months<br>Ended June 30, |               | Change        |            | Six Months<br>Ended June 30, |                 | Change        |            |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|------------|------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|------------|
|                                         | 2026                           | 2025          | \$            | %          | 2026                         | 2025            | \$            | %          |
| Selling, marketing and advertising      | \$ 94                          | \$ 176        | \$ (82)       | (47)%      | \$ 212                       | \$ 351          | \$ (139)      | (40)%      |
| Engineering, technology and development | 813                            | 237           | 576           | 243%       | 1,108                        | 468             | 640           | 137%       |
| General and administrative              | 90                             | 127           | (37)          | (29)%      | 216                          | 261             | (45)          | (17)%      |
| Total amortization expense              | <u>\$ 997</u>                  | <u>\$ 540</u> | <u>\$ 457</u> | <u>85%</u> | <u>\$ 1,536</u>              | <u>\$ 1,080</u> | <u>\$ 456</u> | <u>42%</u> |

Amortization expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 increased due primarily to the acceleration of amortization related to capitalized internal use software costs due to the reduction of the related estimated useful life.

### ***Selling, Marketing and Advertising***

*Three Months Ended June 30, 2026, Compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2025:*

Selling, marketing and advertising expense decreased \$370,000, or 18%. The change was primarily due to a \$484,000 reduction in selling, marketing and advertising personnel costs reflecting the impact of fiscal year 2025 headcount reductions in connection with ongoing cost reduction and optimization activities, and an \$82,000 decrease in amortization related to the sale of our Mineville digital assets in May 2025 and the fourth quarter 2025 write down of advertiser and agency related intangibles acquired in connection with the fiscal year 2021 acquisition of Mobcrush. The decrease was partially offset by a \$199,000 increase in noncash stock compensation expense in connection with fiscal year 2025 equity incentive award grants, as described above, and a \$63,000 reduction in selling, marketing and advertising personnel costs allocated to cost of revenue due to an increase in the mix of revenue generating programs utilizing external resources.

*Six Months Ended June 30, 2026, Compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025:*

Selling, marketing and advertising expense decreased \$771,000, or 17%. The change was primarily due to a \$1.3 million reduction in selling, marketing and advertising personnel costs reflecting the impact of fiscal year 2025 headcount reductions in connection with ongoing cost reduction and optimization activities, and an \$139,000 decrease in amortization related to sale of our Mineville digital assets in May 2025 and the fourth quarter 2025 write down of advertiser and agency related intangibles acquired in connection with the fiscal year 2021 acquisition of Mobcrush. The decrease was partially offset by a \$507,000 increase in noncash stock compensation expense in connection with fiscal year 2025 equity incentive award grants, as described above, and a \$243,000 reduction in selling, marketing and advertising personnel costs allocated to cost of revenue due to an increase in the mix of revenue generating programs utilizing external resources.

### ***Engineering, Technology and Development***

Components of our platform are available on a "free to use," "always on basis," and are utilized and offered as an audience acquisition tool, as a means of growing our audience, engagement, viewership, players and community. Engineering, technology and development related operating expense include the costs described below, incurred in connection with our audience acquisition and viewership expansion activities. Engineering, technology and development related operating expense includes (i) allocated internal engineering personnel expense, including salaries, noncash stock compensation, taxes and benefits, (ii) third-party contract software development and engineering expense, (iii) internal use software cost amortization expense, and (iv) technology platform related cloud services, broadband and other platform expense, incurred in connection with our audience acquisition and viewership expansion activities, including tools and product offering development, testing, minor upgrades and features, free to use services, corporate information technology and general platform maintenance and support. Capitalized internal use software development costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the software's estimated useful life.

*Three Months Ended June 30, 2026, Compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2025:*

Engineering, technology and development expense increased \$520,000, or 75%, driven primarily by the following:

- Increased primarily due to a \$576,000 increase in amortization as described above, a \$64,000 increase in noncash stock compensation expense in connection with fiscal year 2025 equity incentive award grants, as described above, and a \$110,000 reduction in personnel costs allocated to cost of revenue due to an increase in the mix of revenue generating programs utilizing external resources. The increase was partially offset by a decrease in product and engineering personnel expense totaling \$161,000, or 41%, reflecting the impact of fiscal year 2025 personnel reductions, and other cost reduction activities, including the sale of our Mineville assets, and a decrease in cloud services and other technology platform costs totaling \$51,000, or 39%.

*Six Months Ended June 30, 2026, Compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025:*

Engineering, technology and development expense increased \$259,000, or 16%, driven primarily by the following:

- Increased primarily due to a \$640,000 increase in amortization as described above, a \$137,000 increase in noncash stock compensation expense in connection with fiscal year 2025 equity incentive award grants, as described above, and a \$223,000 reduction in personnel costs allocated to cost of revenue due to an increase in the mix of revenue generating programs utilizing external resources. The increase was partially offset by a decrease in product and engineering personnel expense totaling \$503,000, or 52%, reflecting the impact of fiscal year 2025 personnel reductions, and other cost reduction activities, including the sale of our Mineville assets, and a decrease in cloud services and other technology platform costs totaling \$87,000, or 36%.

**General and Administrative**

General and administrative expense for the periods presented was comprised of the following (dollars in thousands) (Unaudited):

|                                                 | Three Months<br>Ended June 30, |                 | Change        |            | Six Months<br>Ended June 30, |                 | Change          |            |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
|                                                 | 2026                           | 2025            | \$            | %          | 2026                         | 2025            | \$              | %          |
| Personnel costs                                 | \$ 409                         | \$ 409          | \$ -          | -%         | \$ 1,009                     | \$ 869          | \$ 140          | 16%        |
| Office and facilities                           | 14                             | 22              | (8)           | (36)%      | 25                           | 54              | (29)            | (54)%      |
| Professional fees                               | 270                            | 182             | 88            | 48%        | 767                          | 440             | 327             | 74%        |
| Stock-based compensation                        | 521                            | 305             | 216           | 71%        | 1,162                        | 495             | 667             | 135%       |
| Depreciation and amortization                   | 92                             | 131             | (39)          | (30)%      | 221                          | 270             | (49)            | (18)%      |
| Other                                           | 633                            | 604             | 29            | 5%         | 1,332                        | 1,045           | 287             | 27%        |
| <b>Total general and administrative expense</b> | <b>\$ 1,939</b>                | <b>\$ 1,653</b> | <b>\$ 286</b> | <b>17%</b> | <b>\$ 4,516</b>              | <b>\$ 3,173</b> | <b>\$ 1,343</b> | <b>42%</b> |

*Three Months Ended June 30, 2026, Compared to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2025:*

A summary of the main drivers of the change in general and administrative expense for the periods presented is as follows

- Professional fees costs increased primarily due to an increase in legal and audit and accounting related fees incurred in connection with acquisition, complex transaction and other corporate related activities during the three months ended June 30, 2026.
- The increase in noncash stock compensation expense was primarily due to shareholder approval of the 2025 Omnibus Stock Incentive Plan in June 2025, and shareholder approval of the increase in the number of shares authorized for issuance under the 2025 Plan to 580,667 shares in October 2025. Prior to June and October 2025, the Company granted minimal equity awards due to a lack of availability of authorized shares under the prior 2014 Stock Incentive Plan. As a result of the increase in the available authorized shares for issuance, in June, November and December 2025 the Company's Board issued an aggregate of 529,000 equity incentive awards to employees and contractors under the 2025 Plan, as part of Board approved equity incentive programs, with in general, 2 year vesting periods and a weighted average grant date fair value of \$10.98, resulting in an increase in noncash stock compensation expense in the second quarter of 2026, compared to the prior year comparable quarter.



*Six Months Ended June 30, 2026, Compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025:*

A summary of the main drivers of the change in general and administrative expense for the periods presented is as follows:

- Personnel costs increased due to an increase in incentive compensation in the first quarter of 2026, partially offset by a reduction in various corporate, general and administrative costs in connection with fiscal year 2025 and ongoing cost reduction and optimization activities.
- Professional fees costs increased primarily due to an increase in legal and audit and accounting related fees incurred in connection with acquisition, complex transaction and other corporate related activities during the six months ended June 30, 2026.
- The increase in noncash stock compensation expense was primarily due to shareholder approval of the 2025 Omnibus Stock Incentive Plan in June 2025, and shareholder approval of the increase in the number of shares authorized for issuance under the 2025 Plan to 580,667 shares in October 2025, as described above.
- The increase in other expense was primarily due to an increase in investor relations costs associated with first and second quarter 2026 corporate and investor relations activities, partially offset by a reduction in information technology and other corporate costs in connection with ongoing cost reduction activities.

***Other Income (Expense), Net***

On May 19, 2025, the Company entered into the Mineville Purchase Agreement with Mineville, LLC a Delaware limited liability company, pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell, and Purchaser agreed to purchase 100% of the Interests of InPvP for cash consideration totaling \$350,000, as described earlier in this Report. The net carrying value of Mineville assets sold totaled \$350,000 as of May 19, 2025, which historically were included in intangible assets, net in the condensed consolidated balance sheets, resulting in no gain or loss in connection with the Mineville Sale.

***Change in Fair Value of Warrant Liability***

***Series AAA Junior -3 and Series AAA Junior – 4 Warrants***

The fair value of the September 2024 Series AAA Junior Investor Warrants are recorded as a liability on the balance sheet and re-valued at each reporting date, with changes in the fair value reported in the statements of comprehensive income (loss). The change in fair value for the September 2024 Series AAA Junior Investor Warrants for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 totaled \$0 and \$0, respectively. The change in fair value for the September 2024 Series AAA Junior Investor Warrants for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 totaled \$(58,000) and \$(328,000), respectively.

***Placement Agent Warrants***

The fair value of the Placement Agent Warrants are recorded as a liability on the balance sheet and re-valued at each reporting date, with changes in the fair value reported in the statements of comprehensive income (loss). The change in fair value for the Placement Agent Warrants for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 totaled \$0 and \$(4,000), respectively. The change in fair value for the Placement Agent Warrants for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 totaled \$(86,000) and \$(533,000), respectively.

***Interest Expense***

Interest expense, including change in fair value of promissory notes carried at fair value, primarily reflects the change in fair value of debt accounted for under the fair value option ("FVO") as described at Note 2. Interest expense for the periods presented was comprised of the following (Unaudited):

|                                        | <b>Three Months<br/>Ended June 30,</b> |                     | <b>Six Months<br/>Ended June 30,</b> |                     |
|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|
|                                        | <b>2026</b>                            | <b>2025</b>         | <b>2026</b>                          | <b>2025</b>         |
| Super Biz Note:                        | \$ -                                   | \$ 23,000           | \$ -                                 | \$ 15,000           |
| Agile I Note:                          | -                                      | -                   | -                                    | 358,000             |
| Agile II Note                          | -                                      | 164,000             | -                                    | 1,002,000           |
| RP Note:                               | -                                      | (269,000)           | -                                    | 35,000              |
| Belleau Note:                          | -                                      | (153,000)           | -                                    | (212,000)           |
| 1800 Diagonal Note:                    | -                                      | 14,000              | -                                    | (25,000)            |
| SLR Facility:                          | -                                      | 37,000              | -                                    | 45,000              |
| Other                                  | -                                      | 3,000               | -                                    | 3,000               |
| <b>Total interest expense (income)</b> | <b>\$ -</b>                            | <b>\$ (181,000)</b> | <b>\$ -</b>                          | <b>\$ 1,221,000</b> |



### Deferred Financing Costs

On June 3, 2026, the Company entered into the Series C Redemption Agreement with the Series C Holder pursuant to which the Company and the Series C Holder, among other items, agreed to the termination of a certain equity purchase agreement between the Series C Holder and the Company, dated July 10, 2025 (the “Series C Purchase Agreement”), including, without limitation, the termination of any and all agreements, instruments and documents entered into in connection therewith, so that neither the Company nor the Series C Holder shall have any further rights, obligations, or liabilities under the Series C Purchase Agreement (“Series C Redemption”). In connection with the termination of the equity purchase agreement, the Company expensed \$825,000 of deferred financing costs which are reflected in other income (expense) in the statement of comprehensive income (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026. Of the total deferred financing costs expensed, \$600,000 related to the Commitment Stock issued to Yield Point and therefore represented noncash financing costs.

### Debt Issuance Costs

The Company paid debt issuance costs totaling \$7,000 and \$139,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 in connection with the issuance of the Agile II Note and the Diagonal I & II Notes, as described at Note 5, which is included in “Other” in Other Income and expense in the condensed statements of comprehensive income (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

### General

Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$1.1 million and \$14.4 million at June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively. As of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, short term investments, which were comprised of direct investments in highly liquid, AA and A-1+ rated, U.S. government securities with a weighted average maturity of three years, totaled \$5.5 million and \$0, respectively. The change in cash and cash equivalents for the periods presented reflects the impact of operating, investing and financing cash flow related activities as described below.

We have historically incurred net losses and negative cash flows from operating activities and may continue to incur net losses and negative cash flows from operating activities as we execute our business strategy. For the six months ended June 30, 2026, we incurred a net loss of \$8.4 million and used \$4.7 million of cash in operating activities. Net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2026 included \$4.2 million of noncash charges, including noncash intangible asset amortization totaling \$1.5 million, noncash stock compensation totaling \$2.1 million and noncash deferred financing costs of \$600,000. Excluding noncash charges and credits, our net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2026 was \$4.2 million. Refer to the heading, “Executive Summary” above for additional information.

Since approximately May 2024, the Company implemented a number of operating expense reduction initiatives designed to decrease future operating cash outflows. These actions included workforce optimization, vendor contract renegotiations, reduced discretionary spending, and restructuring of non-core activities. Excluding noncash charges, these operating expense reductions resulted in a decrease in operating expense of 15% and 12% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026, compared to the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, respectively. Excluding noncash charges, these operating expense reductions resulted in a decrease in operating expense of approximately 28% for the year ended December 31, 2025 compared to the year ended December 31, 2024.

As of June 30, 2026, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$1.1 million and investments in marketable securities of \$5.5 million, resulting in total cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities of approximately \$6.7 million. Our principal uses of liquidity are expected to include funding our operations, including personnel costs, technology and infrastructure costs, working capital requirements, capital expenditures and other general corporate purposes.

We regularly evaluate our liquidity requirements, including our expected operating expenses, capital requirements and contractual obligations, based on our current operating plans and expectations. Based on our current working capital, operating plan and forecasted cash requirements, we believe that our existing cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities will be sufficient to meet our working capital requirements, anticipated capital expenditures and other cash requirements for at least the next 12 months from the date of issuance of these financial statements.

Our estimates of future cash requirements and available liquidity are based on estimates and assumptions and our actual cash requirements may differ materially from our current expectations. Our future capital requirements will depend on numerous factors, including our operating performance, the timing and extent of expenditures in support of our business strategy, our ability to generate revenue and cash flows from operations, and other factors described under “Risk Factors.” We may from time to time seek additional financing through the issuance of equity or debt securities or other financing arrangements to support our business strategy or for other corporate purposes. However, our current operating plan does not depend upon obtaining additional financing to meet our obligations for at least the next 12 months from the date of issuance of these financial statements.

### Cash Flows for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2026 and 2025

The following table summarizes the change in cash and cash equivalents balances for the periods presented (dollars in thousands) (Unaudited):

|                                                          | Six Months<br>Ended June 30, |               |
|----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|
|                                                          | 2026                         | 2025          |
| Net cash used in operating activities                    | \$ (4,724)                   | \$ (3,995)    |
| Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities      | (7,617)                      | 796           |
| Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities      | (922)                        | 2,364         |
| Net decrease in cash                                     | (13,263)                     | (835)         |
| <b>Cash and cash equivalents, at beginning of period</b> | <b>14,390</b>                | <b>1,310</b>  |
| <b>Cash and cash equivalents, at end of period</b>       | <b>\$ 1,127</b>              | <b>\$ 475</b> |

### Cash Flows from Operating Activities.

Net cash used in operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2026, primarily reflected our GAAP net loss, net of adjustments to reconcile net GAAP loss to net cash used in operating activities, which included noncash stock compensation charges of \$2.1 million, depreciation and amortization charges of \$1.5 million, change in fair value of warrant liabilities of (\$4,000), amortization/accretion of premium/discount on marketable securities of (\$21,000), the noncash write off of deferred financing costs of \$600,000, and net changes in working capital of (\$476,000). Changes in working capital primarily reflected the impact of the management and settlement of receivables and payables in the ordinary course.

Net cash used in operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2025, primarily reflected our GAAP net loss, net of adjustments to reconcile net GAAP loss to net cash used in operating activities, which included noncash stock compensation charges of \$759,000, depreciation and amortization charges of \$1.1 million, net changes in fair value of certain liabilities of (\$560,000), noncash gain on sale of Minehut assets of (\$152,000) and net changes in working capital of \$1.9 million. Changes in working capital primarily reflected the impact of the management and settlement of receivables and payables in the ordinary course.

### Cash Flows from Investing Activities.

Cash flows from investing activities were comprised of the following for the periods presented (dollars in thousands) (Unaudited):

|                                                                 | Six Months Ended<br>June 30, |               |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|
|                                                                 | 2026                         | 2025          |
| Cash paid in connection with Misfits Transaction                | \$ (1,500)                   | \$ -          |
| Cash paid in connection with Bounce Acquisition                 | (100)                        | -             |
| Investment in Roblox digital property                           | (165)                        | -             |
| Investment in Solsten Inc.                                      | (200)                        | -             |
| Investment in marketable securities, available-for-sale         | (8,982)                      | -             |
| Proceeds from sale of marketable securities, available-for-sale | 3,395                        | -             |
| Proceeds from sale of Mineville Assets                          | -                            | 350           |
| Proceeds from sale of Minehut Assets                            | -                            | 656           |
| Capitalization of software development costs                    | (40)                         | (200)         |
| Other                                                           | (25)                         | (10)          |
| <b>Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities</b>      | <b>\$ (7,617)</b>            | <b>\$ 796</b> |

### Acquisition of Misfits Ads Assets

At the Misfits Closing, the Company paid the following consideration for the Misfits Purchased Assets: (i) a cash payment in the amount of \$1.5 million (the “*Misfits Closing Cash Consideration*”), (ii) 26,768 shares of common stock (the “*Misfits Closing Shares*”), (iii) a pre-funded common stock purchase warrant to purchase 509,682 shares of common stock (the “*Misfits Pre-Funded Warrant*,” and the shares issuable upon exercise of the Misfits Pre-Funded Warrant, the “*Misfits PFW Shares*”), and (iv) a common stock purchase warrant to purchase 536,450 shares of common stock, with an exercise price of \$18.00 (the “*Misfits Warrant*,” and the shares issuable upon exercise of the Misfits Warrant, the “*Misfits Warrant Shares*”) (the Misfits Closing Shares, the Misfits PFW Shares, and the Misfits Warrant Shares collectively, the “*Misfits Closing Share Consideration*”). Pursuant to the terms and subject to the conditions of the Misfits Purchase Agreement, on the one-year anniversary of the Misfits Closing, the Company will pay an additional cash payment in the amount of \$300,000 (the “*Delayed Cash Payment*”).

### Acquisition of Let’s Bounce

On the Bounce Effective Date, the Company acquired Bounce, a marketing technology company focused on enabling scalable, measurable brand engagement inside gaming and UGC environments. The total purchase price for Bounce, which was structured as an asset acquisition, was \$200,000, payable as follows: (a) \$75,000 at closing; (b) \$25,000 on the three-month anniversary of closing; and (c) \$100,000 on the six-month anniversary of closing. In addition, pursuant to the terms and subject to the conditions of the Bounce Asset Purchase Agreement, up to \$325,000 is contingently payable in connection with the achievement of certain net revenue milestones for the Bounce assets acquired during the year ended December 31, 2026. The Bounce Acquisition provides the Company with an existing pipeline of opportunities, enabling more efficient in-game marketing programs, the addition of turnkey loyalty solutions to drive advertiser outcomes, and a roadmap to more automated campaign measurement. Refer to Note 4 for additional information.

### Investment in Hide or OOF! Roblox Game

In January 2026, the Company acquired economic and contractual interests in the Roblox digital property HOO (formerly known as Hide or Die!) pursuant to the HOO Agreement.

Pursuant to the HOO Agreement, the Company transferred total consideration of \$202,000 in exchange for certain rights associated with the Hide or OOF! digital property. The consideration consisted of \$165,000 in cash and 4,326 shares of the Company’s restricted common stock valued at \$37,000. In connection with the investment, the Company obtained (i) a fifteen percent (15.0%) equity ownership interest in Hide or OOF!, (ii) a contractual right to receive fifteen percent (15.0%) of Hide or OOF!’s gross revenue, as paid in Robux post-Roblox split, for the existence of the game, (iii) a contractual right to receive a twelve percent (12.0%) fee on certain direct brand transactions, and (iv) exclusive rights with respect to certain brand partnership opportunities and related placement economics. The agreement also contains a right of first refusal with respect to future sales of equity ownership interests and economic interests in the property. Management evaluated these rights to determine which elements represent distinct assets and how the total consideration should be allocated to the assets acquired. The Company utilized the relative fair value method to allocate total consideration to the identifiable elements based on their relative standalone fair values as of the HOO Effective Date. Refer to Note 4 for additional information.

### *Investment in Solsten, Inc.*

In January 2026, the Company invested \$200,000 in Solsten, an AI-driven audience intelligence company specializing in psychology-based consumer insights, through a SAFE, which provides the Company with the right to receive equity in a future financing event, subject to the terms and conditions of the SAFE agreement. The SAFE does not represent a current equity ownership interest but rather a forward contract to acquire equity upon the occurrence of specified events, including a qualifying equity financing or liquidity event, at which point the instrument will either convert into preferred stock or entitle the Company to receive the greater of its invested amount or the value of the underlying equity on an as-converted basis. The investment is included in other noncurrent assets in the accompanying balance sheets. Refer to Note 4 for additional information.

*Sale of Minehut Assets.* On February 29, 2024, the Company sold its Minehut Assets to GamerSafer as described above. Pursuant to the GS Agreement, the Company will receive \$1.0 million of purchase consideration for the Minehut Assets, which amount will be paid by GamerSafer in revenue and royalty sharing over a multiple-year period, as described in the GS Agreement. During the three months ended March 31, 2025 we received Minehut Purchase Consideration payments totaling \$383,000.

*Capitalized Internal Use Software Costs.* Software development costs incurred to develop internal-use software during the application development stage are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over the software's estimated useful life, which is generally three years. Software development costs incurred during the preliminary stages of development are charged to expense as incurred. Maintenance and training costs are charged to expense as incurred. Upgrades or enhancements to existing internal-use software that result in additional functionality are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over the applicable estimated useful life.

### *Cash Flows from Financing Activities.*

Cash flows from financing activities were comprised of the following for the periods presented (dollars in thousands) (Unaudited):

|                                                                     | <b>Six Months<br/>Ended June 30,</b> |                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
|                                                                     | <b>2026</b>                          | <b>2025</b>     |
| Cash paid in connection with redemption of Series C Preferred Stock | \$ (922)                             | \$ -            |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs       | -                                    | 1,945           |
| Proceeds from notes payable, net of issuance costs                  | -                                    | 4,011           |
| Payments on notes payable                                           | -                                    | (3,518)         |
| Contingent consideration payments – Super Biz Acquisition           | -                                    | (50)            |
| Advances from accounts receivable facility                          | -                                    | 429             |
| Payments on accounts receivable facility                            | -                                    | (453)           |
| <b>Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities</b>          | <b>\$ (922)</b>                      | <b>\$ 2,364</b> |

### *Equity Financings*

On May 30, 2025, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement with certain investors, which provided for the sale and issuance by the Company in a registered direct offering (the “May III Offering”) of an aggregate of (i) 79,750 shares of the Company’s common stock, at a purchase price of \$4.80 per share (the “May III Shares”), and (ii) pre-funded warrants to purchase up to 59,833 shares of common stock at a purchase price of \$4.79 per pre-funded warrant (the “May III Pre-Funded Warrants” and, together with the May III Shares, the “May III Securities”), which represents the per share price for the May III Shares less the exercise price of \$0.00001 per share. The May III Offering closed on June 2, 2025. The aggregate gross proceeds to the Company from the May III Offering were approximately \$670,000, before deducting placement agent commissions and other estimated offering expenses. The Company utilized the net proceeds of the May III Offering for working capital and general corporate purposes, as well as to repay a portion of the Company’s indebtedness.

On May 30, 2025, the Company also entered into a placement agent agreement (the “May III Placement Agent Agreement”) with Aegis Capital Corp. (the “Placement Agent”). Pursuant to the terms of the May III Placement Agent Agreement, the Placement Agent agreed to use its reasonable best efforts to arrange for the sale of the securities in the May III Offering. The Company agreed to pay the Placement Agent a cash fee equal to 8% of the aggregate gross proceeds from the sale of the May III Securities. The Company also agreed to reimburse the Placement Agent for certain expenses.

On May 29, 2025, the Company entered into an underwriting agreement (the “May II Underwriting Agreement”) with Aegis Capital Corp., (the “Underwriter”), relating to the Company’s public offering (the “May II Offering”) of 104,167 shares (the “May II Shares”) of its common stock. Pursuant to the May II Underwriting Agreement, the Company also granted the Underwriter a 45-day option (“May II Option”) to purchase an additional 10,417 shares of common stock (the “May II Option Securities”, and together with the Shares, the “May II Securities”). On May 30, 2025, the Company issued the May II Shares and closed the May II Offering at a public price of \$4.80 per share, for net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$380,000 after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by the Company. The Company utilized the net proceeds of the May II Offering for working capital and general corporate purposes, as well as to repay a portion of the Company’s indebtedness. On May 29, 2025, the Underwriter delivered notice to the Company that it elected to exercise the May II Option with respect to an aggregate of 10,417 May II Option Securities. The closing of the sale of the May II Option Shares occurred on May 30, 2025.

On May 9, 2025, the Company entered into an underwriting agreement (the “May I Underwriting Agreement”) with the Underwriter, relating to the Company’s public offering (the “May I Offering”) of 127,941 shares (the “May I Shares”) of its common stock, par value \$0.001 per share. Pursuant to the May I Underwriting Agreement, the Company also granted the Underwriters a 45-day option (“May I Option”) to purchase an additional 19,191 shares of common stock (the “May I Option Securities”, and together with the Shares, the “May I Securities”). On May 12, 2025, the Company issued the firm May I Securities and closed the May I Offering at a public price of \$6.80 per share, for net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$700,400 after deducting underwriting discounts, commissions and estimated offering expenses payable by the Company. On May 14, 2025, the Underwriter partially exercised its May I Option and purchased an additional 15,441 shares of common stock at a price of \$6.80 per share, before deducting underwriting discounts. The issuance by the Company of the May I Option Securities resulted in total gross proceeds of approximately \$104,999, before deducting underwriting discounts, commissions, and other offering expenses payable by the Company. The Company utilized the net proceeds of the May I Offering for working capital and general corporate purposes, as well as to repay a portion of the Company’s indebtedness.

#### *Series C Preferred Redemption*

On June 3, 2026, the Company entered into a Redemption Agreement (the “Series C Redemption Agreement”) with the sole holder (the “Series C Holder”) of the Company’s Series C Preferred, pursuant to which the Company agreed to pay the Series C Holder a one-time cash payment of \$922,400 (the “Series C Agreement Consideration”) in exchange for the Series C Holder agreeing to (i) the Company’s redemption and cancellation of all 1,153 outstanding shares of Series C Preferred, and (ii) the termination of that certain Equity Purchase Agreement between the Series C Holder and the Company, dated July 10, 2025 (the “Series C Purchase Agreement”), including, without limitation, the termination of any and all agreements, instruments and documents entered into in connection therewith, so that neither the Company nor the Series C Holder shall have any further rights, obligations, or liabilities under the Series C Purchase Agreement (“Series C Redemption”). The Series C Redemption Agreement further contains a release by each of the Company and the Series C Holder releasing the other party from any and all claims, demands, actions, causes of action, liabilities, damages, costs, and expenses of any kind or nature whatsoever, whether known or unknown, arising out of or relating to the Series C Preferred or the Series C Purchase Agreement. On June 8, 2026, the Company paid the Series C Agreement Consideration to the Series C Holder in full satisfaction of its obligations under the Series C Redemption Agreement.

#### *Debt Financings*

##### *Agile I*

On November 8, 2024 (the “Agile I Effective Date”), the Company entered into a loan agreement with Agile Capital Funding, LLC, as collateral agent (“Agile”) (the “Agile I Loan Agreement”), pursuant to which the Company issued to Agile a Confessed Judgment Secured Promissory Note for an aggregate value of \$1.85 million (the “Agile I Note”). Pursuant to the Agile I Loan Agreement, (i) the Agile I Note matured 28 weeks from the Agile I Effective Date; (ii) carried an aggregate total interest payment of approximately \$0.78 million (the “Applicable Rate”), and (iii) immediately upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default (as defined in the Agile I Loan Agreement), interest accrued at a fixed per annum rate equal to the Applicable Rate plus five percent, or 42%. The Company was required to repay all the obligations due under the Agile I Loan Agreement and the Agile I Note in 28 equal payments of \$93,821 with the first payment being made to Agile on November 14, 2024, and every seven days thereafter until the Maturity Date. The proceeds received from the Agile I Note were used to fund general working capital needs.

On February 10, 2025, in connection with entering into the Agile II Loan Agreement as described below, the Company paid the remaining balance of the Agile I Note, including interest for the remaining term, totaling \$1.5 million.

##### *Agile II*

On February 10, 2025 (the “Agile II Effective Date”), the Company entered into a Business Loan and Security Agreement (the “Agile II Loan Agreement”), with Agile Capital Funding, LLC as collateral agent (“Collateral Agent”), and, pursuant to which the Company issued to Agile a Confessed Judgment Secured Promissory Note for an aggregate value of \$2.5 million (the “Agile II Note”). Pursuant to the Agile II Loan Agreement, (i) the Agile II Note matures 32 weeks from the Agile II Effective Date; (ii) carried an aggregate total interest payment of approximately \$1.05 million, and (iii) immediately upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default (as defined in the Agile II Loan Agreement), interest would accrue at a fixed per annum rate equal to the applicable rate plus five percent, or 42%. The Company was required to repay all the obligations due under the Agile II Loan Agreement and the Agile II Note in 32 equal payments of \$110,937, with the first payment being made to Agile on February 17, 2025, and every seven days thereafter until the maturity date. The proceeds received from the Agile II Note will be used to fund general working capital needs.

In connection with entering into the Agile II Loan Agreement, the Company was required to pay an administrative fee of \$125,000 to the Collateral Agent, which was paid at the closing out of proceeds of the issuance of the Agile II Note and expensed in “other income (expense)” in the statements of comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2025. \$1.5 million of the Agile II Note was used to repay the remaining balance of principal and interest under the Agile I Note, with net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$875,000.

On July 10, 2025, the Company entered into an exchange agreement (the “Agile Exchange Agreement”) with Agile, pursuant to which the Company and Agile agreed that in exchange for the surrender and forgiveness of the Agile II Note, dated February 7, 2025, with the remaining amount of principal and interest thereunder being \$1,331,250, Agile received (a) 3,678 shares of common stock (the “Agile Exchange Shares”), (b) pre-funded warrants to purchase 14,419 shares of common stock (the “Agile Pre-Funded Warrants”), and collectively with the Agile Exchange Shares, the “Agile Exchange Securities”), with the Agile Exchange Securities valued at a price of \$68.04, such amount above the Nasdaq Minimum Price, and (c) four equal cash payments of \$25,000 to Agile, totaling \$100,000.

The July 10, 2025 exchange of the balance of the Agile II Note for shares of the Company’s common stock was accounted for as an extinguishment of the Agile II Note, resulting in the derecognition of the related liability and the recording of the fair value of the equity securities and other assets exchanged on the date of settlement. The Agile II Note was accounted for under the FVO, and therefore, the carrying amount of the Agile II Note immediately prior to settlement represented its fair value at the settlement date. The fair value of the common stock and cash payments exceeded the fair value of the Agile II Note on the date of the exchange resulting in a loss on extinguishment of a liability totaling \$256,000, which was included in other income (expense) in the statements of comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2025.

#### *1800 Diagonal Lending I*

On March 26, 2025 (the “Diagonal Effective Date”), the Company and 1800 Diagonal Lending, LLC, a Virginia limited liability company, or registered assignees entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement, pursuant to which the Company issued a Convertible Promissory Note in the principal amount of \$300,000, for which the Diagonal Note, among other things, (a) matured on December 30, 2025 (unless otherwise accelerated upon an Event of Default (as defined below)) (the “Diagonal Maturity Date”), (b) accrued interest at a rate of 10% per annum on the unpaid principal balance from the date the Diagonal Note was issued (the “Diagonal Issuance Date”) until the principal and interest became due and payable, whether on the Maturity Date or upon acceleration by prepayment or otherwise, (c) began to accrue interest on the Diagonal Issuance Date but would not be payable until the Diagonal Note became payable, and (d) interest accrued at a rate of 22% per annum for any amount of principal or interest which was not paid as required under the Diagonal Note, or during an Event of Default.

Pursuant to the Diagonal Note, Diagonal had the right, from time to time, and at any time, during the period beginning on the date which is 180 days from the Diagonal Effective Date and ending on the earlier of (a) the Diagonal Maturity Date, or (b) the date of payment of the Default Amount, each in respect of the remaining outstanding amount of the Diagonal Note into fully paid and non-assessable shares of common stock at a price equal to 75% multiplied by the Market Price (as defined below) (the “Conversion Price”). For purposes of the Diagonal Note (x) the “Market Price” means the lowest Trading Price for the Company’s common stock during the 10 trading ending on the latest complete trading day prior to the Diagonal Conversion Date; (y) the “Trading Price” means the closing price (or bid, if applicable) of the Company’s common stock as listed (or quoted, as applicable) on the principal securities exchange or trading market where it is listed or traded; and (z) the “Diagonal Conversion Date” means the date specified in the applicable notice of conversion, delivered to the Company by Diagonal in accordance with the Diagonal Note.

The Diagonal Note was issued with an Original Issue Discount of 4.75% (the “OID”), with net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$279,000 after deducting the OID, reimbursement of Diagonal’s expenses in an amount equal to \$7,000 (expensed in the statements of operation for the six months ended June 30, 2025), and other estimated offering expenses. The Company used the net proceeds from the offering for working capital and general corporate purposes.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, Diagonal converted an aggregate principal and interest amount under the Diagonal Note of \$320,000 into shares of the Company’s common stock at an average price of \$28.44 per share, resulting in the issuance of 11,334 shares of common stock to Diagonal. As of December 31, 2025, the Diagonal Note was fully extinguished.

#### *1800 Diagonal Lending II*

On May 12, 2025, the Company and Diagonal entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement, pursuant to which the Company issued a Convertible Promissory Note (the “Diagonal II Note”) in the principal amount of \$145,200 (the “Diagonal II Principal”), for which the Diagonal II Note, among other things, (a) matured on February 15, 2026 (unless otherwise accelerated upon an Event of Default (as defined below)) (the “Diagonal II Maturity Date”), (b) accrued interest at a rate of 10% per annum on the unpaid principal balance from the date the Diagonal II Note was issued (the “Diagonal II Issuance Date”) until the principal and interest became due and payable, whether on the Maturity Date or upon acceleration by prepayment or otherwise, (c) interest began to accrue on the Diagonal II Issuance Date but was not payable until the Diagonal II Note became payable, and (d) interest accrued at a rate of 22% per annum for any amount of principal or interest which is not paid as required under the Diagonal II Note, or during an Event of Default. Refer to Note 6 for additional details.

The Diagonal II Note was issued with an Original Issue Discount of 4.75% (the “OID”), with net proceeds to the Company of \$125,000 after deducting the OID, reimbursement of Diagonal’s expenses in an amount equal to \$7,000 (expensed in the statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025), and other estimated offering expenses. The Company used the net proceeds from the offering for working capital and general corporate purposes.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, Diagonal converted an aggregate principal and interest amount under the Diagonal II Note of \$157,000 into shares of the Company’s Common Stock at an average price of \$9.72 per share, resulting in the issuance of 13,084 shares of Common Stock to Diagonal. As of December 31, 2025 the Diagonal II Note was fully extinguished.

#### *Belleau Note Purchase Agreement*

On March 28, 2025, the Company entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the “Belleau Purchase Agreement”) with Belleau Wood Capital, LP, or its assignees (“Belleau”). Pursuant to the Belleau Purchase Agreement, the Company will issue to Belleau a total of three Unsecured Promissory Notes (each, a “Belleau Note” and collectively, the “Belleau Notes”) with an aggregate principal amount of \$1,500,000 (the “Belleau Principal”). Each of the Belleau Notes (x) matured on the date that was 12 months from the date of the issuance of each respective Belleau Note (collectively, the “Belleau Maturity Date”); (y) may be prepaid in part or in full at any time by the Company without penalty; and (z) accrued interest at a rate of 20% simple interest per annum (the “Belleau Interest Rate”, and the dollar value of the accrued interest, the “Belleau Interest”). The Company used the proceeds from the sale of the Belleau Notes for working capital and general corporate purposes.

The Belleau Interest that accrued on each respective Belleau Note was payable on each respective Belleau Maturity Date in the form of restricted shares of the Company’s common stock equal to 20% of the Belleau Principal, calculated at a price per share of \$168.00. In the event of a prepayment of any Belleau Note by the Company, the Belleau Interest would be payable in full at the time of such prepayment.

On August 11, 2025, the Company and Belleau entered into an Amended & Restated Unsecured Promissory Note, pursuant to which the Belleau Principal was reduced to \$1,250,000. The Company used the proceeds from the sale of the Belleau Notes for working capital and general corporate purposes. During the three months ended September 30, 2025, the Company repaid \$250,000 of principal on the Belleau Note.

Effective October 22, 2025, the Company and Belleau Wood Capital, LP (“Belleau”) entered into an exchange agreement, pursuant to which the Company and Belleau agreed (a) to convert the remaining principal amount of \$1.0 million due under the Belleau Note into 83,334 shares of common stock, valued at \$12.00 per share, simultaneous with the close of the October 2025 PIPE (the “Note Exchange Consideration”), and (b) issue Belleau a common stock purchase warrant to purchase the sum of 10,417 shares of common stock, in form similar to the October 2025 PIPE Warrants (the “Belleau Warrants”), except the warrants will be exercisable for a period of two (2) years.

The exchange of the remaining balance of the Belleau Note for common stock and common stock purchase warrants, as described above, was accounted for as an exchange of debt for equity, resulting in a loss on exchange totaling \$1,871,000, reflected in other income (expense) in the statement of comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2025. The Belleau Note was accounted for under the FVO, and therefore, the carrying amount of the Belleau Note immediately prior to the exchange represented its fair value at the exchange date. The fair value of the Belleau Warrants was estimated utilizing Black-Scholes, with inputs including term of 2 years, stock price of \$31.20, volatility of 93% and risk-free interest rate of 3.45%.

#### *Related Party Promissory Note*

On November 19, 2024 (the “RP Effective Date”), the Company entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the “RP Purchase Agreement”) with a non-employee member of the Board (the “Note Purchaser”). Pursuant to the RP Purchase Agreement, the Company issued to the Note Purchaser an Unsecured Promissory Note (the “RP Note”) in the amount of \$1,500,000 (the “RP Principal”), for which the RP Note (i) matured on the date that was 12 months from the RP Effective Date (the “RP Maturity Date”), (ii) may be pre-paid at any time by the Company without penalty, and (iii) accrued interest on the RP Principal at a rate of 40% simple interest per annum (the “RP Interest”). The RP Interest was payable on the RP Maturity Date. In the event of a prepayment of the RP Note by the Company, the RP Interest would be pro-rated for the period the RP Note is outstanding. The Company utilized the proceeds for working capital and general corporate purposes.

On June 13, 2025, the Company entered into an amendment to the RP Note (the “RP Amendment”). Pursuant to the RP Amendment, (a) the maturity date of the RP Note was extended to November 19, 2026; (b) beginning on November 19, 2025, interest no longer accrued on the remaining Principal outstanding; and (c) the Company agreed to make monthly payments of \$175,000, with such payments to start on November 19, 2025, and continue thereafter for twelve months, at which time the RP Note would be paid in full.



## [Table of Contents](#)

On July 7, 2025, the Company entered into an exchange agreement with the Michael Keller Trust (the “Trust”) (“RP Exchange Agreement”), pursuant to which the Company and the Trust agreed that in exchange for the surrender and forgiveness of RP Note, with the principal and interest thereon being equal to \$1,878,082, the Trust would be granted (a) 1,500,000 shares of Series AAAA Jr. Convertible Preferred Stock, and (b) cash payments totaling \$378,000, such payments to be made in equal monthly installments of approximately \$63,000, commencing on October 15, 2025, and concluding on March 15, 2026.

The July 7, 2025 exchange of the balance of the RP Note for shares of the Company’s Series AAAA Junior Preferred Stock was accounted for as an extinguishment of the RP Note, resulting in the derecognition of the related liability and the recording of the fair value of the Series AAAA Jr. Preferred Stock exchanged on the date of settlement. The RP Note was accounted for under the FVO, and therefore, the carrying amount of the RP Note immediately prior to settlement represented its fair value at the settlement date, resulting in a loss on extinguishment totaling \$26,000. The \$378,000 of accrued cash payments were included as a component of the change in fair value of the RP Note for the year ended December 31, 2025, which is included in other income (expense) in the statement of comprehensive income (loss).

### *Account Receivable Financing Facility*

The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively with the Company, the “Borrowers”), entered into a Financing and Security Agreement (the “SLR Agreement”) with SLR Digital Finance, LLC (“Lender”), effective December 17, 2023 (the “Facility Effective Date”). Pursuant to the SLR Agreement, Lender may, from time to time and in its sole discretion, make certain cash advances to the Company (each an “Advance”, and collectively, “Advances”), against the face amounts of certain uncollected accounts receivable of the Borrowers on an account-by-account basis (each, a “Financed Account”, and collectively, the “Accounts”), at a rate of 85% multiplied by the face value of such Account (the “Advance Rate”), less any reserved funds and any other amounts due to Lender from Borrowers, up to a maximum aggregate Advance amount of \$4,000,000 (the “Maximum Amount”)(the Advances on the Accounts is hereinafter, the “Facility”). Upon receipt of any Advance, Borrowers will have assigned all of its rights in such receivables and all proceeds thereof. The proceeds received from the Facility are, and will be, used to fund general working capital needs.

The SLR Agreement is effective for 24 months from the Facility Effective Date (the “Term”), automatically extends for successive Terms (each, a “Renewal Term”), and the Borrowers’ are obligated to pay the Lender an early termination fee in the event the SLR Agreement is terminated under certain circumstances prior to the end of any Term or Renewal Term, as more specifically set forth in the SLR Agreement.

As security for the full and prompt payment and performance of any obligations arising under the SLR Agreement, the Borrowers granted to Lender a continuing first priority security interest in all the assets of the Borrowers. The SLR Agreement also provides for customary provisions, including representations, warranties and covenants, indemnification, waiver of jury trial, arbitration, and the exercise of remedies upon a breach or default. Refer to Note 5 for additional information.

### *Hudson Equity Line of Credit*

On February 14, 2025, the Company entered into an equity purchase agreement (the “Hudson Equity Purchase Agreement”) with Hudson Global Ventures, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company (“Hudson”). Pursuant to the Hudson Equity Purchase Agreement, the Company had the right, but not the obligation, to sell to Hudson, and Hudson is obligated to purchase, up to \$2.9 million of newly issued shares of the Company’s common stock, from time to time during the term of the Hudson Equity Purchase Agreement, subject to certain limitations and conditions (the “Hudson Offering” or “Hudson ELOC”). As consideration for Hudson’s commitment to purchase shares of common stock under the Hudson Equity Purchase Agreement, the Company issued to Hudson 625 shares of common stock, valued at \$159,000, following the execution of the Hudson Equity Purchase Agreement (the “Hudson Commitment Shares”).

From and after the initial satisfaction of the conditions to the Company’s right to commence sales to Hudson under the Hudson Equity Purchase Agreement (such event, the “Hudson Commencement,” and the date of initial satisfaction of all such conditions, the “Hudson Commencement Date”), the Company was able to direct Hudson to purchase shares of common stock at a purchase price per share equal to the lesser of (i) 92% of the closing price of the Company’s common stock, as listed on Nasdaq, on the trading day immediately preceding the respective Put Date (the “Hudson Initial Purchase Price”), or (ii) 92% of the lowest closing price of the Company’s common stock, as listed on Nasdaq, on any trading day during the period beginning on the Put Date (as defined in the Hudson Equity Purchase Agreement) and continuing through the date that is three trading days immediately following the Clearing Date (as defined in the Hudson Equity Purchase Agreement) associated with the applicable Hudson Put Notice (such three trading day period is the “Hudson Valuation Period”, and the price is the “Hudson Market Price”), on such date on which the Hudson Purchase Price is calculated in accordance with the terms of the Hudson Equity Purchase Agreement. The Company controlled the timing and amount of any such sales of common stock to Hudson.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company sold 1,494 shares of common stock, respectively, under the Hudson ELOC at an average per share price of \$163.20, raising net proceeds totaling \$231,000. The Hudson Equity Purchase Agreement was terminated effective May 8, 2025. The Company utilized the net proceeds from the Hudson Offering for working capital and general corporate purposes, including sales and marketing activities, product development and capital expenditures.

### *Other*

On July 29, 2026, the Company entered into a waiver and release agreement with Aegis Capital Corp. (“Aegis”) pursuant to which the Company agreed to pay Aegis: (i) \$0.7 million, which was paid on July 30, 2026, in exchange for a waiver of any and all rights of first refusal arising from prior engagement agreements with Aegis; and (ii) \$0.3 million, to be paid prior to any future financing, in exchange for a waiver of any tail fees associated with the Prior Agreements.



## **Contractual Obligations and Off-Balance Sheet Commitments and Arrangements**

As of June 30, 2026, except as disclosed elsewhere herein, we had no significant commitments for capital expenditures, nor do we have any committed lines of credit, other committed funding or long-term debt, and no guarantees. As of June 30, 2026 we maintain approximately 200 square feet of office space which is leased on an annual basis at a rate of approximately \$3,000 per month.

We have not entered into any off-balance sheet financial guarantees or other off-balance sheet commitments to guarantee the payment obligations of any third parties. We have not entered into any derivative contracts that are indexed to our shares and classified as stockholders' equity or that are not reflected in our condensed financial statements included elsewhere herein. Furthermore, we do not have any retained or contingent interest in assets transferred to an unconsolidated entity that serves as credit, liquidity or market risk support to such entity. We do not have any variable interest in any unconsolidated entity that provides financing, liquidity, market risk or credit support to us or engages in leasing, hedging or product development services with us.

## **Contingencies**

Certain conditions may exist as of the date the financial statements are issued, which may result in a loss to the Company, but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The Company's management, in consultation with its legal counsel as appropriate, assesses such contingent liabilities, and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment. In assessing loss contingencies related to legal proceedings that are pending against the Company or unasserted claims that may result in such proceedings, the Company, in consultation with legal counsel, evaluates the perceived merits of any legal proceedings or unasserted claims, as well as the perceived merits of the amount of relief sought or expected to be sought therein. If the assessment of a contingency indicates it is probable that a material loss has been incurred and the amount of the liability can be estimated, then the estimated liability would be accrued in the Company's financial statements. If the assessment indicates a potentially material loss contingency is not probable, but is reasonably possible, or is probable, but cannot be estimated, then the nature of the contingent liability, together with an estimate of the range of possible loss, if determinable and material, would be disclosed. Loss contingencies considered remote are generally not disclosed unless they involve guarantees, in which case the guarantees would be disclosed.

*Global Leisure Partners, LLC, and Blackwatch Advisors, LLC vs. Super League Enterprise, Inc.* On January 26, 2026, a complaint was filed against the Company in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York by Global Leisure Partners, LLC and Blackwatch Advisors, LLC (the "Plaintiff"). Formal service of process on the complaint occurred on February 12, 2026. The complaint alleges, among other things, breach of contract and related claims arising from the Company's completion of a series of financing transactions during the fiscal year. The Plaintiff seeks unspecified damages, together with interest, attorneys' fees and other relief.

The Company believes the claims are wholly without merit and intends to vigorously defend the action. Based on the Company's assessment of the facts currently known, and after consultation with outside legal counsel, the Company believes that the likelihood of a material loss is remote. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements as of June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025. Litigation is inherently uncertain, and while the Company believes the claims lack merit, an unfavorable outcome could occur. However, at this time, the Company does not see the need to, nor can it reasonably estimate any possible loss or range of loss associated with this matter.

## **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

Refer to Note 2 to the accompanying condensed financial statements contained elsewhere in this Report.

## **Critical Accounting Estimates**

Our unaudited interim condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Preparation of these condensed statements requires management to make judgments and estimates. Some accounting policies have a significant impact on amounts reported in these condensed financial statements. The SEC has defined a company's critical accounting policies as the ones that are most important to the portrayal of a company's financial condition and results of operations, and which require a company to make its most difficult and subjective judgments. A summary of significant accounting policies and a description of accounting policies that are considered critical may be found in the audited financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025, as amended (amended to present the information required by Items 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14 of Part III of the Original Filing in reliance on General Instruction G(3) to Form 10-K, which provides that registrants may incorporate by reference certain information from a definitive proxy statement filed with the SEC within 120 days after fiscal year end), filed with the SEC on March 31, 2026. In addition, refer to Note 2 to the condensed financial statements included in this Report. The following accounting policies were identified during the current period, based on activities occurring during the current period, as critical and requiring significant judgments and estimates.

## *Revenue Recognition*

The Company generates revenue from (i) innovative advertising including immersive game world and experience publishing and in-game media products, (ii) content and technology through the production and distribution of our own, advertiser and third-party content, and (iii) direct to consumer offers, including in-game items, e-commerce, game passes and digital collectibles.

Revenue is recognized when the Company transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services and when the customer obtains control of the goods or services. In this regard, revenue is recognized when: (i) the parties to the contract have approved the contract (in writing, orally, or in accordance with other customary business practices) and are committed to perform their respective obligations; (ii) the entity can identify each party's rights regarding the goods or services to be transferred; (iii) the entity can identify the payment terms for the goods or services to be transferred; (iv) the contract has commercial substance (that is, the risk, timing, or amount of the entity's future cash flows is expected to change as a result of the contract); and (v) it is probable that the entity will collect substantially all of the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the goods or services that will be transferred to the customer.

We make estimates and judgements when determining whether we will collect substantially all of the consideration to which we will be entitled in exchange for the goods or services that will be transferred to the customer. We assess the collectability of receivables based on several factors, including past transaction history and the creditworthiness of our customers. If it is determined that collection is not reasonably assured, amounts due are recognized when collectability becomes reasonably assured, assuming all other revenue recognition criteria have been met, which is generally upon receipt of cash for transactions where collectability may have been an issue. Management's estimates regarding collectability impact the actual revenue recognized each period and the timing of the recognition of revenue. Our assumptions and judgements regarding future collectability could differ from actual events and thus materially impact our financial position and results of operations.

Depending on the complexity of the underlying revenue arrangement and related terms and conditions, significant judgements, assumptions and estimates may be required to determine each party's rights regarding the goods or services to be transferred, each party's performance obligations, whether performance obligations are satisfied at a point in time or over time, estimates of completion methodologies, the timing of satisfaction of performance obligations, whether we are a principal or agent in the arrangement and the appropriate period or periods in which, or during which, the completion of the earnings process and transfer of control occurs. Depending on the magnitude of specific revenue arrangements, if different judgements, assumptions and estimates are made regarding revenue arrangements in any specific period, our periodic financial results may be materially affected.

## *FVO Election*

The Company accounted for certain promissory notes issued, as described at Note 5, under the fair value option election pursuant to ASC 825, "Financial Instruments," ("ASC 825") as discussed below. The promissory notes accounted for under the FVO election are each debt host financial instruments containing embedded features which would otherwise be required to be bifurcated from the debt-host and recognized as separate derivative liabilities subject to initial and subsequent periodic estimated fair value measurements under ASC 815. Notwithstanding, ASC 825 provides for the "fair value option" election, to the extent not otherwise prohibited by ASC 825, to be afforded to financial instruments, wherein bifurcation of an embedded derivative is not necessary, and the financial instrument is initially measured at its issue-date estimated fair value and then subsequently remeasured at estimated fair value on a recurring basis at each reporting period date. The estimated fair value adjustments, subsequent to the issuance date, as required by ASC 825, are recognized as a component of other comprehensive income ("OCI") with respect to the portion of the fair value adjustment attributed to a change in the instrument-specific credit risk, with the remaining amount of the fair value adjustment recognized as other income (expense) in the accompanying condensed statements of comprehensive income (loss). With respect to the promissory notes described at Note 5, as provided for by ASC 825, the estimated fair value adjustments are presented in a respective single line item within other income (expense) in the accompanying condensed statements of comprehensive income (loss), since the change in fair value of the convertible notes payable was not attributable to instrument specific credit risk. The estimated fair value adjustment is included in interest expense in the accompanying condensed statements of comprehensive income (loss).

The fair value of the promissory notes described at Note 5 was estimated based on a calculation of the present value of the related cash flows (i.e. payments of principal and interest based on contractual agreement terms) using a discount rate that reflected market rates and related credit risk. The FVO was elected for the promissory notes described at Note 5 due to the short term nature of the promissory notes and to provide relevant and timely information regarding the current market value of the debt, which is marked to market at each balance sheet date reflecting the effects of market fluctuations and other factors.

Significant judgements and estimates may be required in connection with the determination of whether or not to elect the FVO for specific assets and/or liabilities. In addition, significant judgements and estimates may be required in connection with the determination of appropriate discount rates utilized in connection with present value related valuation techniques. Discount rate assumptions typically reflect the estimated yield to maturity of the debt instrument, incorporating the estimated market-implied rate of return an investor would receive if they held the debt until maturity, and taking into account all future cash flows and the current market price; adjusted for credit risk and market conditions. In addition, judgements and estimates are required in connection with the determination of the portion of subsequent fair value adjustments relate to instrument-specific credit risk, which are reflected in OCI, and the portion of subsequent fair value adjustments that relate to changes in interest rates or other variables, which are reflected in the condensed statements of comprehensive income (loss). Variations in any of these judgements and estimates could have a material impact on our financial results.

### *Accounting for Business Combinations*

We account for our business combinations under the acquisition method of accounting. Identifiable assets acquired, liabilities assumed and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree are recognized and measured as of the acquisition date at fair value. Additionally, contingent consideration is recorded at fair value on the acquisition date and classified as a liability. Goodwill is recognized to the extent by which the aggregate of the acquisition-date fair value of the consideration transferred and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree exceeds the recognized basis of the identifiable assets acquired, net of assumed liabilities. Determining the fair value of assets acquired, liabilities assumed and noncontrolling interest requires management's judgment and often involves the use of significant estimates and assumptions, including assumptions with respect to future cash flows, discount rates and asset lives among other items. In addition, when we have acquisitions where substantially all of the fair value of assets acquired is concentrated in a single asset or group of similar assets, we account for the acquisitions as asset acquisitions.

### *Goodwill*

Goodwill is evaluated for impairment at least annually and more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of a reporting unit may exceed its fair value. The Company operates with a single reporting unit and applies significant judgment in both qualitative and quantitative assessments performed in accordance with ASC 350. In performing these assessments, management estimates the fair value of the reporting unit using a combination of market-based and income-based approaches, if applicable, including consideration of the Company's market capitalization. Determining market capitalization requires judgment, including the selection of an appropriate stock price to use (e.g., point-in-time closing price versus an average or volume-weighted average price over a period surrounding the measurement date), particularly in periods of elevated volatility, low trading volume or other nonstandard activities.

Management also exercises significant judgment in evaluating the extent and duration of declines in the Company's stock price relative to carrying value, including whether such declines are temporary or indicative of a potential impairment. This assessment involves consideration of multiple factors, including the length of time market capitalization has been below carrying value, the magnitude of the decline, overall market and industry conditions, and company-specific performance. The Company has established internal thresholds and policies to assist in evaluating whether a decline is considered other than temporary; however, these determinations require significant judgment and may change based on evolving facts and circumstances. If management determines that it is more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value, a quantitative impairment test is performed, which involves additional estimates and assumptions that could materially impact the amount of any impairment charge.

### **Relaxed Ongoing Reporting Requirements**

We qualify to report as a "smaller reporting company" (as defined in Rule 12b-2) under the reporting rules set forth under the Exchange Act. For so long as we remain an "smaller reporting company," we may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other Exchange Act reporting companies that are not "smaller reporting companies," including but not limited to not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, and being permitted to comply with reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports and proxy statements.

We are subject to ongoing public reporting requirements that are less rigorous than Exchange Act rules for companies that are not "smaller reporting company," and our stockholders could receive less information than they might expect to receive from more mature public companies.

We expect to take advantage of these reporting exemptions until we are no longer a smaller reporting company.

### **ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISKS**

The primary objective of our investment activities is to preserve principal while concurrently maximizing the income we receive from our investments without significantly increasing risk. Some of the securities that we invest in may be subject to interest rate risk and/or market risk. This means that a change in prevailing interest rates, with respect to interest rate risk, or a change in the value of the United States equity markets, with respect to market risk, may cause the principal amount or market value of the investments to fluctuate. For example, if we hold a security that was issued with a fixed interest rate at the then-prevailing rate and the prevailing interest rate later rises, the current value of the principal amount of our investment may decline. To minimize these risks in the future, we intend to maintain our portfolio of cash equivalents and short-term investments in a variety of securities, including commercial paper, money market funds, high-grade corporate bonds, government and non-government debt securities and certificates of deposit.

At June 30, 2026, our short-term investments were comprised of AAA rated money market funds that invest in securities issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies, (included in cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying balance sheets), and direct investments in highly liquid, AA and A-1+ rated, U.S. government securities (included in short term investments in the accompanying balance sheets). Short-term investment balances were zero at December 31, 2025.

In general, money market funds are not subject to market risk because the interest paid on such funds fluctuates with the prevailing interest rate. Accordingly, a 100 basis point increase in interest rates or a 10% decline in the value of the United States equity markets would not be expected to have a material impact on the value of such money market funds. Investments in U.S. government fixed income securities are subject to interest rate risk and will decline in value if interest rates increase. However, due to the relatively short duration of our investment portfolio, an immediate 10% change in interest rates would have no material impact on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. Declines in interest rates over time will, however, reduce our interest income.

#### **ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

##### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

As required by Rule 13a-15(b) under the Exchange Act, our Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) and our Chief Financial Officer (“CFO”) conducted an evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act. Based on that evaluation, our CEO and our CFO each concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act, (i) is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission’s rules and forms and (ii) is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our CEO and our CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

##### **Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in management’s evaluation pursuant to Rules 13a-15(d) or 15d-15(d) of the Exchange Act during the period covered by this Report that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## **PART II**

### **OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

We may from time to time be subject to various legal or administrative claims and proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. Litigation or any other legal or administrative proceeding, regardless of the outcome, is likely to result in substantial cost and diversion of our resources, including our management’s time and attention. There are no proceedings in which any of our directors, executive officers or affiliates, or any registered or beneficial stockholder, is an adverse party or has a material interest adverse to our interest.

As of the date hereof, except as described below under “Contingencies” and Note 7, “Commitment and Contingencies,” we are not a party to any material legal or administrative proceedings.

#### **ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

*Other than as set forth below, management is not aware of any material changes to the risk factors discussed in Part 1, Item 1A, of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025, as amended. In addition to other information set forth in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, you should carefully consider the risk factors discussed below and in Part 1, Item 1A, of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025, as amended, and subsequent reports filed pursuant to the Exchange Act which could materially and adversely affect the Company’s business, financial condition, results of operations, and stock price. The risks described below and in the Annual Report on Form 10-K and subsequent reports filed pursuant to the Exchange Act are not the only risks facing the Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to management, or that management presently believes not to be material, may also result in material and adverse effects on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.*

##### **Risks Related to the Misfits Transaction**

***We may experience difficulties in integrating the assets purchased and contracts assumed in the Misfits Transaction into our business and in realizing the expected benefits of the Misfits Transaction.***

The success of the Misfits Transaction will depend in part on our ability to realize the anticipated business opportunities from combining the Misfits Purchased Assets with our business in an efficient and effective manner. The integration process could take longer than anticipated and could result in the loss of key employees, the disruption of our current and ongoing businesses, tax costs or inefficiencies, or inconsistencies in standards, controls, information technology systems, procedures and policies, any of which could adversely affect our ability to maintain relationships with customers, employees or other third parties, or our ability to achieve the anticipated benefits of the Transaction, and could harm our financial performance. If we are unable to successfully or timely integrate the Misfits Purchased Assets with our business, we may incur unanticipated liabilities and be unable to realize the revenue growth, synergies and other anticipated benefits resulting from the Misfits Transaction, and our business, results of operations and financial condition could be materially and adversely affected.

We have incurred significant costs in connection with the Misfits Transaction. The substantial majority of these costs are non-recurring expenses related to the Misfits Transaction. We may incur additional costs in the integration of the Misfits Purchased Assets into the Company's business, and may not achieve cost synergies and other benefits sufficient to offset the incremental costs of the Misfits Transaction.

***The Misfits Transaction will present challenges associated with integrating operations, personnel, and other aspects of the Misfits Purchased Assets and assignment of contracts, which may have liabilities associated therewith, and which may be known or unknown by the Company.***

The results of the combined company following the Misfits Transaction will depend in part upon the Company's ability to integrate the Misfits Purchased Assets with the Company's business in an efficient and effective manner. The Company's attempt to integrate the Misfits Purchased Assets may result in significant challenges, and the Company may be unable to accomplish the integration smoothly or successfully. In particular, the necessity of coordinating geographically dispersed organizations and addressing possible differences in corporate cultures and management philosophies may increase the difficulties of integration. The integration may require the dedication of significant management resources, which may temporarily distract management's attention from the day-to-day operations of the Company's business. In addition, the integration of the Misfits Purchased Assets may adjust the way in which the Company has conducted its operations and utilized its assets, which may require retraining and development of new procedures and methodologies. The process of integrating the purchased assets and making such adjustments after the Transaction could cause an interruption of, or loss of momentum in, the activities of the Company's businesses and the loss of key personnel. Employee uncertainty, lack of focus, or turnover during the integration process may also disrupt the businesses of the Company. Any inability of management to integrate the purchased assets successfully could have a material adverse effect on the business and financial condition of the combined company.

In addition, the Transaction will subject the Company to contractual or other obligations and liabilities arising from the purchased assets and assigned contracts, some of which may be unknown. Although the Company and its legal and financial advisors have conducted due diligence on the purchased assets, there can be no assurance that the Company is aware of all obligations and liabilities arising from the purchased assets and assumed liabilities. These liabilities, and any additional risks and uncertainties related to the purchased assets and to the Transaction not currently known to the Company or that the Company may currently be aware of, but that prove to be more significant than assessed or estimated by the Company, could negatively impact the business, financial condition, and results of operations of the Company following consummation of the Transaction.

#### **Risks Related to Our Common Stock**

***We have issued certain Common Stock Purchase Warrants and Pre-Funded Common Stock Purchase Warrants in connection with October 2025 PIPE that have provisions that can increase the number of warrants and reduce the exercise price if we complete certain transactions.***

The October 2025 PIPE included the sale of certain Common Stock Purchase Warrants ("October Warrants") and Pre-Funded Common Stock Purchase Warrants ("PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants") to purchase our common stock with initial exercise prices of \$1.00 per share (or \$12.00 per share after giving effect to the 2026 Reverse Split), and \$0.00001 per share, respectively. As of June 30, 2026, approximately 1,666,667 October Warrants remain outstanding with an exercise price of \$12.00 per share, and 888,491 PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants remain outstanding with an exercise price of \$0.00001 per share.

The October Warrants provide, subject to certain exemptions, that if we sell or issue, any common stock or convertible securities, at an effective price per share less than the exercise price of the October Warrant then in effect (a "Dilutive Issuance"), the exercise price of the October Warrant will be reduced to the price of the shares issued or sold in the Dilutive Issuance, down to a floor of \$0.57, or \$6.84 after giving effect to the 2026 Reverse Split. Adjustments to the October Warrants, exercise price and number of warrants may occur if we complete any additional transactions that would constitute a Dilutive Issuance.

Although the holders of the October Warrants and the PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants have ownership limitations, if and when we do issue shares of common stock to holders of the October Warrants and the PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants upon the exercise by the holder, such stockholders may resell all, some or none of those shares of common stock at any time or from time to time at their discretion. Resales of our common stock may cause the market price of our securities to drop significantly, regardless of the performance of our business.

***Provisions of the October Warrants and the PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants could discourage parties from entering into certain "fundamental transactions" with the Company.***

The October Warrants and the PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants may prevent us from engaging in certain transactions constituting "fundamental transactions" unless, among other things, the surviving entity assumes our obligations under the October Warrants and the PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants. These and other provisions of the October Warrants and the PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants could prevent or deter a third-party from acquiring us even where the acquisition could be beneficial to you.

*The October Warrants and the PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants may have an adverse effect on the market price of our common stock and make it more difficult to effect financings or acquisitions.*

To the extent we issue shares of common stock to effect a future financing or other acquisition, the potential for the issuance of a substantial number of additional shares of common stock upon exercise of the October Warrants and the PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants could make us a less attractive investment or acquiror in the eyes of an investor or a target business. Such October Warrants and the PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants, when exercised, will increase the number of issued and outstanding shares of common stock and reduce the value of the shares issued in a financing or to a potential target. Accordingly, the October Warrants and the PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants may make it more difficult to effectuate a financing or increase the cost of acquiring a target business. Additionally, the sale, or even the possibility of a sale, of the shares of common stock underlying the October Warrants and the PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants could have an adverse effect on the market price for our securities or on our ability to obtain future financing. If and to the extent the October Warrants and the PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants are exercised, you will experience dilution to your holdings.

*We will not receive any additional material funds upon the exercise of the PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants.*

The PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants may be exercised by way of cashless exercise, meaning that the holder may not pay a cash purchase price upon exercise, but instead would receive upon such exercise the net number of shares of our common stock determined according to the formula set forth in the PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants. Accordingly, we will likely not receive any additional funds upon the exercise of the PIPE Pre-Funded Warrants.

**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**

No unregistered securities were issued during the three months ended June 30, 2026 that are not disclosed herein or that were not previously reported.

**ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES**

None.

**ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

None.

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

## (b) Exhibits

| Exhibit No. | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                | Incorporation by Reference                                                      |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3.1         | <a href="#">Certificate of Cancellation of Designation of Series AA Preferred Stock</a>                                                                                                                    | Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 27, 2026  |
| 3.2         | <a href="#">Certificate of Cancellation of Designation of Series AAA-2 Junior Preferred Stock</a>                                                                                                          | Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on June 9, 2026  |
| 3.3         | <a href="#">Certificate of Cancellation of Designation of Series C Senior Preferred Stock</a>                                                                                                              | Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on June 9, 2026  |
| 10.1        | <a href="#">Brand Partnership Agreement by and between Super League Enterprise, Inc. and Esports Now, LLC, dated May 1, 2026</a>                                                                           | Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 6, 2026  |
| 10.2        | <a href="#">Redemption Agreement, dated June 3, 2026, by and between Super League Enterprise, Inc., and Yield Point NY, LLC</a>                                                                            | Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on June 9, 2026 |
| 10.3**      | <a href="#">Waiver and Release Agreement by and between Super League Enterprise, Inc., and Aegis Capital Corp., dated July 29, 2026</a>                                                                    |                                                                                 |
| 31.1        | <a href="#">Certification of the Principal Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>                                                                                |                                                                                 |
| 31.2        | <a href="#">Certification of the Principal Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>                                                                                |                                                                                 |
| 32.1        | <a href="#">Certification of the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a> |                                                                                 |
| 101.INS     | Inline XBRL Instance Document - The instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.                                     |                                                                                 |
| 101.SCH     | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                 |
| 101.CAL     | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                 |
| 101.DEF     | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                 |
| 101.LAB     | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                 |
| 101.PRE     | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                 |
| 104         | Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL Document and included in Exhibit 101)                                                                                                    |                                                                                 |

\*\* Certain portions of this exhibit have been omitted as the Company has determined (i) the omitted information is not material and (ii) the omitted information would likely cause harm to the Company if publicly disclosed.



**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SUPER LEAGUE ENTERPRISE, INC.

By /s/ Matt Edelman  
Matt Edelman  
*Chief Executive Officer*  
*(Principal Executive Officer)*

By /s/ Clayton Haynes  
Clayton Haynes  
*Chief Financial Officer*  
*(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)*

Date: August 14, 2026



July 29, 2026

**CONFIDENTIAL; VIA EMAIL ONLY**

Robert Eide  
Chief Executive Officer  
Aegis Capital Corp.  
1345 Avenue of the Americas, 27th Floor  
New York, NY 10105

Re: Right of First Refusal Waiver; Release

Dear Bob:

This letter sets forth the terms of the agreement (the "Agreement") between Super League Enterprise, Inc. ("Super League") and Aegis Capital Corp. ("Aegis") regarding certain matters. The parties acknowledge and agree that entry into this Agreement is an express condition of the payment by Super League to Aegis as set forth in Section 5 herein below.

**1. Definitions; Survival.**

- a. Terms not otherwise defined in this Agreement shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the July 10, 2025 Engagement Agreement (the "July 2025 Engagement Agreement"), by and between Super League and Aegis.
- b. The rights of Aegis or any of its affiliates to receive warrant exercise fees from the proceeds of the cash exercise of certain warrants purchased by investors (when and if any such warrants are exercised) shall continue for the remaining warrant exercise periods with respect to each of the warrants and in the amounts set forth in Schedule I attached hereto. Aegis hereby represents and warrants that Schedule I constitutes the true, correct and complete list of all of the warrants and warrant exercise fees that may be payable (when and if any such warrants are exercised), pursuant to which Aegis or any of its affiliates is or may be entitled to any warrant exercise fees, payments, compensation or similar rights with respect to warrants issued by Super League or any of its affiliates.

**2. Irrevocable Waiver of Right of First Refusal and Tail Rights; Prior Agreements.**

- a. Effective upon receipt of the Guaranteed Payment and the Legal Expenses (as defined in Sections 5(a) and 5(c), respectively), Aegis, on behalf of itself and each Releasor (as defined below), expressly provides a complete and irrevocable waiver of the Right of First Refusal set forth in Section 7 (*Right of First Refusal*) of the July 2025 Engagement Agreement ("ROFR Waiver"), which expired on July 9, 2026. For the avoidance of doubt, the ROFR Waiver applies to any transaction or financing discussed, pursued, negotiated, contemplated, involving, entered into or closed by Super League. Super League shall have no obligation to Aegis in connection with any of the foregoing or any other matter.
-

- b. Effective upon receipt of the Guaranteed Payment, Contingent Payment and Legal Expenses (as defined in Sections 5(a), 5(b) and 5(c), respectively), Aegis, on behalf of itself and each Releasor (as defined below), expressly provides a complete and irrevocable waiver of its rights pursuant to (1) Section 4 (Term and Tail Provisions) of the July 2025 Engagement Agreement, which otherwise shall expire as of 11:59 p.m. (Eastern time) on July 6, 2027; (2) Section 8 (Tail Financing) of the Engagement Agreement, dated as of September 19, 2025, by and between Aegis and Super League (the “September 2025 Engagement Agreement”), which otherwise shall expire as of 11:59 p.m. (Eastern time) on July 6, 2027 (which, for the avoidance of doubt and in accordance with the terms thereof, expressly excludes Evo Fund (including any affiliates thereof and/or any entity related thereto created or managed by Evo Fund)); (3) Section 8 (Tail Financing) of the Placement Agent Agreement, dated as of May 30, 2025, by and between Aegis and Super League (the “Placement Agent Agreement”), which otherwise shall expire as of 11:59 p.m. (Eastern time) on November 30, 2026; (4) Section 11.2 (Termination) of the Underwriting Agreement, dated as of May 29, 2025 (the “May 29, 2025 Underwriting Agreement”), which otherwise shall expire as of 11:59 p.m. (Eastern time) on November 29, 2026; and (5) Section 11.2 (Termination) of the Underwriting Agreement, dated as of May 9, 2025 (the “May 9, 2025 Underwriting Agreement”), which otherwise shall expire as of 11:59 p.m. (Eastern time) on November 12, 2026 (such agreements in clauses (1) through (5), collectively, the “Prior Agreements”, and such rights thereunder, collectively, the “Fee Rights”, and the waiver to all Fee Rights associated with all Prior Agreements, collectively, the “Tail Waiver”). Aegis further acknowledges and agrees that, as of the date of this Agreement, the Prior Agreements constitute all of the agreements pursuant to which Aegis or any of its affiliates is or may be entitled to any tail financing payments, compensation or other rights with respect to Super League or any of its affiliates.

3. **Release**

- a. Effective upon receipt of the Guaranteed Payment, Contingent Payment and Legal Expenses (as defined in Sections 5(a), 5(b) and 5(c), respectively), Aegis, on behalf of itself and each of its past, present and future affiliates (as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), and including, for the avoidance of doubt, any person who controls Aegis within the meaning of Section 15 of the Securities Act or Section 20 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”)), and each of its and their respective securityholders, directors, officers, managers, members, partners, employees, agents, sub-agents, representatives, successors and assigns, in any and all capacities, including as a past, present or future financial advisor, underwriter, placement agent, arranger, representative and securityholder of Super League, as applicable (collectively, the “Releasors”), irrevocably releases and waives and forever discharges Super League and each of its past, present and future affiliates, securityholders, directors, officers, managers, members, partners, employees, agents, representatives, predecessors, successors and assigns (individually, a “Releasee”, and collectively, the “Releasees”) from:

- i. **General.** Any and all actions, causes of action, claims, demands, debts, damages, costs, losses, expenses, penalties, obligations, judgments, compensation, rights, obligations and liabilities of any kind or nature whatsoever, including, without limitation, any claims alleging fraud, intentional misconduct, gross negligence, breach, bad faith, misrepresentation, omission, reliance, unfair dealing, conflicts of interest or similar theories, whether at law or in equity or otherwise, known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, accrued or unaccrued, direct or derivative, contingent or otherwise (collectively, “Claims”), which the Releasors now have, may ever have had in the past or may have in the future against any of the respective Releasees by reason of any act, omission, transaction, occurrence, conduct, circumstance, condition, harm, matter, cause or thing that has occurred or existed at any time, (x) from the beginning of time, up to, and including, the date of this Agreement that arises from, out of, is based upon or relates to any matter, act, omission, agreement, relationship, transaction or occurrence existing or occurring prior to the date of this Agreement, or (y) that arises from, out of, is based upon or relates to any matter, act, omission, agreement, relationship, transaction or occurrence contemplated by or related to this Agreement, the Prior Agreements or any offering or other documents in relation thereto, and all Claims that the Releasors may have against any of the Releasees with respect to the foregoing clauses, whether pursuant to any contract or agreement, breach or alleged breach of fiduciary duty (including if Super League becomes insolvent) or otherwise; for the avoidance of doubt, this Section 3(a)(i) expressly supersedes all agreements in clauses (x) and (y) (including any provisions regarding the enforceability thereof) with respect to the subject matter of this Section 3(a)(i);
- ii. **Warrant Claims.** Any and all Claims which the Releasors now have, may ever have had in the past or may have in the future against any of the respective Releasees by reason of any act, omission, transaction, occurrence, conduct, circumstance, condition, harm, matter, cause or thing that has occurred or existed at any time that arises from, out of, is based upon or relates to any Releasor’s ownership or purported ownership or voting rights, as applicable, of any warrants or other equity interests of Super League, and all Claims that the Releasors may have against any of the Releasees with respect thereto, whether pursuant to any contract or agreement, breach or alleged breach of fiduciary duty (including if Super League becomes insolvent) or otherwise (collectively, “Warrant Claims”); provided, however, that “Warrant Claims” shall not include any claims by Aegis to enforce its rights to receive any warrant exercise fees as set forth in Section 1(b) and Schedule I hereof; for the avoidance of doubt, this Section 3(a)(ii) expressly supersedes all warrants or securities agreements (including any provisions regarding the enforceability thereof) with respect to the subject matter of this Section 3(a)(ii); and

- iii. **Indemnification Rights**. Any and all rights or claims to indemnification, reimbursement, advancement, contribution, exculpation, attorneys' fees, expenses or similar rights, whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, accrued or unaccrued, direct or derivative, contingent or otherwise, which the Releasors now have, may ever have had in the past or may have in the future against any of the respective Releasees by reason of any act, omission, transaction, occurrence, conduct, circumstance, condition, harm, matter, cause or thing that has occurred or existed at any time, from the beginning of time, up to, and including, the date of this Agreement that arises from, out of, is based upon or relates to (x) any of the Prior Agreements or (y) any other agreement, transaction, arrangement or relationship between or among Aegis or any other Releasor, on one hand, and Super League or any other Releasee, on the other hand, existing or occurring prior to the date of this Agreement (collectively, "Indemnification Rights"); for the avoidance of doubt, this Section 3(a)(iii) expressly supersedes all agreements in clauses (x) and (y) (including any provisions regarding the enforceability thereof) with respect to the subject matter of this Section 3(a)(iii).
- b. Effective upon receipt of the Guaranteed Payment, Contingent Payment and Legal Expenses (as defined in Sections 5(a), 5(b) and 5(c), respectively), the Releasors irrevocably covenant to refrain from, directly or indirectly, asserting any claim or demand, or commencing, instituting or causing to be commenced, any proceeding or action of any kind against any Releasee, including for any Claim, Warrant Claim or Indemnification Right, based upon any matter purported to be released or waived by the Releasors in this Agreement.
- c. The Releasors acknowledge that they are familiar with Section 1542 of the Civil Code of the State of California ("Section 1542"), which provides as follows:

A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS THAT THE RELEASING PARTY DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO EXIST IN HIS, HER OR ITS FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE AND THAT, IF KNOWN BY HIM, HER OR IT, WOULD HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS, HER OR ITS SETTLEMENT WITH THE RELEASED PARTY.

Effective upon receipt of the Guaranteed Payment, Contingent Payment and Legal Expenses (as defined in Sections 5(a), 5(b) and 5(c), respectively), the Releasors waive and relinquish any rights and benefits that the Releasors may have under Section 1542 or any similar statute or common law principle of any jurisdiction. The Releasors acknowledge that they may hereafter discover facts in addition to or different from those that the Releasors now know or believe to be true with respect to the subject matter of these releases, but it is the Releasors' intention, subject to this Section 3, to fully and finally and forever settle and release any and all Claims that do now exist, may exist or heretofore have existed with respect to the subject matter of these releases. In furtherance of this intention, the releases contained herein (when such releases are effective upon receipt of the Guaranteed Payment, Contingent Payment and Legal Expenses (as defined in Sections 5(a), 5(b) and 5(c), respectively) shall be and remain in effect as full and complete general releases, notwithstanding the discovery or existence of any such additional or different facts.

- d. In the event of any breach or purported breach of this Section 3 by Aegis or any other Releasor, including, without limitation, if Aegis or any other Releasor asserts, files, pursues or assists any Claim or threatened Claim purported to be released or waived by the Releasors herein, Aegis shall indemnify and hold harmless Super League and each other Releasee from and against, and shall promptly advance and pay each Releasee for, any and all reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses, as such fees are incurred, sustained by or imposed upon the Releasees, in connection with (i) enforcing the terms of this Agreement or the rights of the Releasees hereunder, (ii) obtaining dismissal, withdrawal, release, injunctive relief or other relief with respect to such Claim, or (iii) otherwise defending against, responding to or participating in any proceeding involving, such breach, regardless of the outcome or disposition of such Claim or action.
  - e. Aegis, on behalf of the Releasors, acknowledges and agrees that the Releasees would be irreparably harmed by any breach of this Section 3 and that the Releasees shall be entitled to specific performance, injunctive relief and any other remedy available at law or in equity, without any requirement for securing or posting any bond or proving actual damages in connection with any such remedy.
4. **Waiver of Consent Rights** Effective upon receipt of the Guaranteed Payment, Contingent Payment and Legal Expenses (as defined in Sections 5(a), 5(b) and 5(c), respectively), Aegis, on behalf of itself and each of the other Releasors, irrevocably waives any and all rights to approve or consent to any settlement, compromise, consent to the entry of any judgment or similar action in any pending or threatened Claim in respect of which indemnification may be sought by Aegis or any other Releasor from Super League or any other Releasee, that arises from, out of, is based upon or relates to (a) any of the Prior Agreements or (b) any other agreement, transaction, arrangement or relationship between or among Aegis or any other Releasor, on one hand, and Super League or any other Releasee, on the other hand, existing or occurring prior to the date of this Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, this Section 4 expressly supersedes all agreements in clauses a and b (including any provisions regarding the enforceability thereof) with respect to the subject matter of this Section 4.
5. **Fees; Expenses**.
- a. **Guaranteed Payment**. Super League agrees to pay Aegis the sum of seven hundred thousand dollars (\$700,000.00) (the "Guaranteed Payment") within one (1) business day following execution of this Agreement by both parties, by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the account designated in writing by Aegis in Schedule II. In the event the funds wired to Aegis are not received within such time, confirmation of the initiation of the wire of the Guaranteed Payment within such time shall be deemed timely payment of the Guaranteed Payment so long as Super League delivers a federal reference number for such wire, and the wire instructions match those set forth on Schedule II attached hereto.

- b. Contingent Payment. Super League agrees to pay Aegis the sum of three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000.00) (the “Contingent Payment”) [\*\*\*], by wire transfer of immediately available funds to an account designated in writing by Aegis in Schedule II. In the event the funds wired to Aegis are not received within such time, confirmation of the initiation of the wire of the Contingent Payment within such time shall be deemed timely payment of the Contingent Payment so long as Super League delivers a federal reference number for such wire, and the wire instructions match those set forth on Schedule II attached hereto.
    - i. Notwithstanding Section 2 hereinabove, in the event the Contingent Payment is not paid to Aegis due to the Transaction being definitively cancelled, then in such event the ROFR Waiver herein shall continue to apply.
  - c. Legal Expenses. Super League agrees to pay counsel to Aegis the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00) (the “Legal Expenses”) for legal expenses incurred by Aegis in connection with the review, preparation and negotiation of this Agreement within one (1) business day following execution of this Agreement by both parties, by wire transfer of immediately available funds to the account designated in writing by Aegis’s counsel in Schedule III. In the event the funds wired to Aegis are not received within such time, confirmation of the initiation of the wire of the Legal Expenses within such time shall be deemed timely payment of the Legal Expenses so long as Super League delivers a federal reference number for such wire and the wire instructions match those set forth on Schedule III attached hereto.
  - d. No Duplicate Payments. In no event shall Super League be required to pay, or cause to be paid, any of the fees or expenses set forth in this Section 5 more than once.
6. Financial Advisor. Aegis will not be named as a financial advisor to Super League [\*\*\*].



7. **Confidentiality; Material Non-[ Information**. Both parties agree to maintain the confidentiality of any information shared in connection with this Agreement and the terms hereof, and to use such information solely for the purpose of performing their respective obligations under this Agreement; provided, however, that either party may disclose such information (a) as required by applicable law, regulation, legal process or regulatory authority, (b) to its legal, financial and other professional advisors on a need-to-know basis who are bound by obligations of confidentiality, or (c) with the prior written consent of the other party. Aegis acknowledges that Super League may be required to disclose the contents of this Agreement pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act and/or the Exchange Act, and hereby consents to such disclosure to the extent required; provided, however, that Super League shall provide Aegis a draft of any such proposed disclosure not less than one (1) business day prior to disclosure. Aegis acknowledges that it is aware (and that its representatives are aware or, upon receipt of any confidential information, will be advised by Aegis) that (a) information furnished to Aegis or Aegis' representatives may contain material non-public information regarding Super League and (b) the United States securities laws prohibit any persons who have material, nonpublic information from purchasing or selling securities of a company or from communicating such information to any person under circumstances in which it is reasonably foreseeable that such person is likely to purchase or sell such securities in reliance upon such information; [\*\*\*] constitute material non-public information regarding Super League. Super League agrees that (i) it will not furnish material non-public information to Aegis or its representatives without Aegis's prior written consent, (ii) it will cleanse Aegis of any material non-public information previously shared with Aegis within thirty (30) days following the date hereof (which may be done by filing a Form 8-K, or issuing a press release with respect thereto, or if the Transaction is definitively cancelled by prompt written notification), and (iii) in the event it furnishes information to Aegis in the future without Aegis's prior written consent, then Super League will either confirm that such information does not constitute material non-public information or cleanse Aegis of such material non-public information within one (1) day following furnishment of such information to Aegis.

8. **Governing Law and Jurisdiction**. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York. Any disputes arising out of or in connection with this Agreement shall be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of the State of New York.

Please indicate your acceptance of the terms and conditions of this Agreement by signing and returning a copy of this letter to us.

Sincerely,

Super League Enterprise, Inc.

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Matthew Edelman  
Its: Chief Executive Officer

**AGREED AND ACCEPTED:**

The foregoing accurately sets forth our understanding and agreement with respect to the matters set forth herein.

Aegis Capital Corp.

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name: Robert Eide  
Its: Chief Executive Officer

[SCHEDULES INTENTIONALLY OMITTED]

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Matt Edelman, Chief Executive Officer of Super League Enterprise, Inc., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Super League Enterprise, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report.
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, if any, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 14, 2026

/s/ Matt Edelman

Matt Edelman  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Clayton Haynes, Chief Financial Officer of Super League Enterprise, Inc., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Super League Enterprise, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report.
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, if any, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 14, 2026

/s/ Clayton Haynes

Clayton Haynes  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Super League Enterprise, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2026 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Ann Hand, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Clayton Haynes, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 14, 2026

*/s/ Matt Edelman*

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Matt Edelman  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

*/s/ Clayton Haynes*

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Clayton Haynes  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)